

FILING A COMPLAINT ABOUT A HEALTHCARE PROVIDER In Nova Scotia

When seeking support for an eating disorder, you deserve to receive care that is appropriate, safe, and professional. If you have a concern about a healthcare provider with whom you have worked or are currently working, it is your right to make a complaint.

There are many different healthcare professionals from whom you may receive support during recovery. Some may be **regulated health professionals**, meaning that they are accountable to one of Nova Scotia's many regulatory colleges. While some regulated health professionals work in **hospital-based programs**, others deliver their services through community agencies or private clinics.

There are also individuals providing eating disorder care who are **unregulated**. For example, in Nova Scotia, "recovery coach", "naturopath" and "counsellor" are not regulated titles or professions, and individuals practising these professions are not accountable to a specific regulatory college.

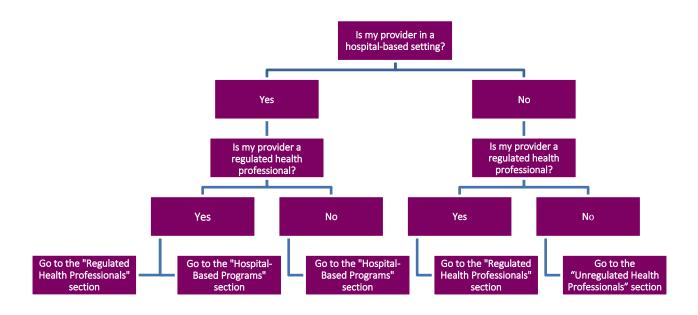
Please note that some regulated professionals may choose to use an unregulated title alongside their regulated one. For example, a social worker may also refer to themselves as a counsellor because it better describes their role to the public. If you are uncertain whether a healthcare provider is regulated, you have the right to ask if they are registered with a regulatory body.

Should I Make a Complaint?

Any eating disorder care provider, regardless of whether or not they are a regulated health professional, should be committed to practising ethically. An ethical care provider prioritizes clients'/patients' safety and strives to avoid causing harm. Some examples of issues that warrant concern are discriminatory attitudes and/or behaviours (e.g., racism, ableism, transphobia, etc.), boundary violations (e.g., inappropriate touch, sexual harassment, sexual assault, etc.), and exploitative fee practices.

How Do I File a Complaint?

Because there are different steps to follow depending on whether your care provider is a regulated health professional, the chart below can help you determine which section of this guide to consult for further information and next steps.



REGULATED HEALTH PROFESSIONALS

Public Registers

Every health professional regulatory body is required to maintain a registry of all licensed professionals. If you are receiving services from a regulated health professional, you can use their professional designation to determine which regulatory body they belong to, and then search that regulatory body's public register for their name or licence number to review details about their registration. For example, you can learn when they first registered with that regulatory body, whether they have any Terms, Conditions, and Limitations (TCLs) on their registration (e.g., if they are required to practise under clinical supervision), and whether they have previously been directed to undergo remedial activities as the result of a disciplinary decision, etc.

Below, you can read more about the professional designations for each Nova Scotia regulatory body*. Click on the name of a regulatory body to find its corresponding public register:

Regulatory Body	Regulated Title(s)	Other Commonly Used Titles
Nova Scotia College of Counselling Therapist (NSCCT)	Counselling Therapist Registered Counselling Therapist (RCT) Registered Counselling Therapist - Candidate (RCT-C)	Therapist** Counsellor**
Provincial Dental Board of Nova Scotia (PDBNS)	Dentist Dental Surgeon	
College of Dental Hygienists of Nova Scotia (CDHNS)	Dental Hygienist	

Nova Scotia College of Dietitians and Nutritionists (NSCDN)	Registered Dietitian (RD) Professional Dietitian Dietitian Professional Nutritionist Nutritionist	
Nova Scotia College of Nursing (NSCN)	Licensed Practical Nurse (LPN) Registered Nurse (RN) Nurse Practitioner (NP) Nurse	
College of Occupational Therapist of Nova Scotia (COTNS)	Occupational Therapist (OT)	
Provincial Dental Board of Nova Scotia (PDBNS)	Dentist Dental Surgeon	
College of Physicians and Surgeons of Nova Scotia (CPSNS)	Physician Surgeon Psychiatrist	Doctor Medical Doctor
Nova Scotia Board of Examiners of Psychology (NSBEP)	Psychologist	
Nova Scotia College of Social Workers (NSCSW)	Registered Social Worker (RSW) Social Worker	

^{*}Please note that this table includes only the most common providers serving the eating disorders community and their corresponding regulatory bodies and does not constitute a complete list of all regulators in Nova Scotia. For more information, please consult the Nova Scotia Regulated Health
Professions Network

Filing a Complaint with a Regulatory Body

Under the *Regulated Health Professions Network Act,* it is the responsibility of each college to protect the public from unprofessional conduct and hold the registrants of its profession accountable for the care they provide. If you have concerns about a regulated health professional, you may wish to file a complaint with their corresponding college. To do so, you must submit a detailed written account of your concerns and give consent to access your clinical file for the purposes of investigation.

Upon receiving a complaint, the college initiates a formal process, adhering to all necessary steps. After reviewing the complaint, the college contacts both the complainant and the healthcare professional under investigation to discuss the details. During this process, the complainant's name and statement

^{**}Some Registered Counselling Therapists may choose to refer to themselves as a "Counsellor" or "Therapist", however not all individuals using the title(s) "Counsellor" or "Therapist" are Registered Counselling Therapists. If you are unsure whether a counsellor is registered, you have the right to ask them or search for their name in the Nova Scotia College of Counselling Therapist's public register.

are shared with the professional to allow them an opportunity to respond. The college listens impartially to both sides and may conduct a formal investigation if deemed necessary. The complainant is kept informed about the complaint's progress and receives a written decision regarding its resolution.

Please note, the process of initiating a complaint may vary slightly between regulatory bodies. For the most accurate, step-by-step information on filing a complaint, please refer to the corresponding regulatory body's website. You can find them linked below.

Resource List

Nova Scotia College of Counselling Therapist (NSCCT)

Homepage Public Register Complaints

Provincial Dental Board of Nova Scotia (PDBNS)

Homepage
Public Register
Complaints

College of Dental Hygienists of Nova Scotia (CDHNS)

Homepage
Public Register
Complaints

Nova Scotia College of Dietitians and Nutritionists (NSCDN)

Homepage
Public Register
Complaints

Nova Scotia College of Nursing (NSCN)

<u>Homepage</u>
<u>Public Register</u>
Complaints

College of Occupational Therapist of Nova Scotia (COTNS)

Homepage
Public Register
Complaints

College of Physicians and Surgeons of Nova Scotia (CPSNS)

<u>Homepage</u> <u>Public Register</u> Complaints Nova Scotia Board of Examiners of Psychology (NSBEP)

Homepage
Public Register
Complaints

Nova Scotia College of Social Workers (NSCSW)

Homepage
Public Register
Complaints

HOSPITAL-BASED PROGRAMS

In a hospital-based program, you may receive care from both regulated and unregulated providers. If you have concerns about a hospital program itself or providers within a hospital setting, start by addressing your concern(s) with the program's manager. They may be able to facilitate discussion between the involved parties and offer a resolution. If you do not reach a satisfactory outcome, you can escalate your concern with Patient Relations (also called Patient Experience) at the hospital. In Nova Scotia, all hospitals have a patient relations process in place. It is a legal requirement that ensures that there is a mechanism for patients, their families, and the public to confidentially voice concerns about their experience or the care they received. This feedback helps hospitals track patient experiences and identify opportunities for quality improvement. Patient relations teams are responsible for responding to patient inquiries, addressing complaints, and working with patients and families to ensure their needs are met during their hospital stay.

Contact information for the Patient Relations department and instructions on how to make a complaint can typically be found on the hospital's website. You are not required to provide consent for Patient Relations to access your personal health information to make a complaint. If Patient Relations is unable to bring forward a resolution, or you are not satisfied with the outcome, you may wish to file a complaint with the Nova Scotia Office of the Ombudsman. However, to do so, you are required to provide consent for the Ombudsman to access your personal health information, which may include anything from your name to your medical history. The Ombudsman may share your personal information for the purpose of facilitating a resolution or investigating the complaint, however, they will never do so without your consent. Your information may be used by the Ombudsman to contact you, bring forward a satisfactory resolution or conduct an investigation if deemed necessary.

Note: For regulated providers working within a hospital-based setting, it is not within the scope of the Office of the Ombudsman to investigate as there is other recourse (i.e., the provider's regulatory college) for making a report or complaint. If you have concerns about an individual regulated provider within a hospital (rather than the entire program itself), it would be most prudent to be in touch with both Patient Relations at the hospital *and* the provider's regulatory college.

An example of the patient relations process at the Nova Scotia Health Authority hospitals can be found at the following link: https://www.nshealth.ca/contact-us/patientfamily-feedback-commentaires-des-patients-et-des-familles

UNREGULATED CARE PROVIDERS

The term "unregulated" does not mean poor service or low standards. However, in the absence of regulation, anyone can claim to be qualified to provide the services being offered without having to demonstrate a certain level of knowledge, skill, and competence. Without a regulatory body responsible for investigating complaints or reports about these providers, it is more difficult to have concerns about such services addressed.

If the unregulated provider you have concerns about is working within an institutional setting, (e.g., a hospital-based program or a community agency or service) your best option is likely to address the concerns with that institution. If, however, an unregulated provider is operating through a Nova Scotia business, you can file a consumer complaint. Please consult the following Government of Nova Scotia webpage for more details: https://beta.novascotia.ca/make-complaint-about-business

Be aware that it is illegal for a care provider to represent themselves as a regulated professional if they are not registered with the relevant college. If a provider falsely claims to be regulated, you may in fact file a report or complaint with the corresponding college. For example, if you have concerns about a "Social Worker" providing you with counselling but whose name does not appear on NSCSW's Public Register, you could contact NSCSW to discuss your concerns.

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Helpline: 1-866-NEDIC-20 (toll-free) or 416-340-4156 (Toronto)

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