



Total Pasta: Unfailing Pointer Programs

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Pasta – Linked List Example

```
list {
    nil();
    cons(int head, ptr tail);
}

-- inserts an element into an ordered list
insert(int i, ptr s) {
    while (s::cons && s->head < i) s = s->tail;
    if (s::nil || s->head > i) *s = *cons(i, copy(s));
}

main() {
    ptr r = nil();
    insert(1, r); insert(9, r);
    insert(2, r); insert(8, r);
}
```

Total Pasta Functions?

- Must not crash

- `if (s :: nil) s = s->tail;`

- Must terminate

- `while (s :: cons) s = s;`

- Don't need to worry about

- arithmetic overflow (no addition in Pasta!)

- recursion (also not in Pasta)

- Assume unbounded memory

Subtype checking

- Subtype annotations
 - `if (x :: cons) ...`
- Subtype assertions
 - `x->tail` requires `x :: cons`
- Can use powerset to represent subtypes
 - $\text{Subtype}(x) \in \{\{\text{cons}, \text{nil}\}, \{\text{nil}\}, \{\text{cons}\}, \emptyset\}$

Type assertions can be discharged by static checking

Termination Checking

- Only has a `while` statement to loop
- There must be one variable that is advanced down an acyclic path during every iteration
 - `while (s :: cons) s = s->tail;`
- Requires an acyclic annotation
 - `list acyclic(tail) { ... }`

My Approach

- B/Z inspired approach
 - Define postconditions for safety
 - Propagate backwards
 - Show the conditions are satisfied
- The Method
 - Assign a postcondition of True
 - Transform post conditions to generate preconditions
 - Total function has precondition of True

Details: Safe and Prec

- $\text{Safe}(\alpha)$ – the conditions for α to be safe
 - $\text{Safe}(s \rightarrow \text{tail}) = s :: \text{cons}$
- $\text{Prec}(\alpha, \beta)$ – the condition β , with α
 - $\text{Prec}(x = y, x :: \text{cons}) = y :: \text{cons}$
 - $\{y :: \text{cons}\} x = y \{x :: \text{cons}\}$

Flow Structures (if)

- $\{\alpha\}$ i f (cond) t; e l s e f; $\{\beta\}$
- $\alpha = \text{safe}(\text{cond}) \wedge$
 $(\text{cond} \Rightarrow \text{safe}(t) \wedge \text{prec}(t, \beta)) \wedge$
 $(\neg \text{cond} \Rightarrow \text{safe}(f) \wedge \text{prec}(f, \beta))$

A small example

```
if (s :: nil || s->head > i)
  {True} *s = *cons(i, copy(s)); {True}
{True}
```

- Now lets expand the || ...

Expanding out the `||`

$\{(s::\text{nil} \Rightarrow \text{True}) \wedge (\neg s::\text{nil} \Rightarrow s::\text{cons})\}$

`if {True} (s :: nil)`

`{True} stmt;`

`else {s::cons} if {s::cons} (s->head > i)`

`{True} stmt;`

Equivalent to: {True}

Ingredients of Checking

- Prec and Safe functions
- A predicate solver
- Fixed pointing for loops
- Check that acyclic property is preserved
- Check all loops terminate

Back to the example

- The precondition to main is True
- The precondition to insert is True
- Both are total functions

- Also tested on Queues, Binary Trees, 234 Trees, for insertion and deletion
 - Proves all to be total functions

Future Work

- Use a mainstream language, i.e. C++
- Extend Pasta with static typing, arithmetic
- Operate on individual procedures
 - Currently it expands them ALL inline
- Make it go faster
 - Some runs took hours (i nsert t in 234 Tree)
 - Profiling gave 20x speedup with ease

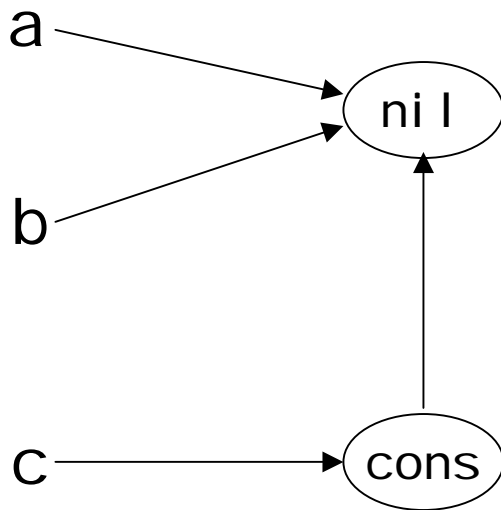


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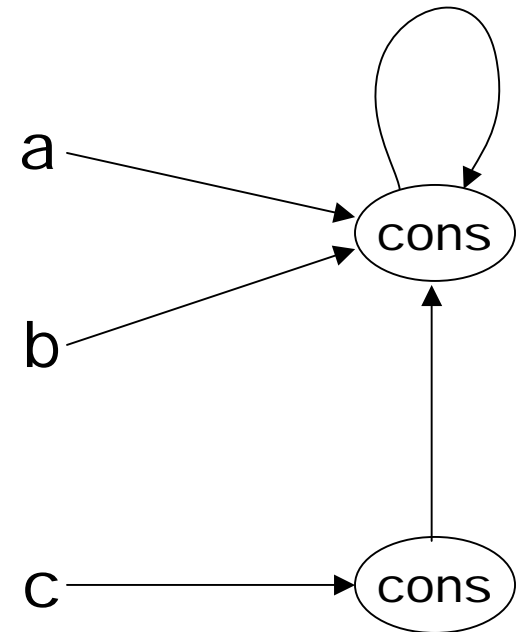
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Starred Assignment



$$*a = *c$$



Notice that the value of b changes, without being mentioned