

GATB in a nutshell

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- NGS technologies produce terabytes of data



- NGS data analysis bottlenecks

1. Time : huge computing power needed
2. Space : many storage units needed (memory, hard disk, ...)

- **GATB** provides efficient and fast NGS algorithms to analyze such data
 - Sophisticated data structures (optimized de Bruijn graph)
 - Advanced hardware implementation (multi-threading, SIMD)
- **GATB** is a software solution available as :
 - An open source C++ library (a.k.a. GATB-CORE)
 - A set of NGS tools based on the library (a.k.a. GATB-TOOLS)
- **GATB** main advantages
 - Allow complex genomes to be analyzed on a mere desktop
 - Fasten the development of new NGS tools

- **GATB** core structure for NGS data
 - De Bruijn graph with very low memory footprint

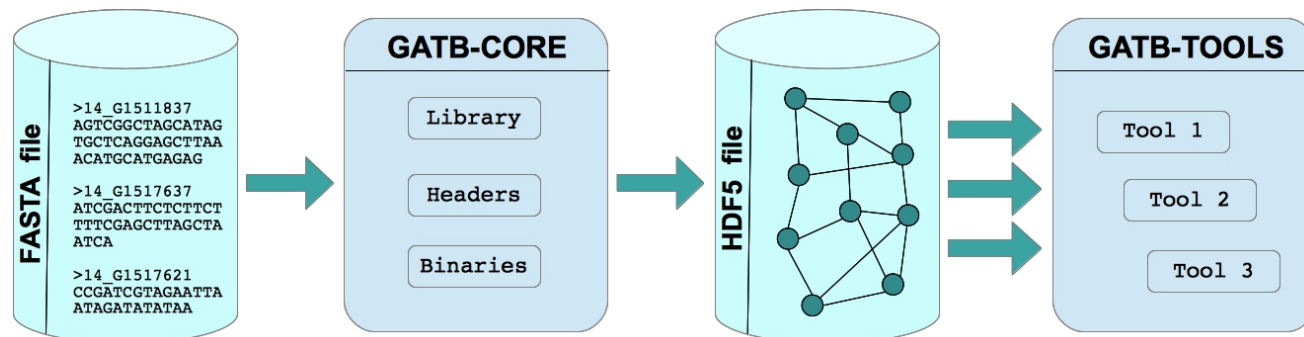
- **Basis for numerous tools**

- Data error correction
- Assembly
- Biological motif detection

Ex:

a whole human genome sequencing reads handled on 4 GBytes of memory

- **GATB** workflow



Some tools based on GATB

- **Minia**

Short read assembler based on a de Bruijn graph. The output of Minia is a set of contigs. Minia produces results of similar contiguity and accuracy to other de Bruijn assemblers (e.g. Velvet)

- **DiscoSNP**

Discover Single Nucleotide Polymorphism (SNP) from non-assembled reads

- **TakeABreak**

Detects inversion breakpoints without a reference genome by looking for fixed size topological patterns in the de Bruijn graph

- **Blooco**

K-mer spectrum based read error corrector, designed to correct large datasets with a very low memory footprint.

Publications

- G. Rizk, D. Lavenier, R. Chikhi, **DSK: k-mer counting with very low memory usage**, Bioinformatics, 2013 Mar 1;29(5):652-3
- R. Chikhi, G. Rizk. **Space-efficient and exact de Bruijn graph representation based on a Bloom filter**, Algorithms for Molecular Biology 2013, 8:22
- G. Collet, G. Rizk, R. Chikhi, D. Lavenier, **Minia on Raspberry Pi, assembling a 100 Mbp genome on a Credit Card Sized Computer**, Poster at the JOBIM conference, 2013 Jul 1-4 (Toulouse) Best poster award.
- K.I Salikhov, G. Sacomoto, G. Kucherov, **Using Cascading Bloom Filters to Improve the Memory Usage for de Bruijn Graphs**, Algorithms in Bioinformatics, Lecture Notes in Computer Science, Volume 8126, 2013, pp 364-376

Partners



Web Site

<http://gatb.inria.fr>