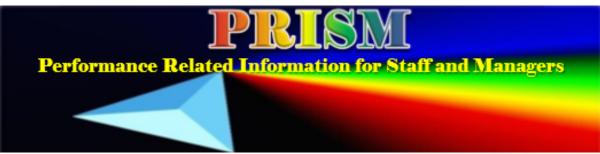


Government of the District of Columbia Department of Behavioral Health (DBH)





Jul-20

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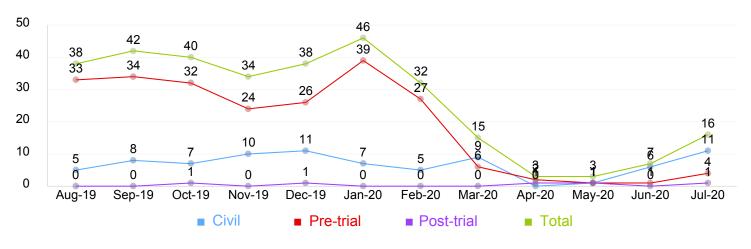
Data Disclaimer

The primary source of data extracted and analyzed herein is Avatar, the Saint Elizabeths Hospital's electronic medical record system. Additional data sources include, but are not limited to, the Hospital's Unusual Incident Database and SiteFM. Data reflect information as entered in each system by users. Data and Performance Management (DPM) has made reasonable efforts to ensure that data and its accompanying information are as accurate and up-to-date as possible at the time of analysis and publication, but does not guarantee the accuracy, reliability, or completeness of data. DPM is not liable for any misinterpretation or misuse of the data. Use of any information from PRISM must be fully acknowledged and/or cited. Use of PRISM data for anything other than patient care determinations or management of the services provided within the hospital (including external publications, research papers, presentations, etc.) is prohibited without written permission from the Chief Quality and Data Manager Officer at the Saint Elizabeths Hospital.

As of May, 2019 a new platform, Microstrategy, was implemented for producing PRISM. At that time, two charts were removed from the report. Admissions vs Patient UI rate was removed because it showed two data points that already existed in other charts and put them together. Percentage of SiteFM Work Orders Completed within 3 Days was removed because it related to internal operations. Data from the appendix tables were integrated into the relevant charts.

Microstrategy is a visualization tool that is linked to the data sources for each chart, so the information is not static. If new information is added for a month that has already been reported on, that update will be reflected in the next month's report.

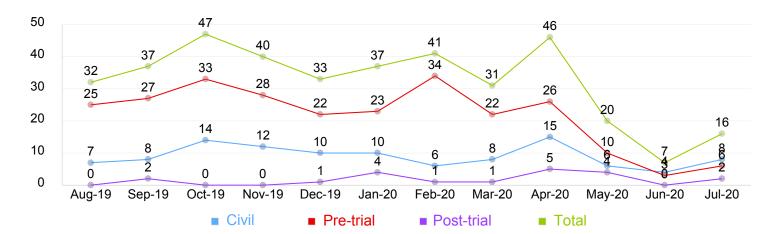
1. Admissions



Metrics							Admissi	on Count						
Legal Status Group	Aug-19	Sep-19	Oct-19	Nov-19	Dec-19	Jan-20	Feb-20	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20	Avg	Total
Civil	5	8	7	10	11	7	5	9	0	1	6	11	7	80
Pre-trial	33	34	32	24	26	39	27	6	2	1	1	4	19	229
Post-trial	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	5
Total	38	42	40	34	38	46	32	15	3	3	7	16	26	314

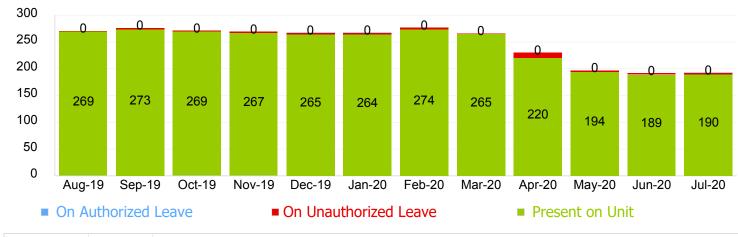
* Number of admissions to SEH inpatient program, including transfers from forensic outpatient to inpatient program.

2. Discharges

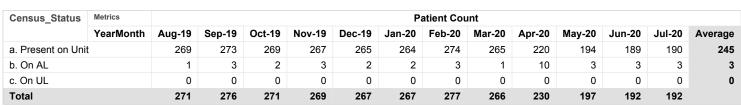


							Discharg	ge Count						
Legal Status Group	Aug-19	Sep-19	Oct-19	Nov-19	Dec-19	Jan-20	Feb-20	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20	Avg	Total
Civil	7	8	14	12	10	10	6	8	15	6	4	8	9	108
Pre-trial	25	27	33	28	22	23	34	22	26	10	3	6	22	259
Post-trial	0	2	0	0	1	4	1	1	5	4	0	2	3	20
Total	32	37	47	40	33	37	41	31	46	20	7	16	32	387

* Number of discharges from SEH inpatient program, including transfers from inpatient to forensic outpatient program.

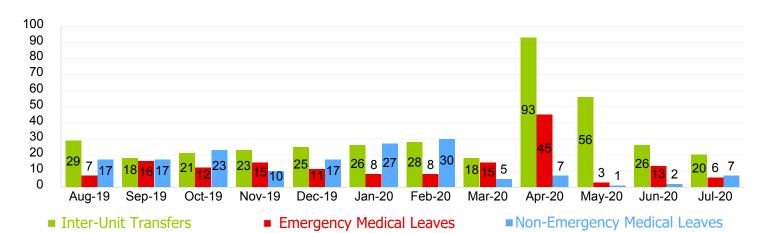


3. Average Daily Census



* Data above is the daily average number of individuals counted at 11:59 PM every day during each month. Census data is tracked via the AVATAR database.

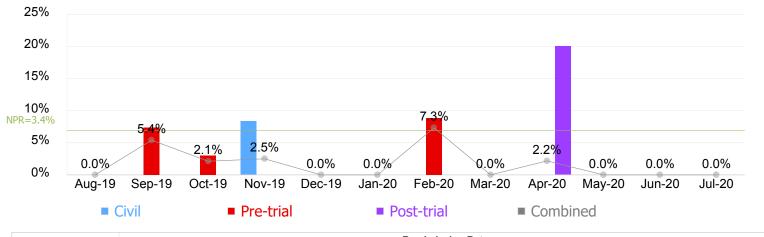
4. Transfers



Metrics	YearMonth	Aug-19	Sep-19	Oct-19	Nov-19	Dec-19	Jan-20	Feb-20	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20	Avg	Total
Inter-Unit Transf	fers	29	18	21	23	25	26	28	18	93	56	26	20	32	383
Emergency Med	lical Leaves	7	16	12	15	11	8	8	15	45	3	13	6	13	159
Non-Emergency	Medical Leaves	17	17	23	10	17	27	30	5	7	1	2	7	14	163
Total		53	51	56	48	53	61	66	38	145	60	41	33		705

* Number of inter-unit transfers that occurred during month and number of emergency medical leaves that were initiated during month. Challenges related to the COVID-19 pandemic required the hospital to transfer individuals in care to assure proper cohorting based on acuity and COVID status (positive, negative, PUI). The marked increase in transfers April 2020 and onward reflects the change to manage suspected and confirmed COVID-19 cases.

5. 30-Day Readmission Rate



						Rea	dmission F	Rate					
Legal Status Group	Aug-19	Sep-19	Oct-19	Nov-19	Dec-19	Jan-20	Feb-20	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20	Avg
Civil	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	8.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.7%
Pre-trial	0.0%	7.4%	3.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	8.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.6%
Post-trial	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.5%
Combined	0.0%	5.4%	2.1%	2.5%	0.0%	0.0%	7.3%	0.0%	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.6%

* Percent of discharges that returned to SEH within 30 days of discharges. It does not include those who may have been re-hospitalized at another psychiatric facility. This measure requires 30-day observation following discharge.

** The post-trial denominators (discharges) per month range only between one and six, making the monthly re-admission rate high when there is any. For example, in December 2014, there was only one post-trial discharge, which was readmitted within 30 days. Thus, the 30-day readmission rate for post-trial discharge at that time was 100%.

Uls

6. Unusual Incidents



* A Major Unusual Incident is any adverse even that can compromise health, safety, and welfare of individuals in care and/or staff. An Unusual Incident is any significant occurrence or extraordinary event deviating from regular routine or established procedure, but does not rise to the level of MUI.

174

162

145

138

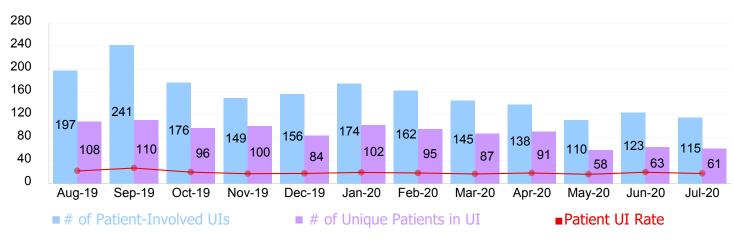
110

125

115

157

1,889



7. Patient-Involved Unusual Incidents

241

176

149

156

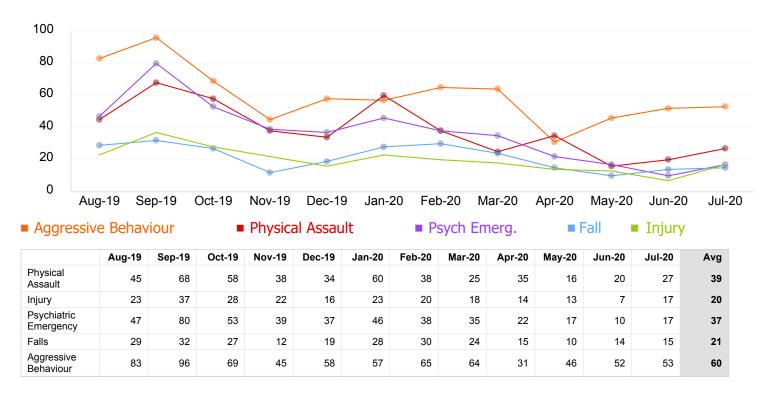
198

	Aug-19	Sep-19	Oct-19	Nov-19	Dec-19	Jan-20	Feb-20	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20	Avg	Total
# of Unique Patients in UI	108	110	96	100	84	102	95	87	91	58	63	61	88	1,055
Patient Involved UI	186	226	169	141	148	163	150	140	129	100	115	106		
Patient UI Rate	22.11	27.21	20.02	17.39	17.80	19.64	18.63	16.91	18.61	16.29	19.87	17.69	19.35	

* The patient UI rate is the number of patient-involved unusual incidents reported for every 1000 inpatient days.

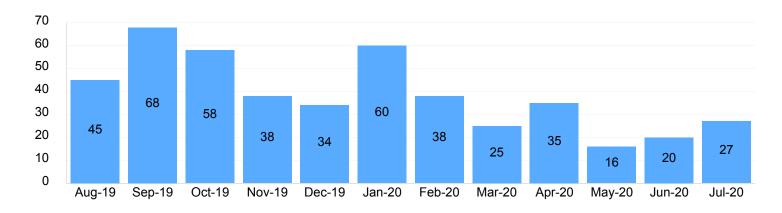
PRISM - Jul-20

8. Selected Types of Incidents



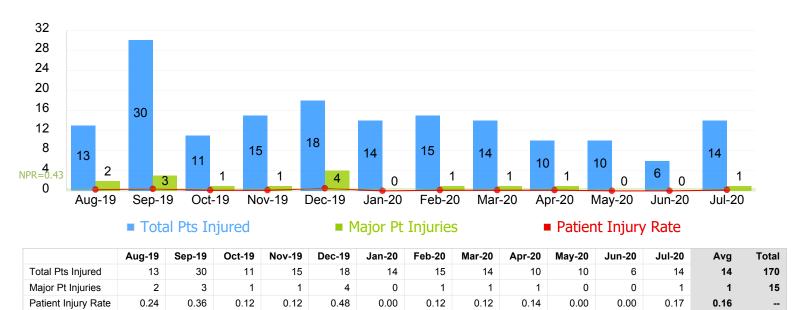
* These are incident types that are frequently reported. Some incidents may be counted in multiple categories. For example, a physical assault incident that accompanied psychiatric emergency and injury as well as under physical assault. Injury is broadly defined to include any type of injury, regardless of the cause or severity level.

9. Physical Assaults



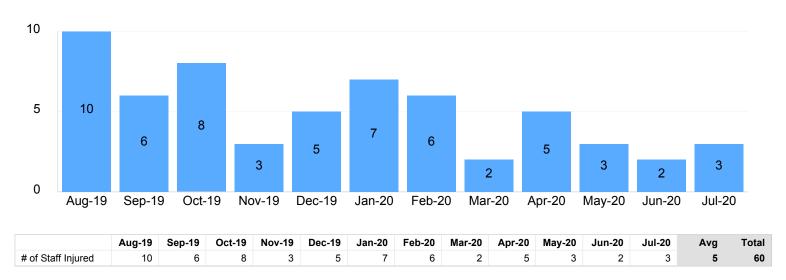
						Physical	Assault						
Aug-19	Sep-19	Oct-19	Nov-19	Dec-19	Jan-20	Feb-20	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20	Avg	Total
45	68	58	38	34	60	38	25	35	16	20	27	39	464

10. Patient Injuries



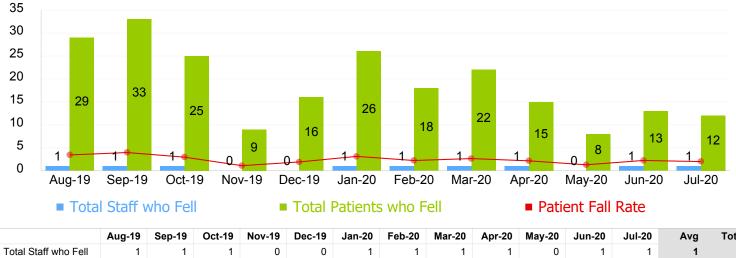
*Injury is broadly defined to include any type of injuries regardless of the cause or severity level. The total number of patients injured represents all of the reported injuries including minor injuries treated with first aid alone. However, the patient injury rate considers only the number of patient injuries that required treatment for minor injuries based on the NRI definition. The patient injury rate is the number of 'major' patient injuries per every 1000 inpatient days.

11. Staff Injuries



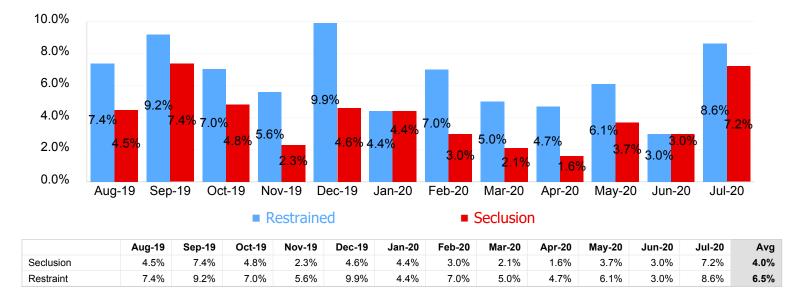
*Injury is broadly defined to include any type of injuries regardless of the cause or severity. The total number of staff injured represents all of the reported staff injuries including treatment for minor injuries.

12. Patient and Staff Falls



	Aug-19	Sep-19	Oct-19	Nov-19	Dec-19	Jan-20	Feb-20	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20	Avg	Total
Total Staff who Fell	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	9
Total Patients who Fell	29	33	25	9	16	26	18	22	15	8	13	12	19	226
Patient Fall Rate	3.45	3.97	2.96	1.11	1.92	3.13	2.24	2.66	2.16	1.30	2.25	2.00	2.43	

* The patient fall rate is the number of patient falls per every 1000 inpatient days.

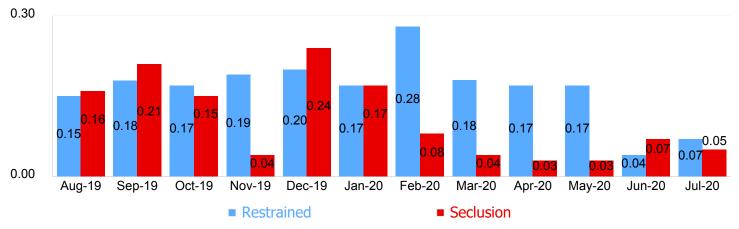


13. Percent of Patients Restrained or Secluded

As of July 2020 the National Public Rates (NPR) are as follows: % of Patients Restrained NPR = 7.749 and the % of Patients Secluded NPR = 2.66.

Percent of unique patients who were restrained at least once and percent of unique patients who were secluded at least once. The denominator includes all individuals who were served in care 1+ day during month.

***As of May, 2019, SEH refined the logic of this calculation to count patients who were restrained via a physical hold and a mechanical restraint only once. Previous logic counted the same person twice if they received both a physical hold and mechanical restraint in the same month.



14. Restraint Hours Rate & Seclusion Hours Rate

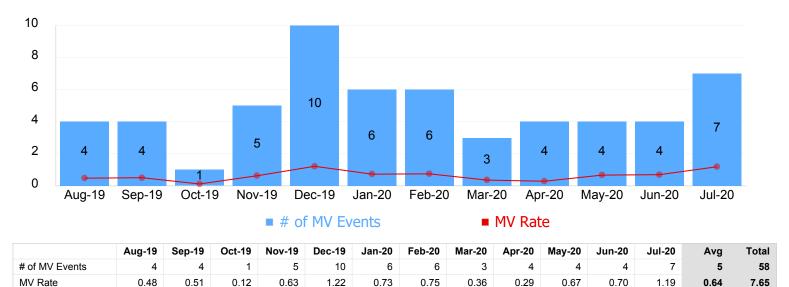
Event Tune							Hour Rate						
Event Type	Aug-19	Sep-19	Oct-19	Nov-19	Dec-19	Jan-20	Feb-20	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20	Avg
Restraint	0.15	0.18	0.17	0.19	0.20	0.17	0.28	0.18	0.17	0.17	0.04	0.07	0.16
Seclusion	0.16	0.21	0.15	0.04	0.24	0.17	0.08	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.07	0.05	0.11

As of July 2020 the National Public Rates (NPR) are as follows: Restraint Hours Rate NPR = 0.406 and the Seclusion Hours Rate NPR = 0.332.

* Restraint/Seclusion Hours Rate: Number of hours spent in restraint/seclusion for every 1000 inpatient hours.

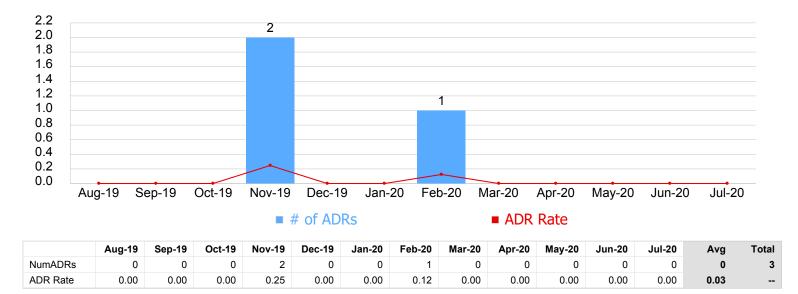
** The duration of each physical hold event is counted as 1 minute as a physical hold is ordered and used only as a temporary intervention that lasts less than a minute to break up any physical conflicts or to administer emergency medications



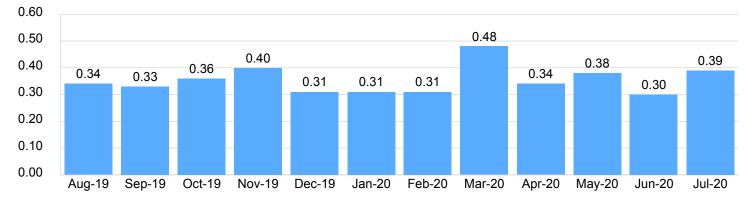


* MV Rate: Number of reported medication variance events that occurred for every 1000 inpatient days.

16. Reported Adverse Drug Reactions & Rate

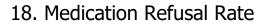


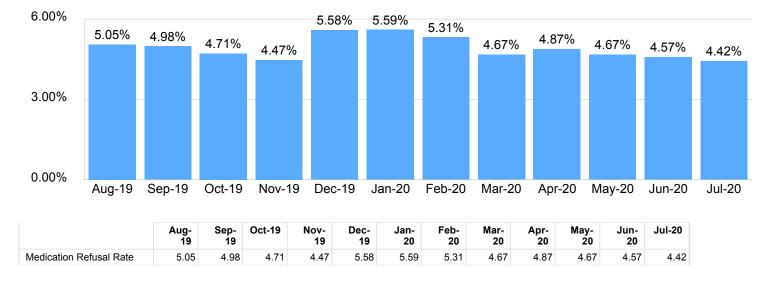
* ADR Rate: Number of reported adverse drug reaction events that occurred for every 1000 inpatient days.



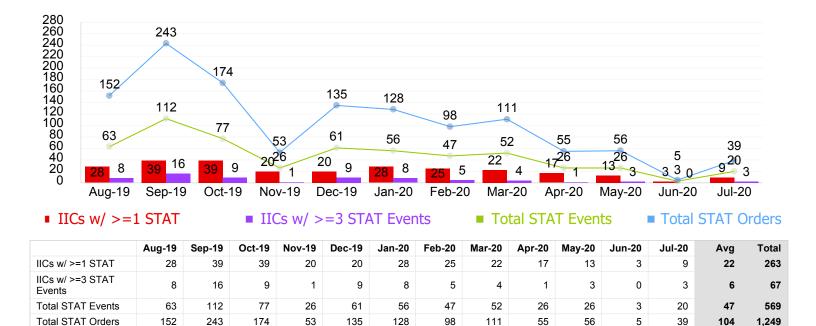
17. Percent of Missing Documentation on Med-Administration

Event Tune							Rate						
Event Type	Aug-19	Sep-19	Oct-19	Nov-19	Dec-19	Jan-20	Feb-20	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20	Avg
PercOfMissingDocumentation	0.34	0.33	0.36	0.40	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.48	0.34	0.38	0.30	0.39	0.35





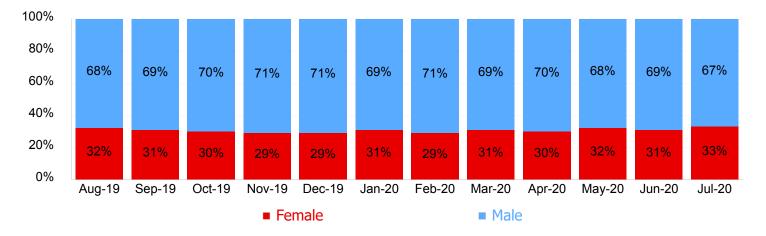
* Medication Refusal Rate: the number of refused medication doses divided by the total number of doses scheduled for administration.



19. Number of STAT Events and Individuals Involved

* A STAT event is an emergency medication prescribed and administered to a person involuntarily.

20. Demographics - Trend of Gender Distribution



Gender							Rate						
Gender	Aug-19	Sep-19	Oct-19	Nov-19	Dec-19	Jan-20	Feb-20	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20	Avg
Female	32%	31%	30%	29%	29%	31%	29%	31%	30%	32%	31%	33%	31%
Male	68%	69%	70%	71%	71%	69%	71%	69%	70%	68%	69%	67%	69%

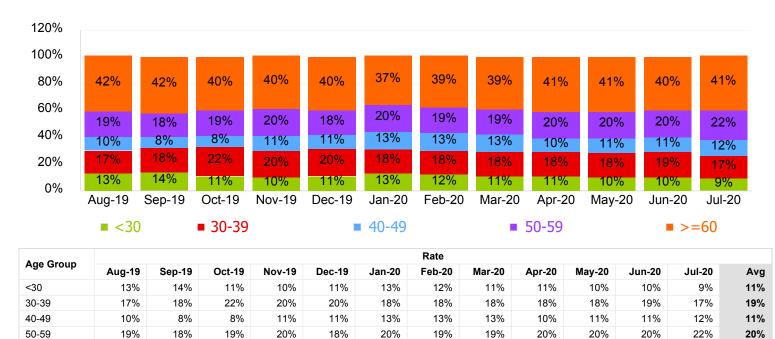
60+

42%

42%

40%

40%



37%

39%

39%

41%

41%

40%

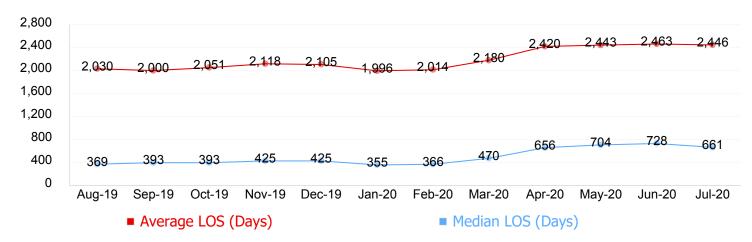
41%

40%

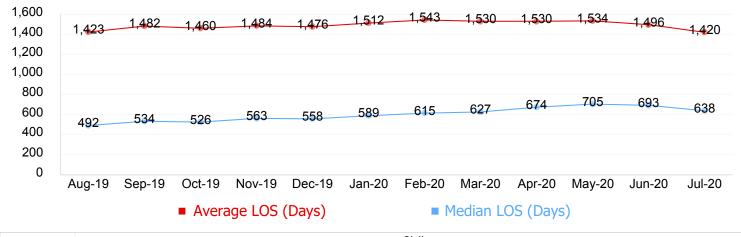
21. Demographics - Trend of Age Distribution

22. Length of Stay - Average and Median Length of Stay for Individuals in Care

40%



Turne						Individual	s In Care					
Туре	Aug-19	Sep-19	Oct-19	Nov-19	Dec-19	Jan-20	Feb-20	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20
Average LOS	2,030	2,000	2,051	2,118	2,105	1,996	2,014	2,180	2,420	2,443	2,463	2,446
Median LOS	369	393	393	425	425	355	366	470	656	704	728	661



23. Length of Stay - Length of Stay for Individuals in Care with Civil Legal Status

Туре	Civil											
	Aug-19	Sep-19	Oct-19	Nov-19	Dec-19	Jan-20	Feb-20	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20
Average LOS	1,423	1,482	1,460	1,484	1,476	1,512	1,543	1,530	1,530	1,534	1,496	1,420
Median LOS	492	534	526	563	558	589	615	627	674	705	693	638