

# Package ‘gsw’

August 19, 2024

**Version** 1.2-0

**Title** Gibbs Sea Water Functions

**Copyright** Original algorithms and 'Matlab'/C library (c) 2015-2023  
WG127 SCOR/IAPSO (Scientific Committee on Oceanic Research /  
International Association for the Physical Sciences of the  
Oceans, Working Group 127); C wrapper code and R code (c)  
2015-2023 Dan Kelley and Clark Richards

**Maintainer** Dan Kelley <dan.kelley@dal.ca>

**Depends** R (>= 3.5.0),

**Suggests** knitr, rmarkdown, testthat

**BugReports** <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R/issues>

**Description** Provides an interface to the Gibbs 'SeaWater' ('TEOS-10') C library, version 3.06-16-0 (commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371', dated 2022-10-11, available at <<https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C>>, which stems from 'Matlab' and other code written by members of Working Group 127 of 'SCOR'/IAPSO (Scientific Committee on Oceanic Research / International Association for the Physical Sciences of the Oceans).

**URL** <http://teos-10.github.io/GSW-R/>

**License** GPL (>= 2) | file LICENSE

**LazyLoad** yes

**LazyData** no

**Encoding** UTF-8

**RoxygenNote** 7.3.2

**BuildVignettes** true

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**NeedsCompilation** yes

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argfix

*Reshape list elements to match that of the first element***Description**

This is mainly used within gsw, to ensure that arguments sent to the C functions are of equal length. This is a convenience, for processing data that often have this condition. For example, a CTD profile is likely to have many values for SP, t, and p, but just a single value for each of longitude and latitude. It is important to call argfix() to handle such cases, because otherwise the underlying C code will be looking past the end of the vectors storing longitude and latitude, which can yield odd results or even segmentation faults.

**Usage**

argfix(list)

**Arguments**

list            A list of elements, typically arguments that will be used in GSW functions.

**Value**

A list with all elements of same shape (length or dimension).

---

gsw\_adiabatic\_lapse\_rate\_from\_CT  
*Adiabatic Lapse Rate*

---

### Description

Note that the unit is K/Pa; multiply by 1e4 to get the more useful K/dbar.

### Usage

```
gsw_adiabatic_lapse_rate_from_CT(SA, CT, p)
```

### Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

### Value

adiabatic lapse rate (note unconventional unit) [ K/Pa ]

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_adiabatic\\_lapse\\_rate\\_from\\_CT.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_adiabatic_lapse_rate_from_CT.html)

### Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
lr <- gsw_adiabatic_lapse_rate_from_CT(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(lr*1e7,
```

```
c(0.240199646230069, 0.238457486976761, 0.203635157319712,
  0.119829566859790, 0.100052760967308, 0.087773070307283)))
```

---

```
gsw_adiabatic_lapse_rate_ice
```

*Adiabatic Lapse Rate of Ice*

---

## Description

Note that the unit is K/Pa; multiply by 1e4 to get the more useful K/dbar.

## Usage

```
gsw_adiabatic_lapse_rate_ice(t, p)
```

## Arguments

t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

## Value

adiabatic lapse rate (note unconventional unit) [ K/Pa ]

## Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

## References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_adiabatic\\_lapse\\_rate\\_ice.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_adiabatic_lapse_rate_ice.html)

## Examples

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
lr <- gsw_adiabatic_lapse_rate_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(lr*1e7, c(0.218777853913651, 0.216559115188599, 0.216867659957613,
  0.216988337914416, 0.217182707402780, 0.218100558740840)))
```

---

gsw_alpha	<i>Thermal expansion coefficient with respect to Conservative Temperature</i>
-----------	---

---

### Description

Thermal expansion coefficient with respect to Conservative Temperature, using the 75-term equation for specific volume.

### Usage

```
gsw_alpha(SA, CT, p)
```

### Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

### Value

thermal expansion coefficient with respect to Conservative Temperature [ 1/K ]

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_alpha.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_alpha.html)



**See Also**

Other things related to density: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_CT\\_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_on\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\\_const\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_anom\\_standard\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
alpha <- gsw_alpha(SA,CT,p)
stopifnot(all.equal(alpha*1e3, c(0.324464211877393, 0.322610094680523, 0.281335030247435,
0.173529986885424, 0.146898108553385, 0.130265123640082)))
```

---

gsw_alpha_on_beta	<i>Thermal expansion coefficient over haline contraction coefficient</i>
-------------------	--

---

**Description**

Thermal expansion coefficient over haline contraction coefficient, using the 75-term equation for specific volume.

**Usage**

```
gsw_alpha_on_beta(SA, CT, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

ratio of thermal expansion coefficient to haline contraction coefficient [ (g/kg)/K ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained,

a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create\_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

## References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_alpha\\_on\\_beta.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_alpha_on_beta.html)

## See Also

Other things related to density: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_CT\\_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\\_const\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_anom\\_standard\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
alpha_on_beta <- gsw_alpha_on_beta(SA,CT,p)
stopifnot(all.equal(alpha_on_beta, c(0.452468543022009, 0.449601695030057, 0.387140203094424,
0.230778871228268, 0.193747796234162, 0.170946048860385)))
```

---

`gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact` *Thermal expansion coefficient with respect to in-situ temperature*

---

## Description

Thermal expansion coefficient with respect to in-situ temperature.

## Usage

```
gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact(SA, t, p)
```

## Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

thermal expansion coefficient with respect to in-situ temperature [ 1/K ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_exact.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to density: `gsw_CT_from_rho()`, `gsw_CT_maxdensity()`, `gsw_SA_from_rho()`, `gsw_alpha()`, `gsw_alpha_on_beta()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice()`, `gsw_beta()`, `gsw_beta_const_t_exact()`, `gsw_infunnel()`, `gsw_pot_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_rho()`, `gsw_rho_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`, `gsw_rho_ice()`, `gsw_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_sigma0()`, `gsw_sigma1()`, `gsw_sigma2()`, `gsw_sigma3()`, `gsw_sigma4()`, `gsw_specvol()`, `gsw_specvol_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_specvol_anom_standard()`, `gsw_specvol_ice()`, `gsw_specvol_t_exact()`

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
alpha_wrt_t_exact <- gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact(SA,t,p)
stopifnot(all.equal(alpha_wrt_t_exact*1e3,
  c(0.325601747227247, 0.323448083851267, 0.281413883319329,
    0.172825692975230, 0.145569941503599, 0.128362986933288)))
```

---

`gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice`     *Ice Thermal Expansion Coefficient with Respect to in-situ Temperature*

---

**Description**

Thermal expansion coefficient of ice, with respect to in-situ temperature.

**Usage**

```
gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice(t, p)
```

**Arguments**

t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

thermal expansion coefficient with respect to in-situ temperature [ 1/K ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_ice.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to density: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_CT\\_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_on\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\\_const\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_anom\\_standard\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
alpha <- gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(alpha*1e3, c(0.154472408751279, 0.153041866100900, 0.153232698269327,
0.153297634665747, 0.153387461617896, 0.153938395452558)))
```

---

gsw_beta	<i>Haline contraction coefficient at constant Conservative Temperature</i>
----------	--

---

**Description**

Haline contraction coefficient with respect to Conservative Temperature, using the 75-term equation for specific volume.

**Usage**

```
gsw_beta(SA, CT, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

Haline contraction coefficient at constant Conservative Temperature [ kg/g ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_beta.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_beta.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to density: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_CT\\_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_on\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\\_const\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_anom\\_standard\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
beta <- gsw_beta(SA,CT,p)
stopifnot(all.equal(beta, 1e-3*c(0.717521909550091, 0.717657376442386, 0.726169785748549,
0.750420924314564, 0.754903052075032, 0.756841573481865)))
```

---

gsw\_beta\_const\_t\_exact

*Haline contraction coefficient at constant in-situ temperature*

---

**Description**

Haline contraction coefficient at constant in-situ temperature.

**Usage**

```
gsw_beta_const_t_exact(SA, t, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

Haline contraction coefficient at constant in-situ temperature [ kg/g ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_beta\\_const\\_t\\_exact.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_beta_const_t_exact.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to density: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_CT\\_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_on\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_anom\\_standard\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
b <- gsw_beta_const_t_exact(SA, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(b*1e3, c(0.731120837010429, 0.731071779078011, 0.736019128913071,
                           0.753810501711847, 0.757259405338257, 0.758649268096996)))
```

---

gsw_cabbeling	<i>Cabbeling coefficient</i>
---------------	------------------------------

---

**Description**

Cabbeling coefficient (75-term equation)

**Usage**

```
gsw_cabbeling(SA, CT, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

Cabbeling coefficient with respect to Conservative Temperature [ 1/(K^2) ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip)

on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create\_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

## References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_cabbeling.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_cabbeling.html)

## Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
cabbeling <- gsw_cabbeling(SA,CT,p)
stopifnot(all.equal(cabbeling*1e4, c(0.086645721047423, 0.086837829466794, 0.092525582052438,
0.108884336975401, 0.112971197222338, 0.115483896148927)))
```

---

gsw\_chem\_potential\_water\_ice

*Chemical Potential of Ice*

---

## Description

Chemical Potential of Ice

## Usage

```
gsw_chem_potential_water_ice(t, p)
```

## Arguments

t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

## Value

chemical potential [ J/kg ]

## Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw\_data\_v3\_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip)



on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create\_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

## References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_chem\\_potential\\_water\\_ice.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_chem_potential_water_ice.html)

## See Also

Other things related to chemical potential: [gsw\\_chem\\_potential\\_water\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
pot <- gsw_chem_potential_water_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(pot/1e4, c(-1.340648365149857, -1.644921413491445, -1.480991678890353,
                              -1.272436055728805, -0.711509477199393, 0.045575390357792)))
```

---

gsw\_chem\_potential\_water\_t\_exact

*Chemical Potential of Water in Seawater*

---

## Description

Chemical Potential of Water in Seawater

## Usage

```
gsw_chem_potential_water_t_exact(SA, t, p)
```

## Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

## Value

chemical potential [ J/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_chem\\_potential\\_water\\_t\\_exact.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_chem_potential_water_t_exact.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to chemical potential: [gsw\\_chem\\_potential\\_water\\_ice\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
pot <- gsw_chem_potential_water_t_exact(SA, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(pot, c(-8.545561146284534, -8.008085548342105, -5.103980139874876,
-0.634067782745442, 3.335566803473286, 7.555434445971858)))
```

---

`gsw_cp_ice`

*Specific heat to ice*

---

**Description**

Specific heat of ice

**Usage**

```
gsw_cp_ice(t, p)
```

**Arguments**

`t` in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]  
`p` sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

specific heat [ J/(K\*kg) ]

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_cp\\_ice.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_cp_ice.html)

### Examples

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
cp <- gsw_cp_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(cp, c(2017.314262094657, 1997.830122682709, 2002.281331375396,
                          2006.127319545421, 2015.676303959609, 2033.308170371559)))
```

---

gsw_cp_t_exact	<i>Isobaric heat capacity</i>
----------------	-------------------------------

---

### Description

Isobaric heat capacity

### Usage

```
gsw_cp_t_exact(SA, t, p)
```

### Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

### Value

heat capacity [ J/(kg\*K) ]

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_cp\\_t\\_exact.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_cp_t_exact.html)

### Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
cp_t_exact <- gsw_cp_t_exact(SA, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(cp_t_exact/1e3, c(4.002888003958537, 4.000980283927373, 3.995546468894633,
3.985076769021370, 3.973593843482723, 3.960184084786622)))
```

---

gsw\_CT\_first\_derivatives

*First Derivatives of Conservative Temperature*

---

### Description

First Derivatives of Conservative Temperature

### Usage

```
gsw_CT_first_derivatives(SA, pt)
```

### Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
pt	potential temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]

### Value

A list containing `CT_SA` [ K/(g/kg) ], the derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to Absolute Salinity, and `CT_pt` [ unitless ], the derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to potential temperature.

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_CT\\_first\\_derivatives.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_first_derivatives.html)

### Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
pt <- c(28.7832, 28.4209, 22.7850, 10.2305, 6.8292, 4.3245)
r <- gsw_CT_first_derivatives(SA, pt)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_SA,
  c(-0.041981092877806, -0.041558140199508, -0.034739209004865,
    -0.018711103772892, -0.014075941811725, -0.010571716552295)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_pt,
  c(1.002814937296636, 1.002554817053239, 1.001645140295163,
    1.000003771100520, 0.999716359504731, 0.999474326580093)))
```

---

`gsw_CT_first_derivatives_wrt_t_exact`

*Derivatives of Conservative Temperature with Respect to or at Constant in-situ Temperature*

---

### Description

Derivatives of Conservative Temperature with Respect to or at Constant in-situ Temperature

### Usage

```
gsw_CT_first_derivatives_wrt_t_exact(SA, t, p)
```

### Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

A list containing  $CT\_SA\_wrt\_t$  [ K/(g/kg) ], the derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to Absolute Salinity at constant temperature and pressure,  $CT\_t\_wrt\_t$  [ unitless], the derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to temperature at constant Absolute Salinity and pressure, and  $CT\_p\_wrt\_t$ , the derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to pressure at constant Absolute Salinity and temperature.

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_CT\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_t\\_exact.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_first_derivatives_wrt_t_exact.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
r <- gsw_CT_first_derivatives_wrt_t_exact(SA, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_SA_wrt_t,
  c(-0.041988694538987, -0.041596549088952, -0.034853545749326,
    -0.019067140454607, -0.015016439826591, -0.012233725491373)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_t_wrt_t,
  c(1.002752642867571, 1.002243118597902, 1.000835702767227,
    0.998194915250648, 0.995219303532390, 0.991780205482695)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_p_wrt_t/1e-7,
  c(-0.241011880838437, -0.239031676279078, -0.203649928441505,
    -0.119370679226136, -0.099140832825342, -0.086458168643579)))
```

---

gsw\_CT\_freezing

*Conservative Temperature of Freezing Seawater*

---

**Description**

Conservative Temperature of Freezing Seawater

**Usage**

```
gsw_CT_freezing(SA, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
saturation_fraction	saturation fraction of dissolved air in seawater

**Value**

Conservative Temperature at freezing of seawater [ degC ].

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_CT\\_freezing.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_freezing.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
saturation_fraction <- 1
CT <- gsw_CT_freezing(SA, p, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(CT, c(-1.899683776424096, -1.940791867869104, -2.006240664432488,
-2.092357761318778, -2.359300831770506, -2.677162675412748)))
```

---

gsw\_CT\_freezing\_first\_derivatives

*First Derivatives of Conservative Temperature for Freezing Water*

---

## Description

First Derivatives of Conservative Temperature for Freezing Water

## Usage

```
gsw_CT_freezing_first_derivatives(SA, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

## Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
saturation_fraction	fraction of air in water [unitless]

## Value

A list containing CTfreezing\_SA [ K/(g/kg) ], the derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to Absolute Salinity at constant potential temperature, and CTfreezing\_p [ unitless], the derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to pressure at constant Absolute Salinity.

## Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

## References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_CT\\_freezing\\_first\\_derivatives.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_freezing_first_derivatives.html)



**Examples**

```
SA <- c(          34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c(          10,    50,    125,    250,    600,    1000)
saturation_fraction <- c(    1,    0.8,    0.6,    0.5,    0.4,    0)
r <- gsw_CT_freezing_first_derivatives(SA, p, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CTfreezing_SA,
  c(-0.058193253897272, -0.058265158334170, -0.058345661671901,
    -0.058373842446463, -0.058534544740846, -0.058730846361252)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CTfreezing_p/1e-7,
  c(-0.765300390432684, -0.766942996466485, -0.769892679988284,
    -0.774561011527902, -0.787769143040504, -0.802771548245855)))
```

---

gsw\_CT\_freezing\_first\_derivatives\_poly

*First Derivatives of Conservative Temperature for Freezing Water  
(Polynomial version)*

---

**Description**

First Derivatives of Conservative Temperature for Freezing Water (Polynomial version)

**Usage**

```
gsw_CT_freezing_first_derivatives_poly(SA, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
saturation_fraction	fraction of air in water [unitless]

**Value**

A list containing CTfreezing\_SA [ K/(g/kg) ], the derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to Absolute Salinity at constant potential temperature, and CTfreezing\_p [ unitless], the derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to pressure at constant Absolute Salinity.

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw\_data\_v3\_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip)

on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create\_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

## References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_CT\\_freezing\\_first\\_derivatives\\_poly.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_freezing_first_derivatives_poly.html)

## Examples

```
SA <- c(          34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c(          10,    50,    125,    250,    600,    1000)
saturation_fraction <- c(    1,    0.8,    0.6,    0.5,    0.4,    0)
r <- gsw_CT_freezing_first_derivatives_poly(SA, p, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CTfreezing_SA,
  c(-0.058191181082769, -0.058263310660779, -0.058343573188907,
    -0.058370514075271, -0.058528023214462, -0.058722959729433)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CTfreezing_p/1e-7,
  c(-0.765690732336706, -0.767310677213890, -0.770224214219328,
    -0.774843488962665, -0.787930403016584, -0.802821704643775)))
```

---

gsw\_CT\_freezing\_poly    *Conservative Temperature Freezing Point (Polynomial version)*

---

## Description

Conservative Temperature Freezing Point (Polynomial version)

## Usage

```
gsw_CT_freezing_poly(SA, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

## Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
saturation_fraction	saturation fraction of dissolved air in seawater

## Value

Conservative Temperature at freezing of seawater [ degC ].

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_CT\\_freezing\\_poly.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_freezing_poly.html)

### Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
saturation_fraction <- 1
CT_freezing <- gsw_CT_freezing(SA, p, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(CT_freezing, c(-1.899683776424096, -1.940791867869104, -2.006240664432488,
                                  -2.092357761318778, -2.359300831770506, -2.677162675412748)))
```

---

`gsw_CT_from_enthalpy` *Conservative Temperature from Enthalpy*

---

### Description

Conservative Temperature from Enthalpy

### Usage

```
gsw_CT_from_enthalpy(SA, h, p)
```

### Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
h	specific enthalpy [ J/kg ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

### Value

Conservative Temperature [ degC ]

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_enthalpy.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_from_enthalpy.html)

### See Also

Other things related to enthalpy: `gsw_dynamic_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_diff()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_enthalpy_t_exact()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`

### Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
h <- c(1.15103e5, 1.14014e5, 0.92180e5, 0.43255e5, 0.33087e5, 0.26970e5)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
pt <- c(28.7832, 28.4209, 22.7850, 10.2305, 6.8292, 4.3245)
CT <- gsw_CT_from_enthalpy(SA, h, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(CT, c(28.809854569021972, 28.439026483379287, 22.786196534098817,
10.226106994920777, 6.827159682675204, 4.323428660306681)))
```

---

`gsw_CT_from_entropy`     *Conservative Temperature from Entropy*

---

### Description

Conservative Temperature from Entropy

### Usage

```
gsw_CT_from_entropy(SA, entropy)
```

**Arguments**

SA Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.

entropy specific entropy [ J/(degC\*kg) ]

**Value**

Conservative Temperature [ degC ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_entropy.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_from_entropy.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to entropy: [gsw\\_entropy\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_entropy\\_from\\_pt\(\)](#), [gsw\\_entropy\\_from\\_t\(\)](#), [gsw\\_entropy\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pt\\_from\\_entropy\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
entropy <- c(400.3892, 395.4378, 319.8668, 146.7910, 98.6471, 62.7919)
CT <- gsw_CT_from_entropy(SA, entropy)
stopifnot(all.equal(CT, c(28.809902787278070, 28.439199226786918, 22.786199266954270,
10.226197672488652, 6.827196739780282, 4.323602945446461)))
```

---

gsw\_CT\_from\_pt

*Conservative Temperature from Potential Temperature*

---

**Description**

Conservative Temperature from Potential Temperature

**Usage**

```
gsw_CT_from_pt(SA, pt)
```

**Arguments**

SA Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.

pt potential temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]

**Value**

Conservative Temperature [ degC ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_pt.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_from_pt.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
pt <- c(28.7832, 28.4209, 22.7850, 10.2305, 6.8292, 4.3245)
CT <- gsw_CT_from_pt(SA, pt)
stopifnot(all.equal(CT, c(28.809923015982083, 28.439144260767169, 22.786246608464264,
                        10.226165605435785, 6.827183417643142, 4.323565182322069)))
```

---

gsw_CT_from_rho	<i>Conservative Temperature from Density, Absolute Salinity and Pressure</i>
-----------------	--

---

**Description**

Conservative Temperature from Density, Absolute Salinity and Pressure

**Usage**

```
gsw_CT_from_rho(rho, SA, p)
```

**Arguments**

rho	seawater density [ kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]
SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

A list containing two estimates of Conservative Temperature: CT and CT\_multiple, each in [ degC ].

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw\_data\_v3\_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create\_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_rho.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_from_rho.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to density: [gsw\\_CT\\_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_on\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\\_const\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_anom\\_standard\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
rho <- c(1021.8484, 1022.2647, 1024.4207, 1027.7841, 1029.8287, 1031.9916)
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_CT_from_rho(rho, SA, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT, c(28.784377302226968, 28.432402127485858, 22.808745445250068,
10.260169334807866, 6.887336649146716, 4.404594162282834)))
```

---

gsw\_CT\_from\_t                      *Convert from temperature to conservative temperature*

---

### Description

Convert from temperature to conservative temperature

### Usage

```
gsw_CT_from_t(SA, t, p)
```

### Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

### Value

Conservative Temperature [ degC ]

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_t.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_from_t.html)

### Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
CT <- gsw_CT_from_t(SA, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(CT, c(28.809919826700281, 28.439227816091140, 22.786176893078498,
10.226189266620782, 6.827213633479988, 4.323575748610455)))
```



---

gsw_CT_maxdensity	<i>Conservative Temperature at Maximum Density</i>
-------------------	--

---

**Description**

Conservative Temperature at Maximum Density

**Usage**

```
gsw_CT_maxdensity(SA, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

Conservative Temperature [ degC ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_CT\\_maxdensity.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_maxdensity.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to density: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_on\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\\_const\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_anom\\_standard\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
CT <- gsw_CT_maxdensity(SA, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(CT, c(-3.731407240089855, -3.861137427731664, -4.060390602245942,
-4.306222571955388, -5.089240667106197, -6.028034316992341)))
```

---

gsw\_CT\_second\_derivatives

*Second Derivatives of Conservative Temperature*

---

**Description**

Second Derivatives of Conservative Temperature

**Usage**

```
gsw_CT_second_derivatives(SA, pt)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
pt	potential temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]

**Value**

A list containing CT\_SA\_SA [ K/(g/kg)<sup>2</sup> ], the second derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to Absolute Salinity at constant potential temperature, and CT\_SA\_pt [ 1/(g/kg) ], the derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to potential temperature and Absolute Salinity, and CT\_pt\_pt [ 1/degC ], the second derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to potential temperature.

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

## References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_CT\\_second\\_derivatives.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_CT_second_derivatives.html)

## Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
pt <- c(28.7832, 28.4209, 22.7850, 10.2305, 6.8292, 4.3245)
r <- gsw_CT_second_derivatives(SA, pt)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_SA_SA/1e-3, c(-0.060718502077064, -0.062065324400873, -0.084017055354742,
    -0.148436050120131, -0.171270386500246, -0.189920754900116)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_SA_pt, c(-0.001197415000869, -0.001198309530139, -0.001226523296082,
    -0.001335896286481, -0.001380492698572, -0.001417751669135)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_pt_pt/1e-3, c(0.123012754427146, 0.124662008871271, 0.140829458783443,
    0.140646803448166, 0.113684095615077, 0.082286843477998)))
```

---

gsw\_C\_from\_SP

*Electrical Conductivity from Practical Salinity*

---

## Description

Electrical conductivity (in mS/cm) from Practical Salinity. To convert the return value to conductivity ratio, divide by 42.9140 (the value of conductivity at S=35, T68=15, and p=0).

## Usage

```
gsw_C_from_SP(SP, t, p)
```

## Arguments

SP	Practical Salinity (PSS-78) [ unitless ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is from 2 to 42.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

## Value

electrical conductivity [ mS/cm ]

## Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip)

on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create\_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

## References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_C\\_from\\_SP.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_C_from_SP.html)

## See Also

Other things related to salinity: [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_SP\\_Baltic\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_C\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SA\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SK\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SR\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SR\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_Sstar\\_from\\_SA\(\)](#), [gsw\\_Sstar\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_deltaSA\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#)

Other things related to conductivity: [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_C\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
SP <- c(34.5487, 34.7275, 34.8605, 34.6810, 34.5680, 34.5600)
t <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
C <- gsw_C_from_SP(SP, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(C, c(56.412599581571186, 56.316185602699953, 50.670369333973944,
                        38.134518936104350, 35.056577637635257, 32.986550607990118)))
```

---

`gsw_deltaSA_from_SP`     *Absolute Salinity Anomaly from Practical Salinity*

---

## Description

Absolute Salinity Anomaly from Practical Salinity

## Usage

```
gsw_deltaSA_from_SP(SP, p, longitude, latitude)
```

## Arguments

SP	Practical Salinity (PSS-78) [ unitless ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is from 2 to 42.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
longitude	longitude in decimal degrees, positive to the east of Greenwich. (This is called long in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
latitude	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called lat in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

**Value**

deltaSA Absolute Salinity Anomaly [ g/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_deltaSA\\_from\\_SP.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_deltaSA_from_SP.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to salinity: `gsw_C_from_SP()`, `gsw_SA_from_SP()`, `gsw_SA_from_SP_Baltic()`, `gsw_SA_from_Sstar()`, `gsw_SP_from_C()`, `gsw_SP_from_SA()`, `gsw_SP_from_SK()`, `gsw_SP_from_SR()`, `gsw_SP_from_Sstar()`, `gsw_SR_from_SP()`, `gsw_Sstar_from_SA()`, `gsw_Sstar_from_SP()`

**Examples**

```
SP = c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p = c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
lat = c(  4,      4,      4,      4,      4,      4)
long = c( 188,    188,    188,    188,    188,    188)
deltaSA = gsw_deltaSA_from_SP(SP,p,long,lat)
stopifnot(all.equal(deltaSA, c(0.000167203365230, 0.000268836122231, 0.000665803155705,
                               0.002706154619403, 0.005652977406832, 0.009444734661606)))
```

---

gsw\_dilution\_coefficient\_t\_exact

*Dilution coefficient*

---

**Description**

Dilution coefficient

**Usage**

```
gsw_dilution_coefficient_t_exact(SA, t, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

dilution coefficient [ (J/kg)(kg/g) ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_dilution\\_coefficient\\_t\\_exact.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_dilution_coefficient_t_exact.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
dc <- gsw_dilution_coefficient_t_exact(SA, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(dc, c(79.140034211532040, 79.104983526833820, 77.503312016847389,
                        73.535062653715272, 72.483378545466564, 71.760667498673087)))
```

---

`gsw_dynamic_enthalpy` *Dynamic enthalpy of seawater (75-term equation)*

---

**Description**

Dynamic enthalpy of seawater (75-term equation)

**Usage**

```
gsw_dynamic_enthalpy(SA, CT, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

dynamic enthalpy [ J/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_enthalpy.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_enthalpy.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to enthalpy: `gsw_CT_from_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_diff()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_enthalpy_t_exact()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c( 28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262,  6.8272,  4.3236)
p <- c(    10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
de <- gsw_dynamic_enthalpy(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(de/1000, c(0.097864698087770, 0.489161476686235, 1.220512192086506,
2.433731199531144, 5.833880057399701, 9.711443860944032)))
```

---

gsw\_enthalpy                      *Specific enthalpy of seawater (75-term equation)*

---

**Description**

Specific enthalpy of seawater (75-term equation)

**Usage**

gsw\_enthalpy(SA, CT, p)

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

specific enthalpy [ J/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_enthalpy.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_enthalpy.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to enthalpy: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_dynamic\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_CT\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_diff\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_first\\_derivatives\\_CT\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_frazil\\_properties\\_potential\(\)](#), [gsw\\_frazil\\_properties\\_potential\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_from\\_pt\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_from\\_pt\\_ice\\_poly\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_freezing\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_freezing\\_poly\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pt\\_from\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pt\\_from\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_poly\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy\(\)](#)



**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <-c( 28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262,  6.8272,  4.3236)
p <- c(    10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
e <- gsw_enthalpy(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e5, c(1.151031813559086, 1.140146926828028, 0.921800138366058,
                           0.432553713026279, 0.330871609742468, 0.269706841603465)))
```

---

gsw\_enthalpy\_CT\_exact *Seawater Specific Enthalpy in terms of Conservative Temperature*

---

**Description**

Seawater Specific Enthalpy in terms of Conservative Temperature

**Usage**

```
gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact(SA, CT, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

specific enthalpy [ J/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_enthalpy\\_CT\\_exact.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to enthalpy: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_dynamic\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_diff\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_first\\_derivatives\\_CT\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_frazil\\_properties\\_potential\(\)](#), [gsw\\_frazil\\_properties\\_p](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_from\\_pt\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_from\\_pt\\_ice\\_poly\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_freezing\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_freezing\\_poly\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pt\\_from\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pt\\_from\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_po](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
e <- gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e5, c(1.151031813321767, 1.140146925586514, 0.921800131787836,
0.432553712315790, 0.330871615358722, 0.269706848807403)))
```

---

`gsw_enthalpy_diff`      *Specific Enthalpy Difference with Pressure*

---

**Description**

Specific enthalpy difference [ J/kg ].

**Usage**

```
gsw_enthalpy_diff(SA, CT, p_shallow, p_deep)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p_shallow	pressure at a shallower depth [ dbar ]
p_deep	pressure at a deeper depth [ dbar ]

**Value**

specific enthalpy difference [ J/kg ]

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_enthalpy\\_diff.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_enthalpy_diff.html)

### See Also

Other things related to enthalpy: `gsw_CT_from_enthalpy()`, `gsw_dynamic_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_enthalpy_t_exact()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_p`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_po`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`

### Examples

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p_shallow <- c(10,    50,    125,    250,    600,    1000)
p_deep <- c( 110,   150,   225,   350,   700,   1100)
ed <- gsw_enthalpy_diff(SA, CT, p_shallow, p_deep)
stopifnot(all.equal(ed/1e2, c(9.784180644568052, 9.780195056105020, 9.759587700515114,
                             9.727552719534447, 9.708223170174454, 9.687871289079633)))
```

---

`gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives`

*First Derivatives of Enthalpy*

---

### Description

First Derivatives of Enthalpy

### Usage

```
gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives(SA, CT, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

a list containing h\_SA [ (J/kg)/(g/kg) ], the derivative of enthalpy wrt Absolute Salinity, and h\_CT [ (J/kg)/degC ], the derivative of enthalpy wrt Conservative Temperature.

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_enthalpy\\_first\\_derivatives.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to enthalpy: `gsw_CT_from_enthalpy()`, `gsw_dynamic_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_diff()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_enthalpy_t_exact()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_p`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_po`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
d <- gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(d$h_SA, c(-0.070223912348929, -0.351159768365102, -0.887025065692568,
-1.829602387915694, -4.423463748270238, -7.405100077558673)))
stopifnot(all.equal(d$h_CT/1e3, c(3.991899705530481, 3.992025640520101, 3.992210365030743,
3.992284150250490, 3.992685389122658, 3.993014168534175)))
```

---

gsw\_enthalpy\_first\_derivatives\_CT\_exact  
*First Derivatives of Enthalpy wrt CT*

---

## Description

First Derivatives of Enthalpy wrt CT

## Usage

```
gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives_CT_exact(SA, CT, p)
```

## Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

## Value

a list containing  $h_{SA}$  [ (J/kg)/(g/kg) ], the derivative of enthalpy wrt Absolute Salinity, and  $h_{CT}$  [ (J/kg)/degC ], the derivative of enthalpy wrt Conservative Temperature.

## Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

## Bugs

The HTML documentation suggests that this function returns 3 values, but there are only 2 returned values in the C code used here (and the matlab code on which that is based). Also, the  $d/dSA$  check values given the HTML are not reproduced by the present function. This was reported on Mar 18, 2017 as <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-Matlab/issues/7>. See <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R/issues/34>

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_enthalpy\\_first\\_derivatives\\_CT\\_exact.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives_CT_exact.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to enthalpy: `gsw_CT_from_enthalpy()`, `gsw_dynamic_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_diff()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_enthalpy_t_exact()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
d <- gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives_CT_exact(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(d$h_SA, c(-0.070224183838619, -0.351159869043798, -0.887036550157504,
                             -1.829626251448858, -4.423522691827955, -7.405211691293971)))
stopifnot(all.equal(d$h_CT/1e3, c(3.991899712269790, 3.992025674159605, 3.992210402650973,
                                 3.992283991748418, 3.992685275917238, 3.993014370250710)))
```

---

gsw_enthalpy_ice	<i>Ice Specific Enthalpy</i>
------------------	------------------------------

---

**Description**

Specific enthalpy of ice [ J/kg ]. Note that this is a negative quantity.

**Usage**

```
gsw_enthalpy_ice(t, p)
```

**Arguments**

t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

specific enthalpy [ J/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_enthalpy\\_ice.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_enthalpy_ice.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to enthalpy: `gsw_CT_from_enthalpy()`, `gsw_dynamic_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_diff()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_der`, `gsw_enthalpy_t_exact()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_po`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`

**Examples**

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
se <- gsw_enthalpy_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(se/1e5, c(-3.554414597446597, -3.603380857687490, -3.583089884253586,
-3.558998379233944, -3.494811024956881, -3.402784319238127)))
```

---

`gsw_enthalpy_second_derivatives`

*Second Derivatives of Enthalpy*

---

**Description**

Second Derivatives of Enthalpy

**Usage**

```
gsw_enthalpy_second_derivatives(SA, CT, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

A list containing  $h_{SA\_SA}$  [ (J/kg)/(g/kg)<sup>2</sup> ], the second derivative of enthalpy with respect to Absolute Salinity,  $h_{SA\_CT}$  [ (J/kg)/(K\*g/kg) ], the derivative of enthalpy with respect to Absolute Salinity and Conservative Temperature, and  $h_{CT\_CT}$  [ (J/kg)/degC<sup>2</sup> ], the second derivative of enthalpy with respect to Conservative Temperature.

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_enthalpy\\_second\\_derivatives.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_enthalpy_second_derivatives.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_enthalpy_second_derivatives(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$h_SA_SA, c(0.000080922482023, 0.000404963500641, 0.001059800046742,
0.002431088963823, 0.006019611828423, 0.010225411250217)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$h_SA_CT, c(0.000130004715129, 0.000653614489248, 0.001877220817849,
0.005470392103793, 0.014314756132297, 0.025195603327700)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$h_CT_CT, c(0.000714303909834, 0.003584401249266, 0.009718730753139,
0.024064471995224, 0.061547884081343, 0.107493969308119)))
```



---

gsw\_enthalpy\_second\_derivatives\_CT\_exact  
*Second Derivatives of Enthalpy (exact)*

---

## Description

Second Derivatives of Enthalpy (exact)

## Usage

```
gsw_enthalpy_second_derivatives_CT_exact(SA, CT, p)
```

## Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

## Value

A list containing  $h_{SA\_SA}$  [ (J/kg)/(g/kg)<sup>2</sup> ], the second derivative of enthalpy with respect to Absolute Salinity,  $h_{SA\_CT}$  [ (J/kg)/(K\*g/kg) ], the derivative of enthalpy with respect to Absolute Salinity and Conservative Temperature, and  $h_{CT\_CT}$  [ (J/kg)/degC<sup>2</sup> ], the second derivative of enthalpy with respect to Conservative Temperature.

## Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

## References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_enthalpy\\_second\\_derivatives\\_CT\\_exact.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_enthalpy_second_derivatives_CT_exact.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_enthalpy_second_derivatives_CT_exact(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$h_SA_SA, c(0.000082767011576, 0.000414469343141, 0.001089580017293,
0.002472193425998, 0.006103171596320, 0.010377465312463)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$h_SA_CT, c(0.000130320164426, 0.000655016236924, 0.001879127443985,
0.005468695168037, 0.014315709000526, 0.025192691262061)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$h_CT_CT, c(0.000714365642428, 0.003584965089168, 0.009733337653703,
0.024044402143825, 0.061449390733344, 0.107333638394904)))
```

---

gsw\_enthalpy\_t\_exact    *Seawater Specific Enthalpy in terms of in-situ Temperature*

---

**Description**

Seawater Specific Enthalpy in terms of in-situ Temperature

**Usage**

```
gsw_enthalpy_t_exact(SA, t, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

specific enthalpy [ J/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_enthalpy\\_t\\_exact.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_enthalpy_t_exact.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to enthalpy: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_dynamic\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_CT\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_diff\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_first\\_der](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_frazil\\_properties\\_potential\(\)](#), [gsw\\_frazil\\_properties\\_potential\\_poly\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_from\\_pt\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_from\\_pt\\_ice\\_poly\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_freezing\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_freezing\\_poly\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pt\\_from\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pt\\_from\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_po](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,    125,    250,    600,   1000)
e <- gsw_enthalpy_t_exact(SA, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e5, c(1.151032604783763, 1.140148036012021, 0.921799209310966,
                           0.432553283808897, 0.330872159700175, 0.269705880448018)))
```

---

gsw\_entropy\_first\_derivatives

*First Derivatives of Entropy*

---

**Description**

First Derivatives of Entropy

**Usage**

```
gsw_entropy_first_derivatives(SA, CT)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].

**Value**

a list containing eta\_SA [ (J/(kg\*degC) / (g/kg) ], the derivative of entropy wrt Absolute Salinity, and eta\_CT [ (J/(kg\*degC^2) ], the derivative of entropy wrt Conservative Temperature.

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_entropy\\_first\\_derivatives.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_entropy_first_derivatives.html)

### See Also

Other things related to entropy: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_entropy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_entropy\\_from\\_pt\(\)](#), [gsw\\_entropy\\_from\\_t\(\)](#), [gsw\\_entropy\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pt\\_from\\_entropy\(\)](#)

### Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
d <- gsw_entropy_first_derivatives(SA, CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(d$eta_SA, c(-0.263286800711655, -0.263977276574528, -0.255367497912925,
                              -0.238066586439561, -0.234438260606436, -0.232820684341694)))
stopifnot(all.equal(d$eta_CT, c(13.221031210083824, 13.236911191313675, 13.489004628681361,
                              14.086599016583795, 14.257729576432077, 14.386429945649411)))
```

---

`gsw_entropy_from_pt`     *Specific Entropy ito Absolute Salinity and Potential Temperature*

---

### Description

Calculates specific entropy in terms of Absolute Salinity and Potential Temperature.

### Usage

```
gsw_entropy_from_pt(SA, pt)
```

### Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
pt	potential temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]

**Value**

specific entropy [ J/(kg\*degC) ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_entropy\\_from\\_pt.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_entropy_from_pt.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to entropy: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_entropy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_entropy\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_entropy\\_from\\_t\(\)](#), [gsw\\_entropy\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pt\\_from\\_entropy\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
pt <- c(28.7832, 28.4210, 22.7850, 10.2305, 6.8292, 4.3245)
e <- gsw_entropy_from_pt(SA, pt)
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e2, c(4.003894674443156, 3.954383994925507, 3.198674385897981,
1.467905482842553, 0.986469100565646, 0.627913567234252)))
```

---

`gsw_entropy_from_t`      *Specific Entropy i.t.o. Absolute Salinity, Temperature, and Pressure*

---

**Description**

Calculates specific entropy in terms of Absolute Salinity, in-situ temperature and pressure.

**Usage**

```
gsw_entropy_from_t(SA, t, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

specific entropy [ J/(kg\*K) ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_entropy\\_from\\_t.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_entropy_from_t.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to entropy: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_entropy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_entropy\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_entropy\\_from\\_pt\(\)](#), [gsw\\_entropy\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pt\\_from\\_entropy\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,    125,    250,    600,   1000)
e <- gsw_entropy_from_t(SA, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e2, c(4.003894252787245, 3.954381784340642, 3.198664981986740,
1.467908815899072, 0.986473408657975, 0.627915087346090)))
```

---

gsw_entropy_ice	<i>Entropy of ice</i>
-----------------	-----------------------

---

### Description

Entropy of ice

### Usage

```
gsw_entropy_ice(t, p)
```

### Arguments

t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

### Value

entropy [ J/(kg\*degC) ]

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_entropy\\_ice.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_entropy_ice.html)

### See Also

Other things related to entropy: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_entropy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_entropy\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_entropy\\_from\\_pt\(\)](#), [gsw\\_entropy\\_from\\_t\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pt\\_from\\_entropy\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
e <- gsw_entropy_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e3, c(-1.303663820598987, -1.324090218294577, -1.319426394193644,
-1.315402956671801, -1.305426590579231, -1.287021035328113))))
```

---

gsw\_entropy\_second\_derivatives  
*Second Derivatives of Entropy*

---

**Description**

Second Derivatives of Entropy

**Usage**

```
gsw_entropy_second_derivatives(SA, CT)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].

**Value**

A list containing eta\_SA\_SA [ (J/(K\*kg))/(g/kg)^2 ], the second derivative of entropy with respect to Absolute Salinity, eta\_SA\_CT [ (J/(K\*kg))/(K\*g/kg) ], the derivative of entropy with respect to Absolute Salinity and Conservative Temperature, and eta\_CT\_CT [ (J/(K\*kg))/K^2 ], the second derivative of entropy with respect to Conservative Temperature.

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.



**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_entropy\\_second\\_derivatives.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_entropy_second_derivatives.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
r <- gsw_entropy_second_derivatives(SA, CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$eta_SA_SA, c(-0.007627718929669, -0.007591969960708, -0.007528186784540,
                                  -0.007455177590576, -0.007441108287466, -0.007414368396280)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$eta_SA_CT, c(-0.001833104216751, -0.001819473824306, -0.001580843823414,
                                  -0.000930111408561, -0.000717011215195, -0.000548410546830)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$eta_CT_CT, c(-0.043665023731109, -0.043781336189326, -0.045506114440888,
                                  -0.049708939454018, -0.050938690879443, -0.051875017843472)))
```

---

gsw\_Fdelta

*Ratio of Absolute to Preformed Salinity, minus 1*

---

**Description**

Ratio of Absolute to Preformed Salinity, minus 1

**Usage**

```
gsw_Fdelta(p, longitude, latitude)
```

**Arguments**

p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
longitude	longitude in decimal degrees, positive to the east of Greenwich. (This is called long in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
latitude	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called lat in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

**Value**

(S/Sstar)-1 [ unitless ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip)

on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create\_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

## References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_Fdelta.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_Fdelta.html)

## Examples

```
p <- c(      10,   50,  125,  250,  600, 1000)
latitude <- c(   4,   4,   4,   4,   4,   4)
longitude <- c(188, 188, 188, 188, 188, 188)
r <- gsw_Fdelta(p, longitude, latitude)
stopifnot(all.equal(r/1e-3, c(0.006472309923452, 0.010352848168433, 0.025541937543450,
                             0.104348729347986, 0.218678084205081, 0.365415366571266)))
```

---

gsw\_frazil\_properties *Properties of Frazil ice*

---

## Description

Calculation of Absolute Salinity, Conservative Temperature, and ice mass fraction based on bulk Absolute Salinity, bulk enthalpy, and pressure

## Usage

```
gsw_frazil_properties(SA_bulk, h_bulk, p)
```

## Arguments

SA_bulk	Absolute Salinity of a combination of seawater and ice [ g/kg ]
h_bulk	enthalpy of a mixture of seawater and ice [ J/kg ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

## Value

a list containing SA\_final, h\_final and w\_Ih\_final.

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_frazil\\_properties.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_frazil_properties.html)

### Examples

```
SA_bulk <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
h_bulk <- c( -4.5544e4, -4.6033e4, -4.5830e4, -4.5589e4, -4.4948e4, -4.4027e4)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_frazil_properties(SA_bulk, h_bulk, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$SA_final, c(39.111030663000442, 39.407625769681573, 39.595789974885108,
39.481230045372889, 39.591177095552503, 39.826467709177123)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_final, c(-2.156311126114311, -2.204672298963783, -2.273689262333450,
-2.363714136353600, -2.644541000680772, -2.977651291726651)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$Ih_final, c(0.112480560814322, 0.114600300867556, 0.115421108602301,
0.117372990660305, 0.122617649983886, 0.127906590822347)))
```

---

`gsw_frazil_properties_potential`

*Properties of Frazil ice i.t.o. potential enthalpy*

---

### Description

Calculation of Absolute Salinity, Conservative Temperature, and ice mass fraction based on bulk Absolute Salinity, bulk potential enthalpy, and pressure

### Usage

```
gsw_frazil_properties_potential(SA_bulk, h_pot_bulk, p)
```

### Arguments

SA_bulk	Absolute Salinity of a combination of seawater and ice [ g/kg ]
h_pot_bulk	potential enthalpy of a mixture of seawater and ice [ J/kg ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

a list containing SA\_final, h\_final and w\_Ih\_final.

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw\_data\_v3\_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create\_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_frazil\\_properties\\_potential.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_frazil_properties_potential.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to enthalpy: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_dynamic\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_CT\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_diff\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_first\\_derivatives\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_frazil\\_properties\\_potential\\_poly\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_from\\_pt\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_from\\_pt\\_ice\\_poly\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_freezing\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_freezing\\_poly\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pt\\_from\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pt\\_from\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_poly\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA_bulk <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
h_pot_bulk <- c(-4.5544e4, -4.6033e4, -4.5830e4, -4.5589e4, -4.4948e4, -4.4027e4)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_frazil_properties_potential(SA_bulk, h_pot_bulk, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$SA_final, c(39.098258701462051, 39.343217598625756, 39.434254585716296,
39.159536295126657, 38.820511558004590, 38.542322667924459)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_final, c(-2.155553336670014, -2.200844802695826, -2.264077329325076,
-2.344567015865174, -2.598559540430464, -2.900814843304696)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$w_Ih_final, c(0.112190640891586, 0.113150826758543, 0.111797588975174,
0.110122251260246, 0.105199838799201, 0.098850365110330)))
```

---

gsw\_frazil\_properties\_potential\_poly

*Properties of Frazil ice i.t.o. potential enthalpy (polynomial version)*


---

**Description**

Calculation of Absolute Salinity, Conservative Temperature, and ice mass fraction based on bulk Absolute Salinity, bulk potential enthalpy, and pressure

**Usage**

```
gsw_frazil_properties_potential_poly(SA_bulk, h_pot_bulk, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA_bulk	Absolute Salinity of a combination of seawater and ice [ g/kg ]
h_pot_bulk	potential enthalpy of a mixture of seawater and ice [ J/kg ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

a list containing SA\_final, h\_final and w\_Ih\_final.

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw\_data\_v3\_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create\_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_frazil\\_properties\\_potential\\_poly.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_frazil_properties_potential_poly.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to enthalpy: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_dynamic\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_CT\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_diff\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_first\\_der:](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_frazil\\_properties\\_potential\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_from\\_pt](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_from\\_pt\\_ice\\_poly\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_freezing\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_freezing\\_p](#), [gsw\\_pt\\_from\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pt\\_from\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_poly\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA_bulk <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
h_pot_bulk <- c(-4.5544e4, -4.6033e4, -4.5830e4, -4.5589e4, -4.4948e4, -4.4027e4)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_frazil_properties_potential_poly(SA_bulk, h_pot_bulk, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$SA_final, c(39.098264696022831, 39.343217436835218, 39.434244243586633,
39.159511498029801, 38.820458704205542, 38.542256756176229)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_final, c(-2.155537691991377, -2.200841508940901, -2.264094318382661,
-2.344613208230164, -2.598663953454472, -2.900948531145453)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$w_Ih_final, c(0.112190777010854, 0.113150823111566, 0.111797356032850,
0.110121687760246, 0.105198620534670, 0.098848824039493)))
```

---

```
gsw_frazil_ratios_adiabatic
```

*Ratios of SA, CT and p changes when Frazil Ice Forms*

---

**Description**

Ratios of changes in SA, CT and p that occur when frazil ice forms due to changes in pressure upon the mixture of seawater and ice.

**Usage**

```
gsw_frazil_ratios_adiabatic(SA, p, w_Ih)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
w_Ih	initial mass fraction (ice) / (water + ice)

**Value**

a list containing dSA\_dCT\_frazil, dSA\_dP\_frazil and dCT\_dP\_frazil.

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_frazil\\_ratios\\_adiabatic.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_frazil_ratios_adiabatic.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
w_Ih <- c( 0.9, 0.84, 0.4, 0.25, 0.05, 0.01)
r <- gsw_frazil_ratios_adiabatic(SA, p, w_Ih)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$dSA_dCT_frazil,
  c(3.035152370800401, 1.932548405396193, 0.613212115809003,
    0.516103092738565, 0.436656742034200, 0.425827266533876)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$dSA_dP_frazil/1e-6,
  c(-0.197406834470366, -0.133213926580032, -0.045580136143659,
    -0.038806356507548, -0.033541272953744, -0.033350141194082)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$dCT_dP_frazil/1e-7,
  c(-0.650401727338347, -0.689317412221414, -0.743301297684333,
    -0.751910946738026, -0.768138213038669, -0.783184728059898)))
```

---

gsw\_frazil\_ratios\_adiabatic\_poly

*Ratios of SA, CT and p changes when Frazil Ice Forms (polynomial form)*

---

**Description**

Ratios of changes in SA, CT and p that occur when frazil ice forms due to changes in pressure upon the mixture of seawater and ice.

**Usage**

```
gsw_frazil_ratios_adiabatic_poly(SA, p, w_Ih)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
w_Ih	initial mass fraction (ice) / (water + ice)

**Value**

a list containing dSA\_dCT\_frazil, dSA\_dP\_frazil and dCT\_dP\_frazil.

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_frazil\\_ratios\\_adiabatic\\_poly.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_frazil_ratios_adiabatic_poly.html)

### Examples

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
w_Ih <- c( 0.9, 0.84, 0.4, 0.25, 0.05, 0.01)
r <- gsw_frazil_ratios_adiabatic_poly(SA, p, w_Ih)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$dSA_dCT_frazil,
  c(3.035308957896530, 1.932631198810934, 0.613220785586734,
    0.516106221687200, 0.436657158542033, 0.425827675768018)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$dSA_dP_frazil/1e-6,
  c(-0.197512213108610, -0.133280971893621, -0.045599951957139,
    -0.038820466574251, -0.033548047632788, -0.033352365425407)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$dCT_dP_frazil/1e-7,
  c(-0.650715350062703, -0.689634794137768, -0.743613932027895,
    -0.752179782823459, -0.768292629045686, -0.783236208526200)))
```

---

`gsw_geo_strf_dyn_height`

*Geostrophic Dynamic Height Anomaly*

---

### Description

This calculates a geopotential anomaly, called either the dynamic height anomaly or the geostrophic streamfunction in the TEOS-10 document listed as [1] below; users should read that and the references therein for more details on the definition and its calculation here.

To get the column-integrated value in meters, take the first value of the returned vector and divide by  $9.7963\text{m/s}^2$ . Note that this yields an integral with the top measured pressure (not zero) as an upper limit.

### Usage

```
gsw_geo_strf_dyn_height(SA, CT, p, p_ref = 0)
```



**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
p_ref	reference pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Details**

Because of the scheme used in the underlying C code, the pressures must be in order, and must not have any repeats. Also, there must be at least 4 pressure values. Violating any of these three restrictions yields an error.

If p\_ref exceeds the largest p value, a vector of zeros is returned, in accordance with the underlying C code.

Note the alteration of the test-value tolerance from a much smaller default. This is required because the test values derive from the GSW-Matlab code, which uses a different interpolation scheme than the GSW-C code, upon which GSW-R relies. See References 2 and 3 for more on this topic.

**Value**

A vector containing geopotential anomaly in  $m^2/s^2$  for each level. For more on the units, see [2].

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

1. [http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_geo\\_strf\\_dyn\\_height.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_geo_strf_dyn_height.html)
2. <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R/issues/47>
3. Barker, Paul M., and Trevor J. McDougall. "Two Interpolation Methods Using Multiply-Rotated Piecewise Cubic Hermite Interpolating Polynomials." *Journal of Atmospheric and Oceanic Technology* 37, no. 4 (April 2020): 605–19.

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
```

```

p_ref <- 500
dh <- gsw_geo_strf_dyn_height(SA, CT, p, p_ref)
# NOTE: see Details for the reason for the coarse tolerance.
stopifnot(all.equal(dh,
  c(12.172172845782585, 9.797739925848624, 6.070940749148281,
    3.042891445395256, -1.078872239804912, -4.656953829254061),
  tolerance=0.02))

```

---

gsw\_geo\_strf\_dyn\_height\_1

*Geostrophic Dynamic Height Anomaly (provisional version)*

---

### Description

This calculates a geopotential anomaly, called either the dynamic height anomaly or the geostrophic streamfunction in the TEOS-10 document listed as [1] below.

To get the column-integrated value in meters, take the first value of the returned vector and divide by  $9.7963\text{m/s}^2$ . Note that this yields an integral with the top measured pressure (not zero) as an upper limit.

### Usage

```
gsw_geo_strf_dyn_height_1(SA, CT, p, p_ref = 0, max_dp = 1, interp_method = 2)
```

### Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
p_ref	reference pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
max_dp	numeric value indicating the maximum tolerated pressure separation between levels. If any pressure step exceeds max_dp, then a uniform grid is constructed with max_dp as the interval.
interp_method	integer specifying interpolation scheme (1 for linear, 2 for pchip)

### Details

Because of the scheme used in the underlying C code, the pressures must be in order, and must not have any repeats. Also, there must be at least 4 pressure values. Violating any of these restrictions yields an error.

If p\_ref exceeds the largest p value, a vector of zeros is returned, in accordance with the underlying C code.

**Value**

A vector containing geopotential anomaly in  $m^2/s^2$  for each level. For more on the units, see [2].

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

1. [http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_geo\\_strf\\_dyn\\_height.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_geo_strf_dyn_height.html)
2. Talley et al., 2011. Descriptive Physical Oceanography, Edition 6, Elsevier.

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
p_ref <- 1000
dh <- gsw_geo_strf_dyn_height_1(SA, CT, p, p_ref, 1, 2)
## FIXME: The following test values fail.
## all.equal(dh, c(17.039204557769487, 14.665853784722286, 10.912861136923812,
##              7.567928838774945, 3.393524055565328, 0))
```

---

`gsw_geo_strf_dyn_height_pc`

*Geostrophic Dynamic Height Anomaly (Piecewise-Constant Profile)*

---

**Description**

Geostrophic Dynamic Height Anomaly (Piecewise-Constant Profile)

**Usage**

```
gsw_geo_strf_dyn_height_pc(SA, CT, delta_p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
delta_p	difference in sea pressure between the deep and shallow limits of layers within which SA and CT are assumed to be constant. Note that delta_p must be positive.

**Value**

A list containing dyn\_height, the dynamic height anomaly [  $m^2/s^2$  ], and p\_mid [ dbar ], the pressures at the layer centres. Note that the dynamic height anomaly unit, also known as a "dynamic meter", corresponds to approximately 1.02 metres of sealevel height (see e.g. Talley et al., 2011. Descriptive Physical Oceanography, Edition 6. Elsevier).

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw\_data\_v3\_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create\_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_geo\\_strf\\_dyn\\_height.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_geo_strf_dyn_height.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
delta_p <- c(10, 40, 75, 125, 350, 400)
r <- gsw_geo_strf_dyn_height_pc(SA, CT, delta_p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$dyn_height, c(-0.300346215853487, -1.755165998114308, -4.423531083131365,
-6.816659136254657, -9.453175257818430, -12.721009624991439)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$p_mid/1e2, c(0.050000000000000, 0.300000000000000, 0.875000000000000,
1.875000000000000, 4.250000000000000, 8.000000000000000)))
```

gsw\_gibbs

*Gibbs Energy of Seawater, and its Derivatives***Description**

Gibbs Energy of Seawater, and its Derivatives

**Usage**

gsw\_gibbs(ns, nt, np, SA, t, p = 0)

**Arguments**

ns	An integer, the order of the SA derivative. Must be 0, 1, or 2.
nt	An integer, the order of the t derivative. Must be 0, 1, or 2.
np	An integer, the order of the p derivative. Must be 0, 1, or 2.
SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

Gibbs energy [ J/kg ] if ns=nt=np=0. Derivative of energy with respect to SA [ J/kg/(g/kg)^ns ] if ns is nonzero and nt=np=0, etc. Note that derivatives with respect to pressure are in units with Pa, not dbar.

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**Caution**

The TEOS-10 webpage for `gsw_gibbs` does not provide test values, so the present R version should be considered untested.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_gibbs.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_gibbs.html)

**Examples**

```
library(gsw)
p <- seq(0, 100, 1)
SA <- rep(35, length(p))
t <- rep(-5, length(p))
## Check the derivative wrt pressure. Note the unit change
E <- gsw_gibbs(0, 0, 0, SA, t, p)
# Estimate derivative from linear fit (try plotting: it is very linear)
m <- lm(E ~ p)
print(summary(m))
plot(p, E)
abline(m)
dEdp1 <- coef(m)[2]
# Calculate derivative ... note we multiply by 1e4 to get from 1/Pa to 1/dbar
dEdp2 <- 1e4 * gsw_gibbs(0, 0, 1, SA[1], t[1], p[1])
## Ratio
dEdp1 / dEdp2
```

---

gsw\_gibbs\_ice

*Gibbs Energy of Ice, and its Derivatives*

---

**Description**

Gibbs Energy of Ice, and its Derivatives

**Usage**

```
gsw_gibbs_ice(nt, np, t, p = 0)
```

**Arguments**

nt	An integer, the order of the t derivative. Must be 0, 1, or 2.
np	An integer, the order of the p derivative. Must be 0, 1, or 2.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

Gibbs energy [ J/kg ] if ns=np=0. Derivative of energy with respect to t [ J/kg/(degC)^nt ] if nt is nonzero, etc. Note that derivatives with respect to pressure are in units with Pa, not dbar.

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### Caution

The TEOS-10 webpage for `gsw_gibbs_ice` does not provide test values, so the present R version should be considered untested.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_gibbs\\_ice.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_gibbs_ice.html)

### Examples

```
library(gsw)
p <- seq(0, 100, 1)
t <- rep(-5, length(p))
## Check the derivative wrt pressure. Note the unit change
E <- gsw_gibbs_ice(0, 0, t, p)
# Estimate derivative from linear fit (try plotting: it is very linear)
m <- lm(E ~ p)
print(summary(m))
plot(p, E)
abline(m)
dEdp1 <- coef(m)[2]
# Calculate derivative ... note we multiply by 1e4 to get from 1/Pa to 1/dbar
dEdp2 <- 1e4 * gsw_gibbs_ice(0, 1, t[1], p[1])
## Ratio
dEdp1 / dEdp2
```

### Description

Gravitational Acceleration

**Usage**

```
gsw_grav(latitude, p = 0)
```

**Arguments**

latitude	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called <code>lat</code> in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

gravitational acceleration [ m/s<sup>2</sup> ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_grav.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_grav.html)

**Examples**

```
lat <- c(-90, -60, -30, 0)
grav <- gsw_grav(lat)
stopifnot(all.equal(grav, c(9.832186205884799, 9.819178859991149,
                          9.793249257048750, 9.780327000000000)))
```

---

gsw\_Helmholtz\_energy\_ice

*Helmholtz Energy of Ice*

---

**Description**

Helmholtz Energy of Ice



**Usage**

```
gsw_Helmholtz_energy_ice(t, p)
```

**Arguments**

t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

Helmholtz energy if ice [ J/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_Helmholtz\\_energy\\_ice.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_Helmholtz_energy_ice.html)

**Examples**

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
e <- gsw_Helmholtz_energy_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e4, c(-1.362572315008330, -1.710375005915343, -1.628083272702224,
-1.555573047498573, -1.375469831393882, -1.053585607014677)))
```

---

gsw\_ice\_fraction\_to\_freeze\_seawater

*Ice Fraction to Cool Seawater to Freezing*

---

**Description**

Ice Fraction to Cool Seawater to Freezing

**Usage**

```
gsw_ice_fraction_to_freeze_seawater(SA, CT, p, t_Ih)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
t_Ih	initial temperature of ice [ degC ]

**Value**

a list containing SA\_freeze, CT\_freeze and w\_Ih.

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_ice\\_fraction\\_to\\_freeze\\_seawater.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_ice_fraction_to_freeze_seawater.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
t_Ih <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
r <- gsw_ice_fraction_to_freeze_seawater(SA, CT, p, t_Ih)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$SA_freeze, c(25.823952352620722, 26.120495895535438, 27.460572941868072,
30.629978769577168, 31.458222332943784, 32.121170316796444)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_freeze, c(-1.389936216242376, -1.437013334134283, -1.569815847128818,
-1.846419165657020, -2.166786673735941, -2.522730879078756)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$w_Ih, c(0.256046867272203, 0.251379393389925, 0.215985652155336,
0.121020375537284, 0.094378196687535, 0.075181377710828)))
```

gsw\_infunnel

*Determine whether a point is inside the 'funnel' of acceptable values***Description**

This function determines whether a given hydrographic value lies what the TEOS-10 literature calls a "funnel" of values that lead to acceptably accurate computation of specific volume. For more details, consult the TEOS-10 literature, perhaps starting with the materials referred to in the webpage cited in the 'References' section.

**Usage**

```
gsw_infunnel(SA, CT, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

a logical value indicating whether the given point is inside the funnel of acceptable values.

**References**

[https://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_infunnel.html](https://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_infunnel.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to density: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_CT\\_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_on\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\\_const\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivati](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_anom\\_standard\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
library(gsw)
gsw_infunnel(35, 10, 100) # TRUE
gsw_infunnel(45, 10, 100) # FALSE: too salty
gsw_infunnel(35, -4, 100) # FALSE: below freezing
```

---

`gsw_internal_energy`     *Specific Internal Energy of Seawater (75-term equation)*

---

### Description

Specific Internal Energy of Seawater (75-term equation)

### Usage

```
gsw_internal_energy(SA, CT, p)
```

### Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

### Value

specific internal energy [ J/kg ]

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_internal\\_energy.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_internal_energy.html)

### Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
e <- gsw_internal_energy(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e5, c(1.148091576956162, 1.134013145527675, 0.909571141498779,
0.408593072177020, 0.273985276460357, 0.175019409258405)))
```

---

`gsw_internal_energy_ice`*Specific Internal Energy of Ice (75-term equation)*

---

**Description**

Specific Internal Energy of Ice (75-term equation)

**Usage**`gsw_internal_energy_ice(t, p)`**Arguments**

<code>t</code>	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
<code>p</code>	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

specific internal energy [ J/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_internal\\_energy\\_ice.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_internal_energy_ice.html)

**Examples**

```
t_Ih <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
e <- gsw_internal_energy_ice(t_Ih, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e5, c(-3.556606992432442, -3.609926216929878, -3.597799043634774,
-3.587312078410920, -3.561207060376329, -3.512700418975375)))
```

---

gsw\_IPV\_vs\_fNsquared\_ratio

*Ratio of vert. gradient of pot. density to vert grad of locally-referenced pot density*

---

### Description

Note that the C library had to be patched to get this working; a new version of the library will address the bug directly.

### Usage

```
gsw_IPV_vs_fNsquared_ratio(SA, CT, p, p_ref = 0)
```

### Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
p_ref	reference pressure [ dbar ]

### Value

list containing IPV\_vs\_fNsquared\_ratio [ unitless ] and mid-point pressure p\_mid [ dbar ]

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_IPV\\_vs\\_fNsquared\\_ratio.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_IPV_vs_fNsquared_ratio.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
p_ref <- 0
r <- gsw_IPV_vs_fNsqared_ratio(SA, CT, p, p_ref)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$IPV_vs_fNsqared_ratio,
  c(0.999742244888022, 0.996939883468178, 0.986141997098021,
    0.931595598713477, 0.861224354872028)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$p_mid, c(30, 87.5, 187.5, 425, 800)))
```

gsw\_kappa

*Isentropic Compressibility of Seawater (75-term equation)***Description**

Isentropic Compressibility of Seawater (75-term equation)

**Usage**

gsw\_kappa(SA, CT, p)

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

isentropic compressibility [ 1/Pa ] (not 1/dbar)

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_kappa.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_kappa.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to compressibility: `gsw_kappa_const_t_ice()`, `gsw_kappa_ice()`, `gsw_kappa_t_exact()`

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
kappa <- gsw_kappa(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(kappa*1e9, c(0.411343648791300, 0.411105416128094, 0.416566236026610,
                                0.435588650838751, 0.438782500588955, 0.439842289994702)))
```

---

`gsw_kappa_const_t_ice` *Isothermal Compressibility of Ice*

---

**Description**

Calculate isothermal compressibility of ice, in 1/Pa.

**Usage**

```
gsw_kappa_const_t_ice(t, p)
```

**Arguments**

<code>t</code>	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
<code>p</code>	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

isothermal compressibility of ice [ 1/Pa ] (not 1/dbar)

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.



**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_kappa\\_const\\_t\\_ice.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_kappa_const_t_ice.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to compressibility: `gsw_kappa()`, `gsw_kappa_ice()`, `gsw_kappa_t_exact()`

**Examples**

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
kappa <- gsw_kappa_const_t_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(kappa*1e9, c(0.115874753261484, 0.115384948953145, 0.115442212717850,
                                0.115452884634531, 0.115454824232421, 0.115619994536961)))
```

---

gsw\_kappa\_ice

*Isentropic Compressibility of Ice*

---

**Description**

Calculate isentropic compressibility of ice, in 1/Pa.

**Usage**

```
gsw_kappa_ice(t, p)
```

**Arguments**

t                    in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]  
p                    sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

isentropic compressibility of ice [ 1/Pa ] (not 1/dbar)

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_kappa\\_ice.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_kappa_ice.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to compressibility: `gsw_kappa()`, `gsw_kappa_const_t_ice()`, `gsw_kappa_t_exact()`

**Examples**

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
kappa <- gsw_kappa_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(kappa*1e9, c(0.112495239053936, 0.112070687842183, 0.112119091047584,
                                0.112126504739297, 0.112123513812840, 0.112262589530974)))
```

---

`gsw_kappa_t_exact`      *Isentropic compressibility of seawater (exact)*

---

**Description**

Isentropic compressibility of seawater (exact)

**Usage**

```
gsw_kappa_t_exact(SA, t, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

isentropic compressibility [ 1/Pa ] (not 1/dbar)

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_kappa\\_t\\_exact.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_kappa_t_exact.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to compressibility: [gsw\\_kappa\(\)](#), [gsw\\_kappa\\_const\\_t\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_kappa\\_ice\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <-c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
kappa <- gsw_kappa(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(kappa*1e9,
  c(0.411343648791300, 0.411105416128094, 0.416566236026610,
    0.435588650838751, 0.438782500588955, 0.439842289994702)))
```

---

gsw\_latentheat\_evap\_CT

*Latent heat of evaporation*

---

**Description**

Latent heat of evaporation

**Usage**

```
gsw_latentheat_evap_CT(SA, CT)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].

**Value**

latent heat of evaporation [ J/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip)

on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create\_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

## References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_latentheat\\_evap\\_CT.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_latentheat_evap_CT.html)

## See Also

Other things related to latent heat: [gsw\\_latentheat\\_evap\\_t\(\)](#), [gsw\\_latentheat\\_melting\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
lh <- gsw_latentheat_evap_CT(SA, CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(lh/1e6, c(2.429947107462561, 2.430774073049213, 2.444220372158452,
2.474127109232524, 2.482151446148560, 2.488052297193594)))
```

---

`gsw_latentheat_evap_t` *Latent heat of evaporation*

---

## Description

Latent heat of evaporation

## Usage

```
gsw_latentheat_evap_t(SA, t)
```

## Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]

## Value

latent heat of evaporation [ J/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_latentheat\\_evap\\_t.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_latentheat_evap_t.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to latent heat: `gsw_latentheat_evap_CT()`, `gsw_latentheat_melting()`

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
lh = gsw_latentheat_evap_t(SA, t)
stopifnot(all.equal(lh/1e6, c(2.429882982734836, 2.430730236218543, 2.444217294049004,
                             2.474137411322517, 2.482156276375029, 2.488054617630297)))
```

---

`gsw_latentheat_melting`

*Latent Heat of Melting*

---

**Description**

Latent Heat of Melting

**Usage**

```
gsw_latentheat_melting(SA, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

latent heat of freezing [ J/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_latentheat\\_melting.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_latentheat_melting.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to latent heat: [gsw\\_latentheat\\_evap\\_CT\(\)](#), [gsw\\_latentheat\\_evap\\_t\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10,    50,    125,    250,    600,    1000)
lh <- gsw_latentheat_melting(SA, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(lh/1e5, c(3.299496680271213, 3.298613352397986, 3.297125622834541,
                             3.294973895330757, 3.288480445559747, 3.280715862416388)))
```

---

`gsw_melting_ice_equilibrium_SA_CT_ratio`  
*Calculate  $d(SA)/d(CT)$  for Ice Melting in near-freezing Seawater*

---

**Description**

Calculate  $d(SA)/d(CT)$  for Ice Melting in near-freezing Seawater

**Usage**

```
gsw_melting_ice_equilibrium_SA_CT_ratio(SA, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

ratio of change in SA to change in CT [ g/kg/degC ].

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_melting\\_ice\\_equilibrium\\_SA\\_CT\\_ratio.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_melting_ice_equilibrium_SA_CT_ratio.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_melting_ice_equilibrium_SA_CT_ratio(SA, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r, c(0.420209509196985, 0.422511693121631, 0.424345503216433,
0.422475836091426, 0.422023427778221, 0.423037622331042)))
```

---

`gsw_melting_ice_equilibrium_SA_CT_ratio_poly`

*Calculate  $d(SA)/d(CT)$  for Ice Melting in near-freezing Seawater  
(Polynomial version)*

---

**Description**

Calculate  $d(SA)/d(CT)$  for Ice Melting in near-freezing Seawater (Polynomial version)

**Usage**

```
gsw_melting_ice_equilibrium_SA_CT_ratio_poly(SA, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

ratio of change in SA to change in CT [ g/kg/degC ].

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_melting\\_ice\\_equilibrium\\_SA\\_CT\\_ratio\\_poly.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_melting_ice_equilibrium_SA_CT_ratio_poly.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_melting_ice_equilibrium_SA_CT_ratio_poly(SA, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r, c(0.420209444587263, 0.422511664682796, 0.424345538275708,
0.422475965003649, 0.422023755182266, 0.423038080717229)))
```

---

gsw\_melting\_ice\_into\_seawater

*Calculate properties related to ice melting in seawater*

---

**Description**

Calculate properties related to ice melting in seawater

**Usage**

```
gsw_melting_ice_into_seawater(SA, CT, p, w_Ih, t_Ih)
```



**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
w_Ih	initial mass fraction (ice) / (water + ice)
t_Ih	initial temperature of ice [ degC ]

**Value**

a list containing SA\_final, CT\_final and w\_Ih\_final.

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw\_data\_v3\_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create\_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_melting\\_ice\\_into\\_seawater.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_melting_ice_into_seawater.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c( 4.7856, 2.4329, 1.8103, 1.2600, 0.6886, 0.4403)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
w_Ih <- c( 0.0560, 0.02513, 0.02159, 0.01210, 0.00943, 0.00751)
t_Ih <- c(-4.7856, -4.4329, -3.8103, -4.2600, -3.8863, -3.4036)
r <- gsw_melting_ice_into_seawater(SA, CT, p, w_Ih, t_Ih)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$SA_final, c(32.767939199999994, 34.014676604999998, 34.269397295999994,
34.425548880000001, 34.409033862000001, 34.471559675999998)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_final, c(-0.298448911022612, 0.215263001418312, -0.074341719211557,
0.207796293045473, -0.123785388299875, -0.202531182809225)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$w_Ih_final, rep(0, 6)))
```

---

`gsw_melting_ice_SA_CT_ratio`*Calculate  $d(SA)/d(CT)$  for Ice Melting in Seawater*

---

**Description**Calculate  $d(SA)/d(CT)$  for Ice Melting in Seawater**Usage**`gsw_melting_ice_SA_CT_ratio(SA, CT, p, t_Ih)`**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
t_Ih	initial temperature of ice [ degC ]

**Value**

ratio of change in SA to change in CT [ g/kg/degC ].

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_melting\\_ice\\_SA\\_CT\\_ratio.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_melting_ice_SA_CT_ratio.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c( 3.7856, 3.4329, 2.8103, 1.2600, 0.6886, 0.4403)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
t_Ih <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
r <- gsw_melting_ice_SA_CT_ratio(SA, CT, p, t_Ih)
stopifnot(all.equal(r, c(0.373840909022490, 0.371878514972099, 0.377104664622191,
0.382777696796156, 0.387133845152000, 0.393947316026914)))
```

---

gsw\_melting\_ice\_SA\_CT\_ratio\_poly

*Calculate  $d(SA)/d(CT)$  for Ice Melting in Seawater (Polynomial version)*

---

**Description**

Calculate  $d(SA)/d(CT)$  for Ice Melting in Seawater (Polynomial version)

**Usage**

```
gsw_melting_ice_SA_CT_ratio_poly(SA, CT, p, t_Ih)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
t_Ih	initial temperature of ice [ degC ]

**Value**

ratio of change in SA to change in CT [ g/kg/degC ].

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_melting\\_ice\\_SA\\_CT\\_ratio\\_poly.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_melting_ice_SA_CT_ratio_poly.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c( 3.7856, 3.4329, 2.8103, 1.2600, 0.6886, 0.4403)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
t_Ih <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
r <- gsw_melting_ice_SA_CT_ratio_poly(SA, CT, p, t_Ih)
stopifnot(all.equal(r, c(0.373840908629278, 0.371878512745054, 0.377104658031030,
                        0.382777681212224, 0.387133812279563, 0.393947267481204)))
```

---

gsw\_melting\_seaice\_into\_seawater

*Calculate properties related to seaice melting in seawater*

---

**Description**

Calculate properties related to seaice melting in seawater

**Usage**

```
gsw_melting_seaice_into_seawater(SA, CT, p, w_seaice, SA_seaice, t_seaice)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
w_seaice	mass fraction (seaice) / (water + seaice)
SA_seaice	Absolute Salinity of seaice
t_seaice	temperature of seaice

**Value**

a list containing SA\_final and CT\_final.

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_melting\\_seaice\\_into\\_seawater.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_melting_seaice_into_seawater.html)

### Examples

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c( 4.7856, 2.4329, 1.8103, 1.2600, 0.6886, 0.4403)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
w_seaice <- c( 0.0560, 0.02513, 0.02159, 0.01210, 0.00943, 0.00751)
SA_seaice <- c( 5, 4.8, 3.5, 2.5, 1, 0.4)
t_seaice <- c(-4.7856, -4.4329, -3.8103, -4.2600, -3.8863, -3.4036)
r <- gsw_melting_seaice_into_seawater(SA, CT, p, w_seaice, SA_seaice, t_seaice)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$SA_final, c(33.047939199999995, 34.135300604999998, 34.344962295999999,
34.455798880000003, 34.418463862000003, 34.474563675999995)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_final, c(-0.018822367305381, 0.345095540241769, 0.020418581143151,
0.242672380976922, -0.111078380121959, -0.197363471215418)))
```

---

gsw\_Nsquared

*Calculate Brunt Vaisala Frequency squared*

---

### Description

The result is computed based on first-differencing a computed density with respect pressure, and this can yield noisy results with CTD data that have not been smoothed and decimated. It also yields infinite values, for repeated adjacent pressure (e.g. this occurs twice with the ctd dataset provided in the **oce** package).

### Usage

```
gsw_Nsquared(SA, CT, p, latitude = 0)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
latitude	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called lat in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

**Value**

list containing N2 [ 1/s<sup>2</sup> ] and mid-point pressure p\_mid [ dbar ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw\_data\_v3\_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create\_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_Nsquared.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_Nsquared.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
latitude <- 4
r <- gsw_Nsquared(SA, CT, p, latitude=4)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$N2*1e3, c(0.060843209693499, 0.235723066151305, 0.216599928330380,
0.012941204313372, 0.008434782795209)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$p_mid, c(30, 87.5, 187.5, 425, 800)))
```

gsw\_O2sol

*Oxygen Solubility in Seawater (GSW variables)***Description**

Computes oxygen concentration for seawater that is equilibrium with vapour-saturated air at standard atmospheric pressure (101.325 kPa, i.e. for sea pressure of 0dbar). The formula, not created by the SCOR/IAPSO Working Group 127 nor approved by the IOC, is stated in the TEOS-10 documentation to be from Benson and Krause (1984), as fitted by Garcia and Gordon (1992, 1993). That formulation is framed in UNESCO-era water properties, so longitude and latitude are needed here, to convert to these quantities from Absolute Salinity and Conservative Temperature; see also [gsw\\_O2sol\\_SP\\_pt](#), which is formulated in UNESCO terms.

**Usage**

```
gsw_O2sol(SA, CT, p, longitude, latitude)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
longitude	longitude in decimal degrees, positive to the east of Greenwich. (This is called long in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
latitude	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called lat in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

**Value**

Oxygen solubility in micro-moles per kg.

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_O2sol.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_O2sol.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to oxygen: [gsw\\_O2sol\\_SP\\_pt\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c( 10,    50,    125,    250,    600,    1000)
latitude <- c(4,    4,    4,    4,    4,    4)
longitude <- c(188, 188, 188, 188, 188, 188)
O2sol <- gsw_O2sol(SA,CT,p,longitude,latitude)
stopifnot(all.equal(O2sol/100, c(1.949651126384804, 1.958728907684003,
2.148922307892045, 2.738656506758550, 2.955109771828408,
3.133584919106894)))
```

---

gsw\_O2sol\_SP\_pt

*Oxygen Solubility in Seawater (UNESCO variables)*

---

**Description**

Computes oxygen concentration for seawater that is equilibrium with vapour-saturated air at standard atmospheric pressure (101.325 kPa, i.e. for sea pressure of 0dbar). The formula, not created by the SCOR/IAPSO Working Group 127 nor approved by the IOC, is stated in the TEOS-10 documentation to be from Benson and Krause (1984), as fitted by Garcia and Gordon (1992, 1993). That formulation is framed in UNESCO-era water properties; see [gsw\\_O2sol](#) for the corresponding computation in GSW variables.

**Usage**

```
gsw_O2sol_SP_pt(SP, pt)
```

**Arguments**

SP	Practical Salinity (PSS-78) [ unitless ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is from 2 to 42.
pt	potential temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]

**Value**

Oxygen solubility in micro-moles per kg.



**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_02sol\\_SP\\_pt.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_02sol_SP_pt.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to oxygen: `gsw_02sol()`

**Examples**

```
SP <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
pt <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
O2sol <- gsw_02sol_SP_pt(SP, pt)
stopifnot(all.equal(O2sol/100, c(1.946825431692940, 1.956135062814438,
2.146559360234014, 2.735652832698713, 2.951580761415903,
3.129598716631408)))
```

---

`gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice`

*Potential Enthalpy of Ice*

---

**Description**

Potential Enthalpy of Ice

**Usage**

```
gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice(pt0_ice)
```

**Arguments**

`pt0_ice` potential temperature of ice (ITS-90) [ degC ]

**Value**

potential enthalpy [ J/kg ]

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_from\\_pt\\_ice.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice.html)

### See Also

Other things related to enthalpy: `gsw_CT_from_enthalpy()`, `gsw_dynamic_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_diff()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_der`, `gsw_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_enthalpy_t_exact()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_po`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_po`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`

### Examples

```
pt0_ice <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
e <- gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice(pt0_ice)
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e5, c(-3.555459449611868, -3.608607069998877, -3.596153890859193,
-3.585123178806596, -3.557490528226009, -3.507198313847837)))
```

---

`gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly`  
*Potential Enthalpy of Ice (Polynomial version)*

---

### Description

Potential Enthalpy of Ice (Polynomial version)

### Usage

```
gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly(pt0_ice)
```

### Arguments

`pt0_ice` potential temperature of ice (ITS-90) [ degC ]

**Value**

potential enthalpy [ J/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_from\\_pt\\_ice\\_poly.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to enthalpy: `gsw_CT_from_enthalpy()`, `gsw_dynamic_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_diff()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_der`, `gsw_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_enthalpy_t_exact()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_p`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`

**Examples**

```
pt0_ice <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
e <- gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly(pt0_ice)
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e5, c(-3.555459482216265, -3.608607100959428, -3.596153924697033,
-3.585123214031169, -3.557490561327994, -3.507198320793373)))
```

---

`gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing`

*Potential Enthalpy of Ice at Freezing Point*

---

**Description**

Potential Enthalpy of Ice at Freezing Point

**Usage**

```
gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing(SA, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
saturation_fraction	fraction of air in water [unitless]

**Value**

potential enthalpy [ J/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**Bugs**

1. The C source underlying this function lacks an argument, `saturation_fraction`, which is present in the Matlab source, and so that argument is ignored here.
2. The R code does not reproduce the check values stated at [http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_freezing.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing.html). Those values are incorporated in the test provided in ‘Examples’, so that test is not performed during build tests. See <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R/issues/27>.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_freezing.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to enthalpy: `gsw_CT_from_enthalpy()`, `gsw_dynamic_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_diff()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_der`, `gsw_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_enthalpy_t_exact()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_po`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_po`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
saturation_fraction = 1
e <- gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing(SA, p, saturation_fraction)
## Not run:
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e5, c(-3.373409558967978, -3.374434164002012, -3.376117536928847,
-3.378453698871986, -3.385497832886802, -3.393768587631489)))

## End(Not run)
```

---

gsw\_pot\_enthalpy\_ice\_freezing\_first\_derivatives  
*First Derivatives of Potential Enthalpy*

---

**Description**

First Derivatives of Potential Enthalpy

**Usage**

```
gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_first_derivatives(SA, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

A list containing `pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_SA` [ (J/kg)/(g/kg) ], the derivative of potential enthalpy with respect to Absolute Salinity, and `pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_p` [ unitless ], the derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to potential temperature. (Note that the second quantity is denoted `pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_P` in the documentation for the Matlab function.)

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

## References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_freezing\\_first\\_derivatives.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_first_derivatives.html)

## Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_first_derivatives(SA, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_SA/1e2,
  c(-1.183484968590718, -1.184125268891200, -1.184619267864844,
    -1.184026131143674, -1.183727706650925, -1.183814873741961)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_p/1e-3,
  c(-0.202880939983260, -0.203087335312542, -0.203473018454630,
    -0.204112435106666, -0.205889571619502, -0.207895691215823)))
```

---

gsw\_pot\_enthalpy\_ice\_freezing\_first\_derivatives\_poly

*First Derivatives of Potential Enthalpy (Polynomial version)*

---

## Description

First Derivatives of Potential Enthalpy (Polynomial version)

## Usage

```
gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_first_derivatives_poly(SA, p)
```

## Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

## Value

A list containing `pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_SA` [ (J/kg)/(g/kg) ], the derivative of potential enthalpy with respect to Absolute Salinity, and `pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_p` [ unitless ], the derivative of Conservative Temperature with respect to potential temperature. (Note that the second quantity is denoted `pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_P` in the documentation for the Matlab function.)

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_freezing\\_first\\_derivatives\\_poly.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_first_derivatives_poly.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_first_derivatives_poly(SA, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_SA/1e2,
  c(-1.183498006918154, -1.184135169530602, -1.184626138334419,
    -1.184032656542549, -1.183727371435808, -1.183805326863513)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_p/1e-3,
  c(-0.202934280214689, -0.203136950111241, -0.203515960539503,
    -0.204145112153220, -0.205898365024147, -0.207885289186464)))
```

---

`gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly`

*Potential Enthalpy of Ice at Freezing Point (Polynomial version)*

---

**Description**

Potential Enthalpy of Ice at Freezing Point (Polynomial version)

**Usage**

```
gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly(SA, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
saturation_fraction	fraction of air in water [unitless]

**Value**

potential enthalpy [ J/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_freezing\\_poly.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to enthalpy: `gsw_CT_from_enthalpy()`, `gsw_dynamic_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_diff()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_der`, `gsw_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_enthalpy_t_exact()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_p`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
saturation_fraction = 1
e <- gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly(SA, p, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(e/1e5, c(-3.373370858777002, -3.374395733068549, -3.376079507278181,
                           -3.378416106344322, -3.385460970578123, -3.393731732645173)))
```

---

`gsw_pot_rho_t_exact`     *Potential density*

---

**Description**

Potential density

**Usage**

```
gsw_pot_rho_t_exact(SA, t, p, p_ref)
```



**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
p_ref	reference pressure [ dbar ]

**Value**

potential density [ kg/m<sup>3</sup> ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_pot\\_rho\\_t\\_exact.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pot_rho_t_exact.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to density: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_CT\\_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_on\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\\_const\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_anom\\_standard\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,    125,    250,    600,   1000)
p_ref <- 0
prho <- gsw_pot_rho_t_exact(SA,t,p,p_ref)
stopifnot(all.equal(prho/1e3, c(1.021798145811089, 1.022052484416980, 1.023893583651958,
1.026667621124443, 1.027107230868492, 1.027409631264134)))
```

---

gsw\_pressure\_coefficient\_ice  
*Pressure Coefficient for Ice*

---

### Description

Pressure Coefficient for Ice

### Usage

```
gsw_pressure_coefficient_ice(t, p)
```

### Arguments

t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

### Value

specific internal energy [ Pa/degC ]

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_pressure\\_coefficient\\_ice.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pressure_coefficient_ice.html)

### Examples

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
pc <- gsw_pressure_coefficient_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(pc/1e6, c(1.333098059787838, 1.326359005133730, 1.327354133828322,
1.327793888831923, 1.328549609231685, 1.331416733490227)))
```

---

`gsw_pressure_freezing_CT`*Pressure at which Seawater Freezes*

---

**Description**

Pressure at which Seawater Freezes

**Usage**`gsw_pressure_freezing_CT(SA, CT, saturation_fraction = 1)`**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
----	---

CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
----	------------------------------------

saturation_fraction	fraction of air in water [unitless]
---------------------	-------------------------------------

**Value**

pressure at which freezing will occur [ dbar ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_pressure\\_freezing\\_CT.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pressure_freezing_CT.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(          34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(          -1.8996, -1.9407, -2.0062, -2.0923, -2.3593, -2.6771)
saturation_fraction <- c(      1,    0.8,    0.6,    0.5,    0.4,    0)
p <- gsw_pressure_freezing_CT(SA, CT, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(p/1e3, c(0.009890530270710, 0.050376026585933, 0.125933117050624,
                           0.251150973076077, 0.601441775836021, 1.002273338145043)))
```

gsw\_pt0\_from\_t

*Potential temperature referenced to the surface***Description**

Potential temperature referenced to the surface

**Usage**

```
gsw_pt0_from_t(SA, t, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

potential temperature [ degC ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_pt0\\_from\\_t.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pt0_from_t.html)

### Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
pt0 <- gsw_pt0_from_t(SA, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(pt0, c(28.783196819670632, 28.420983342398962, 22.784930399117108,
                          10.230523661095731, 6.829230224409661, 4.324510571845719)))
```

---

gsw\_pt0\_from\_t\_ice      *Potential Temperature of Ice Referenced to the Surface*

---

### Description

Potential Temperature of Ice Referenced to the Surface

### Usage

```
gsw_pt0_from_t_ice(t, p)
```

### Arguments

t                    in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]  
p                    sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

### Value

potential temperature [ degC ]

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_pt0\\_from\\_t\\_ice.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pt0_from_t_ice.html)

**Examples**

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
pt0 <- gsw_pt0_from_t_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(pt0, c(-10.787787898205298, -13.443730926050607, -12.837427056999708,
-12.314321615760905, -11.017040858094250, -8.622907355083088)))
```

---

gsw\_pt\_first\_derivatives

*First Derivatives of Potential Temperature*


---

**Description**

First Derivatives of Potential Temperature

**Usage**

```
gsw_pt_first_derivatives(SA, CT)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].

**Value**

A list containing pt\_SA [ K/(g/kg) ], the derivative of potential temperature with respect to Absolute Salinity, and pt\_CT [ unitless ], the derivative of potential temperature with respect to Conservative Temperature.

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_pt\\_first\\_derivatives.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pt_first_derivatives.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
r <- gsw_pt_first_derivatives(SA, CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$pt_SA, c(0.041863223165431, 0.041452303483011, 0.034682095247246,
0.018711079068408, 0.014079958329844, 0.010577326129948)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$pt_CT, c(0.997192967140242, 0.997451686508335, 0.998357568277750,
0.999996224076267, 1.000283719083268, 1.000525947028218)))
```

gsw\_pt\_from\_CT

*Potential temperature from Conservative Temperature***Description**

Potential temperature from Conservative Temperature

**Usage**

```
gsw_pt_from_CT(SA, CT)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].

**Value**

potential temperature [ degC ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_pt\\_from\\_CT.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pt_from_CT.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
pt <- gsw_pt_from_CT(SA, CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(pt, c(28.783177048624573, 28.420955597191984, 22.784953468087107,
                        10.230534394434429, 6.829216587061605, 4.324534835990236)))
```

---

gsw\_pt\_from\_entropy     *Potential Temperature from Entropy*

---

**Description**

Potential Temperature from Entropy

**Usage**

```
gsw_pt_from_entropy(SA, entropy)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
entropy	specific entropy [ J/(degC*kg) ]

**Value**

potential temperature [ degC ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_pt\\_from\\_entropy.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pt_from_entropy.html)



**See Also**

Other things related to entropy: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_entropy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_entropy\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_entropy\\_from\\_pt\(\)](#), [gsw\\_entropy\\_from\\_t\(\)](#), [gsw\\_entropy\\_ice\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
entropy <- c(400.3892, 395.4378, 319.8668, 146.7910, 98.6471, 62.7919)
pt <- gsw_pt_from_entropy(SA, entropy)
stopifnot(all.equal(pt, c(28.783179828078666, 28.420954825949291, 22.784952736245351,
10.230532066931868, 6.829213325916900, 4.324537782985845)))
```

---

gsw\_pt\_from\_pot\_enthalpy\_ice

*Potential Temperature from Potential Enthalpy of Ice*

---

**Description**

Potential Temperature from Potential Enthalpy of Ice

**Usage**

```
gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice(pot_enthalpy_ice)
```

**Arguments**

```
pot_enthalpy_ice
    potential enthalpy of ice [ J/kg ]
```

**Value**

```
potential temperature [ degC ]
```

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_pt\\_from\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to enthalpy: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_dynamic\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_CT\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_diff\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_first\\_der](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_frazil\\_properties\\_potential\(\)](#), [gsw\\_frazil\\_properties\\_p](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_from\\_pt\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_from\\_pt\\_ice\\_poly\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_freezing\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_freezing\\_poly\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pt\\_from\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_poly\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_first\\_derivati](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
pot_enthalpy_ice <- c(-3.5544e5, -3.6033e5, -3.5830e5, -3.5589e5, -3.4948e5, -3.4027e5)
pt <- gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice(pot_enthalpy_ice)
stopifnot(all.equal(pt, c(-10.733087588125384, -13.167397822300588, -12.154205899172704,
                        -10.956202704066083, -7.794963180206421, -3.314905214262531)))
```

---

`gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly`

*Potential Temperature from Potential Enthalpy of Ice (Polynomial version)*

---

**Description**

Potential Temperature from Potential Enthalpy of Ice (Polynomial version)

**Usage**

```
gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly(pot_enthalpy_ice)
```

**Arguments**

`pot_enthalpy_ice`  
potential enthalpy of ice [ J/kg ]

**Value**

potential temperature [ degC ]

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_pt\\_from\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_poly.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly.html)

### See Also

Other things related to enthalpy: `gsw_CT_from_enthalpy()`, `gsw_dynamic_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_diff()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_der:`, `gsw_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_enthalpy_t_exact()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_po`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`

### Examples

```
pot_enthalpy_ice <- c(-3.5544e5, -3.6033e5, -3.5830e5, -3.5589e5, -3.4948e5, -3.4027e5)
pt <- gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_poly(pot_enthalpy_ice)
stopifnot(all.equal(pt, c(-10.733085986035007, -13.167396204945987, -12.154204137867396,
                        -10.956201046447006, -7.794963341294590, -3.314907552013722)))
```

---

`gsw_pt_from_t`

*Potential Temperature from in-situ Temperature*

---

### Description

Potential Temperature from in-situ Temperature

### Usage

```
gsw_pt_from_t(SA, t, p, p_ref = 0)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
p_ref	reference pressure [ dbar ]

**Value**

potential temperature [ degC ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_pt\\_from\\_t.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pt_from_t.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,    125,    250,    600,   1000)
p_ref <- 0
pt <- gsw_pt_from_t(SA, t, p, p_ref)
stopifnot(all.equal(pt, c(28.783196819670632, 28.420983342398962, 22.784930399117108,
10.230523661095731, 6.829230224409661, 4.324510571845719))))
```

---

`gsw_pt_from_t_ice`

*Potential Temperature of Ice from in-situ Temperature*

---

**Description**

Potential Temperature of Ice from in-situ Temperature

**Usage**

```
gsw_pt_from_t_ice(t, p, p_ref = 0)
```

**Arguments**

t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
p_ref	reference pressure [ dbar ]

**Value**

potential temperature [ degC ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_pt\\_from\\_t\\_ice.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pt_from_t_ice.html)

**Examples**

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
p_ref <- 0 # not actually needed, since 0 is the default
pt <- gsw_pt_from_t_ice(t, p, p_ref)
stopifnot(all.equal(pt, c(-10.787787898205272, -13.443730926050661, -12.837427056999676,
                          -12.314321615760921, -11.017040858094234, -8.622907355083147)))
```

---

gsw\_pt\_second\_derivatives

*Second Derivatives of Potential Temperature*

---

## Description

Second Derivatives of Potential Temperature

## Usage

```
gsw_pt_second_derivatives(SA, CT)
```

## Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].

## Value

A list containing `pt_SA_SA` [ K/(g/kg)<sup>2</sup> ], the second derivative of potential temperature with respect to Absolute Salinity at constant potential temperature, and `pt_SA_pt` [ 1/(g/kg) ], the derivative of potential temperature with respect to Conservative Temperature and Absolute Salinity, and `pt_pt_pt` [ 1/degC ], the second derivative of potential temperature with respect to Conservative Temperature.

## Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

## References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_pt\\_second\\_derivatives.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_pt_second_derivatives.html)

**Examples**

```

SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
r <- gsw_pt_second_derivatives(SA, CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$pt_SA_SA/1e-3,
  c(0.160307058371208, 0.160785497957769, 0.168647220588324,
    0.198377949876584, 0.210181899321236, 0.220018966513329)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$pt_SA_CT,
  c(0.001185581323691, 0.001187068518686, 0.001217629686266,
    0.001333254154015, 0.001379674342678, 0.001418371539325)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$pt_CT_CT/1e-3,
  c(-0.121979811279463, -0.123711264754503, -0.140136818504977,
    -0.140645384127949, -0.113781055410824, -0.082417269009484)))

```

---

gsw\_p\_from\_z

*Pressure from height (75-term equation)*


---

**Description**

Pressure from height (75-term equation)

**Usage**

```
gsw_p_from_z(z, latitude, geo_strf_dyn_height, sea_surface_geopotential)
```

**Arguments**

**z** height, zero at surface (but note last 2 args) and positive upwards [ m ]

**latitude** latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called *lat* in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

**geo\_strf\_dyn\_height** vector of same length as *z* and *latitude*, indicating dynamic height [  $\text{m}^2/\text{s}^2$  ]. If not supplied, this defaults to a vector of 0 values, with length matching that of *z*.

**sea\_surface\_geopotential** vector of same length as *z* and *latitude*, indicating geopotential at zero sea pressure [  $\text{m}^2/\text{s}^2$  ]. If not supplied, this defaults to a vector of 0 values, with length matching that of *z*.

**Value**

sea pressure [ dbar ]

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### Historical Note

The `geo_strf_dyn_height` and `sea_surface_geopotential` parameters were added in GSW-R version 1.0-6.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_p\\_from\\_z.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_p_from_z.html)

### See Also

Other things related to depth: [gsw\\_z\\_from\\_p\(\)](#)

### Examples

```
z <- -c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
latitude <- 4
p <- gsw_p_from_z(z, latitude)
stopifnot(all.equal(p/1e3, c(0.010055726724518, 0.050283543374874, 0.125731858435610,
0.251540299593468, 0.604210012340727, 1.007990337692001)))
```

---

gsw\_rho

*In-situ density*

---

### Description

In-situ density, using the 75-term equation for specific volume.

### Usage

```
gsw_rho(SA, CT, p)
```



**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

in-situ density [ kg/m<sup>3</sup> ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_rho.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_rho.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to density: `gsw_CT_from_rho()`, `gsw_CT_maxdensity()`, `gsw_SA_from_rho()`, `gsw_alpha()`, `gsw_alpha_on_beta()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice()`, `gsw_beta()`, `gsw_beta_const_t_exact()`, `gsw_infunnel()`, `gsw_pot_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_rho_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`, `gsw_rho_ice()`, `gsw_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_sigma0()`, `gsw_sigma1()`, `gsw_sigma2()`, `gsw_sigma3()`, `gsw_sigma4()`, `gsw_specvol()`, `gsw_specvol_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_specvol_anom_standard()`, `gsw_specvol_ice()`, `gsw_specvol_t_exact()`

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
rho <- gsw_rho(SA,CT,p)
stopifnot(all.equal(rho/1e3, c(1.021839935738108, 1.022262457966867, 1.024427195413316,
1.027790152759127, 1.029837779000189, 1.032002453224572))))
```

---

gsw_rho_alpha_beta	<i>In-situ density, thermal expansion coefficient and haline contraction coefficient (75-term equation)</i>
--------------------	---

---

### Description

Calculate the in-situ density, the expansion coefficient (with respect to Conservative Temperature) and the haline contraction coefficient (with respect to Absolute Salinity), using the 75-term equation.

### Usage

```
gsw_rho_alpha_beta(SA, CT, p)
```

### Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

### Value

A list containing in-situ density rho [ kg/m<sup>3</sup> ], thermal expansion coefficient alpha [ 1/degC ], and haline contraction coefficient beta [ kg/g ].

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_rho\\_alpha\\_beta.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_rho_alpha_beta.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to density: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_CT\\_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_on\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\\_const\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_anom\\_standard\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_rho_alpha_beta(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$rho/1000, c(1.021839935738108, 1.022262457966867, 1.024427195413316,
1.027790152759127, 1.029837779000189, 1.032002453224572)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$alpha*1000, c(0.324638934509245, 0.322655537959731, 0.281145723210171,
0.173199716344780, 0.146289673594824, 0.129414845334599)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$beta*1000, c(0.717483987596135, 0.717647512290095, 0.726211643644768,
0.750500751749777, 0.755052064788492, 0.757050813384370)))
```

---

`gsw_rho_first_derivatives`

*Density First Derivatives wrt SA, CT and p (75-term equation)*

---

**Description**

Density First Derivatives wrt SA, CT and p (75-term equation)

**Usage**

```
gsw_rho_first_derivatives(SA, CT, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

list containing `drho_dSA` [ kg<sup>2</sup>/(g m<sup>3</sup>) ], `drho_dCT` [ kg/(K m<sup>3</sup>) ] and `drho_dp` [ kg/(Pa m<sup>3</sup>) ]

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_rho_first_derivatives.html)

### See Also

Other things related to density: `gsw_CT_from_rho()`, `gsw_CT_maxdensity()`, `gsw_SA_from_rho()`, `gsw_alpha()`, `gsw_alpha_on_beta()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice()`, `gsw_beta()`, `gsw_beta_const_t_exact()`, `gsw_infunnel()`, `gsw_pot_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_rho()`, `gsw_rho_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`, `gsw_rho_ice()`, `gsw_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_sigma0()`, `gsw_sigma1()`, `gsw_sigma2()`, `gsw_sigma3()`, `gsw_sigma4()`, `gsw_specvol()`, `gsw_specvol_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_specvol_anom_standard()`, `gsw_specvol_ice()`, `gsw_specvol_t_exact()`

### Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_rho_first_derivatives(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$drho_dSA, c(0.733153791778356, 0.733624109867480, 0.743950957375504,
0.771357282286743, 0.777581141431288, 0.781278296628328)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$drho_dCT, c(-0.331729027977015, -0.329838643311336, -0.288013324730644,
-0.178012962919839, -0.150654632545556, -0.133556437868984)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$drho_dp, 1e-6*c(0.420302360738476, 0.420251070273888, 0.426773054953941,
0.447763615252861, 0.452011501791479, 0.454118117103094)))
```

---

`gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy`

*Density First Derivatives wrt enthalpy (75-term equation)*

---

### Description

Density First Derivatives wrt enthalpy (75-term equation)

**Usage**

```
gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy(SA, CT, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

A list containing rho\_SA\_wrt\_h [ (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)/(g/kg) ] and rho\_h [ (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)/(J/kg) ].

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw\_data\_v3\_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create\_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to density: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_CT\\_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_on\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\\_const\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_anom\\_standard\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$rho_SA_wrt_h,
  c(0.733147960400929, 0.733595114830609, 0.743886977148835,
    0.771275693831993, 0.777414200397148, 0.781030546357425)))
```

```
stopifnot(all.equal(r$rho_h*1e4,
  c(-0.831005413475887, -0.826243794873652, -0.721438289309903,
    -0.445892608094272, -0.377326924646647, -0.334475962698187)))
```

gsw\_rho\_ice

*In-situ density of ice***Description**In-situ density of ice [kg/m<sup>3</sup>]**Usage**

gsw\_rho\_ice(t, p)

**Arguments**

t                    in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]  
 p                    sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**in-situ density [ kg/m<sup>3</sup> ]**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw\_data\_v3\_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create\_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_rho\\_ice.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_rho_ice.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to density: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_CT\\_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_on\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\\_const\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_anom\\_standard\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
rho <- gsw_rho_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(rho, c(918.2879969148962, 918.7043487325120, 918.6962796312690,
                          918.7513732275766, 918.9291139833307, 919.0032237449378)))
```

---

gsw\_rho\_second\_derivatives

*Second Derivatives of Density*


---

**Description**

Second Derivatives of Density

**Usage**

```
gsw_rho_second_derivatives(SA, CT, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

A list containing rho\_SA\_SA [ (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)/(g/kg)<sup>2</sup> ], the second derivative of density with respect to Absolute Salinity, rho\_SA\_CT [ (g/kg)/(g/kg)/degC ], the derivative of density with respect to Absolute Salinity and Conservative Temperature, and rho\_CT\_CT [ (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)/degC<sup>2</sup> ], the second derivative of density with respect to Conservative Temperature.

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_rho\\_second\\_derivatives.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_rho_second_derivatives.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)

r <- gsw_rho_second_derivatives(SA, CT, p)

stopifnot(all.equal(r$rho_SA_SA/1e-3, c(0.207364734477357, 0.207415414547223,
0.192903197286004, 0.135809142211237, 0.122627562106076,
0.114042431905783)))

stopifnot(all.equal(r$rho_SA_CT, c(-0.001832856561477, -0.001837354806146,
-0.001988065808078, -0.002560181494807, -0.002708939446458,
-0.002798484050141)))

stopifnot(all.equal(r$rho_CT_CT, c(-0.007241243828334, -0.007267807914635,
-0.007964270843331, -0.010008164822017, -0.010572200761984,
-0.010939294762200)))

all.equal(r$rho_SA_p, 1e-9*c(-0.617330965378778, -0.618403843947729,
-0.655302447133274, -0.764800777480716, -0.792168044875350,
-0.810125648949170))

all.equal(r$rho_CT_p, 1e-8*c(-0.116597992537549, -0.117744271236102,
-0.141712549466964, -0.214414626736539, -0.237704139801551,
-0.255296606034074))
```

---

gsw\_rho\_second\_derivatives\_wrt\_enthalpy

*Second Derivatives of Density wrt Enthalpy*

---

**Description**

Second Derivatives of Density wrt Enthalpy

**Usage**

```
gsw_rho_second_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy(SA, CT, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar



**Value**

A list containing rho\_SA\_SA [ (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)/(g/kg)<sup>2</sup> ], the second derivative of density with respect to Absolute Salinity, rho\_SA\_h [ (g/kg)/(g/kg)/(J/kg) ], the derivative of density with respect to Absolute Salinity and enthalpy, and rho\_h\_h [ (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)/(J/kg)<sup>2</sup> ], the second derivative of density with respect to enthalpy.

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_rho\\_second\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_rho_second_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_rho_second_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy(SA, CT, p)

stopifnot(all.equal(r$rho_SA_SA/1e-3, c(0.207325714908677, 0.207131960039965,
0.192001360206293, 0.133399974356615, 0.116504845152129,
0.103433221305694)))

stopifnot(all.equal(r$rho_SA_h/1e-6, c(-0.459053080088382, -0.460370569872258,
-0.498605615416296, -0.642833108550133, -0.682091962941161,
-0.706793055445909)))

stopifnot(all.equal(r$rho_h_h/1e-9, c(-0.454213854637790, -0.455984900239309,
-0.499870030989387, -0.628337767293403, -0.664021595759308,
-0.687367088752173)))
```

---

gsw_rho_t_exact	<i>In-situ Density of Seawater</i>
-----------------	------------------------------------

---

**Description**

In-situ Density of Seawater

**Usage**

```
gsw_rho_t_exact(SA, t, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

in-situ density [ kg/m<sup>3</sup> ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_rho\\_t\\_exact.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_rho_t_exact.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to density: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_CT\\_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_on\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\\_const\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_anom\\_standard\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c( 10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
rho <- gsw_rho_t_exact(SA, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(rho/1e3, c(1.021840173185531, 1.022262689926782, 1.024427715941676,
                             1.027790201811623, 1.029837714725961, 1.032002404116447)))
```

gsw\_SAAR

*Absolute Salinity Anomaly Ratio***Description**

Absolute Salinity Anomaly Ratio

**Usage**

```
gsw_SAAR(p, longitude, latitude)
```

**Arguments**

p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
longitude	longitude in decimal degrees, positive to the east of Greenwich. (This is called long in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
latitude	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called lat in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

**Value**

a list containing SAAR, which is the (unitless) Absolute Salinity Anomaly Ratio, and in\_ocean is set to 1 if SAAR is nonzero, or to 0 otherwise.

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**Bugs**

The definition of `in_ocean` is incorrect, because the C function named `gsw_saar`, which is called by the present R function, does not calculate `in_ocean`, as the base Matlab function named `gsw_SAAR` does. However, examination of the Matlab code shows that `in_ocean` is set to 0 along with SAAR, whenever the original estimate of the latter is nonfinite. Thus, points that would be signalled as being on the land by the Matlab code are indicated in the same way with the present R function. However, other points may also be indicated as being on land, if SAAR is simply zero in the first calculation. Whether this poses a problem in practice is an open question, since it seems likely that this function would only be called with oceanic locations, anyway. If problems arise for users, a patch can be written to improve things.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_SAAR.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SAAR.html)

**Examples**

```
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
longitude <- c(188, 188, 188, 188, 188, 188)
latitude <- c(4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4)
SAAR <- gsw_SAAR(p, longitude, latitude)
stopifnot(all.equal(1e3*SAAR$SAAR, c(0.004794295602143, 0.007668755837570, 0.018919828449091,
                                0.077293264028981, 0.161974583039298, 0.270652408428964)))
stopifnot(all.equal(SAAR$in_ocean, rep(1, 6)))
```

---

`gsw_SA_freezing_from_CT`

*Compute Absolute Salinity at Freezing Conservative Temperature*

---

**Description**

Compute Absolute Salinity at Freezing Conservative Temperature

**Usage**

```
gsw_SA_freezing_from_CT(CT, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

**Arguments**

<code>CT</code>	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
<code>p</code>	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
<code>saturation_fraction</code>	fraction of air in water [unitless]

**Value**

Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_SA\\_freezing\\_from\\_CT.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SA_freezing_from_CT.html)

**Examples**

```
CT <- c(-0.11901, -0.15608, -0.72138, -1.97738, -2.31728, -2.56764)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
saturation_fraction <- 1
SA <- gsw_SA_freezing_from_CT(CT, p, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(SA, c(2.280500648179144, 2.416867651098550, 11.973503162175106,
                        32.868973869711390, 34.017513292374431, 32.859871943514150)))
```

---

`gsw_SA_freezing_from_CT_poly`

*Compute Absolute Salinity at Freezing Point (Polynomial version)*

---

**Description**

Compute Absolute Salinity at Freezing Point (Polynomial version)

**Usage**

```
gsw_SA_freezing_from_CT_poly(CT, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

**Arguments**

CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
saturation_fraction	fraction of air in water [unitless]

**Value**

Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_SA\\_freezing\\_from\\_CT\\_poly.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SA_freezing_from_CT_poly.html)

**Examples**

```
CT <- c(-0.11901, -0.15608, -0.72138, -1.97738, -2.31728, -2.56764)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
saturation_fraction <- 1
SA <- gsw_SA_freezing_from_CT_poly(CT, p, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(SA, c(2.281810267792954, 2.418134292641376, 11.971996354752958,
                        32.867931280363138, 34.015087798162732, 32.856434894818825)))
```

---

`gsw_SA_freezing_from_t`

*Compute Absolute Salinity at Freezing in-situ Temperature*

---

**Description**

Compute Absolute Salinity at Freezing in-situ Temperature

**Usage**

```
gsw_SA_freezing_from_t(t, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

**Arguments**

<code>t</code>	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
<code>p</code>	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
<code>saturation_fraction</code>	fraction of air in water [unitless]

**Value**

Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_SA\\_freezing\\_from\\_t.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SA_freezing_from_t.html)

**Examples**

```
t <- c(-0.11901, -0.15608, -0.72138, -1.97738, -2.31728, -2.56764)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
saturation_fraction <- 1
SA <- gsw_SA_freezing_from_t(t, p, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(SA, c(2.015798440008186, 2.150742019102164, 11.679080083422074,
32.844196564019278, 34.138949682974413, 33.100945437175568)))
```

---

`gsw_SA_freezing_from_t_poly`

*Compute Absolute Salinity at Freezing in-situ Temperature (Polynomial version)*

---

**Description**

Compute Absolute Salinity at Freezing in-situ Temperature (Polynomial version)

**Usage**

```
gsw_SA_freezing_from_t_poly(t, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

**Arguments**

<code>t</code>	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
<code>p</code>	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
<code>saturation_fraction</code>	fraction of air in water [unitless]

**Value**

Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_SA\\_freezing\\_from\\_t\\_poly.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SA_freezing_from_t_poly.html)

**Examples**

```
t <- c(-0.11901, -0.15608, -0.72138, -1.97738, -2.31728, -2.56764)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
saturation_fraction <- 1
SA <- gsw_SA_freezing_from_t_poly(t, p, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(SA, c(2.017072489768256, 2.151989342038462, 11.677649626115608,
                        32.843128114999026, 34.136459306273451, 33.097427522625182)))
```

---

gsw\_SA\_from\_rho

*Compute Absolute Salinity from Density, etc*

---

**Description**

Compute Absolute Salinity from Density, etc

**Usage**

```
gsw_SA_from_rho(rho, CT, p)
```

**Arguments**

rho	seawater density [ kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar



**Value**

Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_rho.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SA_from_rho.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to density: `gsw_CT_from_rho()`, `gsw_CT_maxdensity()`, `gsw_alpha()`, `gsw_alpha_on_beta()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice()`, `gsw_beta()`, `gsw_beta_const_t_exact()`, `gsw_infunnel()`, `gsw_pot_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_rho()`, `gsw_rho_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`, `gsw_rho_ice()`, `gsw_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_sigma0()`, `gsw_sigma1()`, `gsw_sigma2()`, `gsw_sigma3()`, `gsw_sigma4()`, `gsw_specvol()`, `gsw_specvol_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_specvol_anom_standard()`, `gsw_specvol_ice()`, `gsw_specvol_t_exact()`

**Examples**

```
rho <- c(1021.8482, 1022.2647, 1024.4207, 1027.7841, 1029.8287, 1031.9916)
CT <-c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
SA <- gsw_SA_from_rho(rho, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(SA, c(34.712080120418108, 34.891723808488869, 35.026202257609505,
34.847160842234572, 34.736398269039945, 34.732228881079742)))
```

---

`gsw_SA_from_SP`

*Convert from Practical Salinity to Absolute Salinity*

---

**Description**

Calculate Absolute Salinity from Practical Salinity, pressure, longitude, and latitude.

**Usage**

```
gsw_SA_from_SP(SP, p, longitude, latitude)
```

**Arguments**

SP	Practical Salinity (PSS-78) [ unitless ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is from 2 to 42.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
longitude	longitude in decimal degrees, positive to the east of Greenwich. (This is called long in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
latitude	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called lat in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

**Details**

If SP is a matrix and if its dimensions correspond to the lengths of longitude and latitude, then the latter are converted to analogous matrices with [expand.grid](#).

**Value**

Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_SP.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SA_from_SP.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to salinity: [gsw\\_C\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_SP\\_Baltic\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_C\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SA\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SK\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SR\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SR\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_Sstar\\_from\\_SA\(\)](#), [gsw\\_Sstar\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_deltaSA\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SP <- c(34.5487, 34.7275, 34.8605, 34.6810, 34.5680, 34.5600)
p <- c( 10,    50,    125,    250,    600,   1000)
lat <- c(  4,    4,    4,    4,    4,    4)
long <- c( 188,  188,  188,  188,  188,  188)
SA <- gsw_SA_from_SP(SP, p, long, lat)
```

```
stopifnot(all.equal(SA, c(34.711778344814114, 34.891522618230098, 35.025544862476920,
34.847229026189588, 34.736628474576051, 34.732363065590846)))
```

---

`gsw_SA_from_SP_Baltic` *Convert from Practical Salinity to Absolute Salinity (Baltic)*

---

## Description

Calculate Absolute Salinity from Practical Salinity, pressure, longitude, and latitude.

## Usage

```
gsw_SA_from_SP_Baltic(SP, longitude, latitude)
```

## Arguments

<code>SP</code>	Practical Salinity (PSS-78) [ unitless ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is from 2 to 42.
<code>longitude</code>	longitude in decimal degrees, positive to the east of Greenwich. (This is called <code>long</code> in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
<code>latitude</code>	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called <code>lat</code> in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

## Details

If `SP` is a matrix and if its dimensions correspond to the lengths of `longitude` and `latitude`, then the latter are converted to analogous matrices with `expand.grid`.

## Value

Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]

## Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

## References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_SP\\_Baltic.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SA_from_SP_Baltic.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to salinity: [gsw\\_C\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_C\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SA\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SK\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SR\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SR\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_Sstar\\_from\\_SA\(\)](#), [gsw\\_Sstar\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_deltaSA\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SP <- c( 6.5683, 6.6719, 6.8108, 7.2629, 7.4825, 10.2796)
lon <- c( 20,    20,    20,    20,    20,    20)
lat <- c( 59,    59,    59,    59,    59,    59)
SA <- gsw_SA_from_SP_Baltic(SP, lon, lat)
stopifnot(all.equal(SA, c(6.669945432342856, 6.773776430742856, 6.912986138057142,
                        7.366094191885713, 7.586183837142856, 10.389520570971428)))
```

---

gsw_SA_from_Sstar	<i>Absolute Salinity from Preformed Salinity</i>
-------------------	--

---

**Description**

Calculate Absolute Salinity from Preformed Salinity, pressure, longitude, and latitude.

**Usage**

```
gsw_SA_from_Sstar(Sstar, p, longitude, latitude)
```

**Arguments**

Sstar	Preformed Salinity [ g/kg ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
longitude	longitude in decimal degrees, positive to the east of Greenwich. (This is called long in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
latitude	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called lat in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

**Details**

If Sstar is a matrix and if its dimensions correspond to the lengths of longitude and latitude, then the latter are converted to analogous matrices with [expand.grid](#).

**Value**

Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_Sstar.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SA_from_Sstar.html)

### See Also

Other things related to salinity: [gsw\\_C\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_SP\\_Baltic\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_C\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SA\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SK\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SR\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SR\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_Sstar\\_from\\_SA\(\)](#), [gsw\\_Sstar\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_deltaSA\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#)

### Examples

```
Sstar <- c(34.7115, 34.8912, 35.0247, 34.8436, 34.7291, 34.7197)
p <- c( 10,    50,    125,    250,    600,   1000)
lat <- c(  4,    4,    4,    4,    4,    4)
long <- c( 188,  188,  188,  188,  188,  188)
SA <- gsw_SA_from_Sstar(Sstar, p, long, lat)
stopifnot(all.equal(SA, c(34.711724663585905, 34.891561223296009, 35.025594598699882,
                        34.847235885385913, 34.736694493054166, 34.732387111902753)))
```

---

`gsw_seaice_fraction_to_freeze_seawater`

*Sea ice Fraction to Cool Seawater to Freezing*

---

### Description

Sea ice Fraction to Cool Seawater to Freezing

### Usage

```
gsw_seaice_fraction_to_freeze_seawater(SA, CT, p, SA_seaice, t_seaice)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
SA_seaice	Absolute Salinity of sea ice [ g/kg ]
t_seaice	initial temperature of sea ice [ degC ]

**Value**

a list containing SA\_freeze, CT\_freeze and w\_Ih.

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw\_data\_v3\_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create\_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_seaice\\_fraction\\_to\\_freeze\\_seawater.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_seaice_fraction_to_freeze_seawater.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c( 34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c( -1.7856, -1.4329, -1.8103, -1.2600, -0.6886, 0.4403)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
SA_seaice <- c( 5, 4.8, 3.5, 2.5, 1, 0.4)
t_seaice <- c(-5.7856, -4.4329, -3.8103, -4.2600, -3.8863, -3.4036)
r <- gsw_seaice_fraction_to_freeze_seawater(SA, CT, p, SA_seaice, t_seaice)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$SA_freeze, c(34.671271207148074, 34.703449677481224, 34.950192062047861,
34.525277379661880, 34.077349518029997, 33.501836583274191)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$CT_freeze, c(-1.895419711000293, -1.927935638317893, -1.999943183939312,
-2.071677444370745, -2.318866154643864, -2.603185031462614)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$w_seaice, c(0.001364063868629, 0.006249283768465, 0.002391958850970,
0.009952101583387, 0.019541106156815, 0.035842627277027)))
```

---

gsw_sigma0	<i>Potential density anomaly referenced to 0 dbar</i>
------------	---

---

**Description**

This uses the 75-term density equation, and returns potential density referenced to a pressure of 0 dbar, minus 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>.

**Usage**

```
gsw_sigma0(SA, CT)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].

**Value**

potential density anomaly [ kg/m<sup>3</sup> ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_sigma0.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_sigma0.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to density: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_CT\\_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_on\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\\_const\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_anom\\_standard\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
sigma0 <- gsw_sigma0(SA,CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(sigma0, c(21.797900819337656, 22.052215404397316, 23.892985307893923,
26.667608665972011, 27.107380455119710, 27.409748977090885)))
```

gsw\_sigma1

*Potential density anomaly referenced to 1000 dbar***Description**

This uses the 75-term density equation, and returns potential density referenced to a pressure of 1000 dbar, minus 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>.

**Usage**

```
gsw_sigma1(SA, CT)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].

**Value**

potential density anomaly [ kg/m<sup>3</sup> ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_sigma1.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_sigma1.html)



**See Also**

Other things related to density: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_CT\\_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_on\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\\_const\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_anom\\_standard\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
sigma1 <- gsw_sigma1(SA,CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(sigma1, c(25.955618850310202, 26.213131422420247, 28.125423775188438,
                             31.120360038882382, 31.637724222733368, 32.002453224572037)))
```

---

gsw\_sigma2

*Potential density anomaly referenced to 2000 dbar*


---

**Description**

This uses the 75-term density equation, and returns potential density referenced to a pressure of 2000 dbar, minus 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>.

**Usage**

```
gsw_sigma2(SA, CT)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].

**Value**

potential density anomaly [ kg/m<sup>3</sup> ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip)

on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create\_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

## References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_sigma2.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_sigma2.html)

## See Also

Other things related to density: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_CT\\_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_on\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\\_const\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_anom\\_standard\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
sigma2 <- gsw_sigma2(SA,CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(sigma2, c(30.023152223799116, 30.283783336283477, 32.265556840289719,
35.474550881051073, 36.067289438047737, 36.492606494879510)))
```

---

gsw\_sigma3

*Potential density anomaly referenced to 3000 dbar*

---

## Description

This uses the 75-term density equation, and returns potential density referenced to a pressure of 3000 dbar, minus 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>.

## Usage

```
gsw_sigma3(SA, CT)
```

## Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].

## Value

potential density anomaly with reference pressure 3000 dbar [ kg/m<sup>3</sup> ]

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_sigma3.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_sigma3.html)

### See Also

Other things related to density: `gsw_CT_from_rho()`, `gsw_CT_maxdensity()`, `gsw_SA_from_rho()`, `gsw_alpha()`, `gsw_alpha_on_beta()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice()`, `gsw_beta()`, `gsw_beta_const_t_exact()`, `gsw_infunnel()`, `gsw_pot_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_rho()`, `gsw_rho_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`, `gsw_rho_ice()`, `gsw_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_sigma0()`, `gsw_sigma1()`, `gsw_sigma2()`, `gsw_sigma4()`, `gsw_specvol()`, `gsw_specvol_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_specvol_anom_standard()`, `gsw_specvol_ice()`, `gsw_specvol_t_exact()`

### Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
sigma3 <- gsw_sigma3(SA,CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(sigma3, c(34.003747849903675, 34.267409891564057, 36.316415829697917,
39.732367693977039, 40.397934186745033, 40.881795690566832)))
```

---

`gsw_sigma4`

*Potential density anomaly referenced to 4000 dbar*

---

### Description

This uses the 75-term density equation, and returns potential density referenced to a pressure of 4000 dbar, minus 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>.

### Usage

```
gsw_sigma4(SA, CT)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].

**Value**

potential density anomaly with reference pressure 4000 dbar [ kg/m<sup>3</sup> ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_sigma4.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_sigma4.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to density: `gsw_CT_from_rho()`, `gsw_CT_maxdensity()`, `gsw_SA_from_rho()`, `gsw_alpha()`, `gsw_alpha_on_beta()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice()`, `gsw_beta()`, `gsw_beta_const_t_exact()`, `gsw_infunnel()`, `gsw_pot_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_rho()`, `gsw_rho_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`, `gsw_rho_ice()`, `gsw_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_sigma0()`, `gsw_sigma1()`, `gsw_sigma2()`, `gsw_sigma3()`, `gsw_specvol()`, `gsw_specvol_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_specvol_anom_standard()`, `gsw_specvol_ice()`, `gsw_specvol_t_exact()`

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
sigma4 <- gsw_sigma4(SA,CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(sigma4, c(37.900374609834898, 38.166979617032439, 40.280876075282549,
43.896091033421953, 44.631677245327637, 45.171817312020039)))
```

---

gsw_sound_speed	<i>Sound speed</i>
-----------------	--------------------

---

**Description**

Speed of sound in seawater, using the 75-term equation for specific volume.

**Usage**

```
gsw_sound_speed(SA, CT, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

sound speed [ m/s ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_sound\\_speed.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_sound_speed.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to sound: [gsw\\_sound\\_speed\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sound\\_speed\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#)

### Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
speed <- gsw_sound_speed(SA,CT,p)
stopifnot(all.equal(speed/1e3, c(1.542426412426373, 1.542558891663385, 1.530801535436184,
1.494551099295314, 1.487622786765276, 1.484271672296205)))
```

---

`gsw_sound_speed_ice`    *Sound speed in ice*

---

### Description

Speed of sound in ice.

### Usage

```
gsw_sound_speed_ice(t, p)
```

### Arguments

<code>t</code>	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
<code>p</code>	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

### Value

sound speed [ m/s ]

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_sound\\_speed\\_ice.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_sound_speed_ice.html)

### See Also

Other things related to sound: [gsw\\_sound\\_speed\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sound\\_speed\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
speed <- gsw_sound_speed_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(speed/1e3, c(3.111311360346254, 3.116492565497544, 3.115833462003452,
                                3.115637032488204, 3.115377253092692, 3.113321384499191)))
```

---

gsw\_sound\_speed\_t\_exact

*Sound Speed in Seawater*


---

**Description**

Sound Speed in Seawater

**Usage**

```
gsw_sound_speed_t_exact(SA, t, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

sound speed [ m/s ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_sound\\_speed\\_t\\_exact.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_sound_speed_t_exact.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to sound: [gsw\\_sound\\_speed\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sound\\_speed\\_ice\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
sound_speed <- gsw_sound_speed_t_exact(SA,CT,p)
stopifnot(all.equal(sound_speed/1e3, c(1.542615803587414, 1.542703534065789, 1.530844979136360,
1.494409996920661, 1.487377102518027, 1.483934609078705)))
```

---

gsw\_specvol

*Specific Volume of Seawater*


---

**Description**

Specific Volume of Seawater

**Usage**

```
gsw_specvol(SA, CT, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

Specific volume (1/density)

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.



**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_specvol.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_specvol.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to density: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_CT\\_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_on\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\\_const\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_anom\\_standard\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
specvol <- gsw_specvol(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(specvol*1e3,
  c(0.978626852431313, 0.978222365701325, 0.976155264597929,
    0.972961258011157, 0.971026719344908, 0.968989944622149)))
```

---

`gsw_specvol_alpha_beta`

*Specific Volume, alpha, and beta*

---

**Description**

Specific Volume, alpha, and beta

**Usage**

```
gsw_specvol_alpha_beta(SA, CT, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

a list holding `specvol`, the specific volume [ m<sup>3</sup>/kg ], `alpha`, the thermal expansion coefficient [ 1/degC ], and `beta`, the haline contraction coefficient [ kg/g ].

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_specvol\\_alpha\\_beta.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_specvol_alpha_beta.html)

### See Also

Other things related to density: `gsw_CT_from_rho()`, `gsw_CT_maxdensity()`, `gsw_SA_from_rho()`, `gsw_alpha()`, `gsw_alpha_on_beta()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice()`, `gsw_beta()`, `gsw_beta_const_t_exact()`, `gsw_infunnel()`, `gsw_pot_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_rho()`, `gsw_rho_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`, `gsw_rho_ice()`, `gsw_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_sigma0()`, `gsw_sigma1()`, `gsw_sigma2()`, `gsw_sigma3()`, `gsw_sigma4()`, `gsw_specvol()`, `gsw_specvol_anom_standard()`, `gsw_specvol_ice()`, `gsw_specvol_t_exact()`

### Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_specvol_alpha_beta(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$specvol/1e-3, c(0.978626852431313, 0.978222365701325, 0.976155264597929,
0.972961258011157, 0.971026719344908, 0.968989944622149)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$alpha/1e-3, c(0.324638934509245, 0.322655537959731, 0.281145723210171,
0.173199716344780, 0.146289673594824, 0.129414845334599)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$beta/1e-3, c(0.717483987596135, 0.717647512290095, 0.726211643644768,
0.750500751749777, 0.755052064788492, 0.757050813384370)))
```

---

`gsw_specvol_anom_standard`

*Specific volume anomaly [standard] (75-term equation)*

---

### Description

Note that the TEOS function named `specific_volume_anomaly` is not provided in the C library, so it is not provided in R, either.

**Usage**

```
gsw_specvol_anom_standard(SA, CT, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

Specific volume anomaly [ m<sup>3</sup>/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_specvol\\_anom\\_standard.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_specvol_anom_standard.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to density: `gsw_CT_from_rho()`, `gsw_CT_maxdensity()`, `gsw_SA_from_rho()`, `gsw_alpha()`, `gsw_alpha_on_beta()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice()`, `gsw_beta()`, `gsw_beta_const_t_exact()`, `gsw_infunnel()`, `gsw_pot_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_rho()`, `gsw_rho_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`, `gsw_rho_ice()`, `gsw_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_sigma0()`, `gsw_sigma1()`, `gsw_sigma2()`, `gsw_sigma3()`, `gsw_sigma4()`, `gsw_specvol()`, `gsw_specvol_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_specvol_ice()`, `gsw_specvol_t_exact()`

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c( 10,      50,      125,      250,      600,      1000)
a <- gsw_specvol_anom_standard(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(a*1e5, c(0.601051894897400, 0.578609769250563, 0.405600538950092,
0.142190453761838, 0.104335535578967, 0.076383389577725)))
```

---

gsw\_specvol\_first\_derivatives

*First Derivatives of Specific Volume*


---

**Description**

First Derivatives of Specific Volume

**Usage**

`gsw_specvol_first_derivatives(SA, CT, p)`

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

A list containing  $v_{SA}$  [ (m<sup>3</sup>/kg)/(g/kg) ], the derivative of specific volume with respect to Absolute Salinity,  $v_{CT}$  [ (m<sup>3</sup>/kg)/degC], the derivative of specific volume with respect to Conservative Temperature, and  $v_p$  [ (m<sup>3</sup>/kg)/dbar ], the derivative of specific volume with respect to pressure. (Note that the last quantity is denoted  $v_P$  in the documentation for the Matlab function.)

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_specvol\\_first\\_derivatives.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_specvol_first_derivatives.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to enthalpy: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_dynamic\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_CT\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_diff\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_first\\_der](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_enthalpy\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_frazil\\_properties\\_potential\(\)](#), [gsw\\_frazil\\_properties\\_p](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_from\\_pt\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_from\\_pt\\_ice\\_poly\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_freezing\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_freezing\\_poly\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pt\\_from\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pt\\_from\\_pot\\_enthalpy\\_ice\\_po](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_specvol_first_derivatives(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$v_SA/1e-6,
  c(-0.702149096451073, -0.702018847212088, -0.708895319156155,
    -0.730208155560782, -0.733175729406169, -0.733574625737474)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$v_CT/1e-6,
  c(0.317700378655437, 0.315628863649601, 0.274441877830800,
    0.168516613901993, 0.142051181824820, 0.125401683814057)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$v_p/1e-12,
  c(-0.402527990904794, -0.402146232553089, -0.406663124765787,
    -0.423877042622481, -0.426198431093548, -0.426390351853055)))
```

---

`gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy`

*First Derivatives of Specific Volume wrt Enthalpy*

---

**Description**

First Derivatives of Specific Volume wrt Enthalpy

**Usage**

```
gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy(SA, CT, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

A list containing `v_SA_wrt_h` [ (m<sup>3</sup>/kg)/(g/kg) ] and `v_h`.

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_specvol\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy.html)

### See Also

Other things related to enthalpy: `gsw_CT_from_enthalpy()`, `gsw_dynamic_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy()`, `gsw_enthalpy_CT_exact()`, `gsw_enthalpy_diff()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_enthalpy_first_der`, `gsw_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_enthalpy_t_exact()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_potential()`, `gsw_frazil_properties_po`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_from_pt_ice_poly()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing()`, `gsw_pot_enthalpy_ice_freezing_poly()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice()`, `gsw_pt_from_pot_enthalpy_ice_po`, `gsw_specvol_first_derivatives()`

### Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_specvol_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$v_SA_wrt_h/1e-6,
  c(-0.702143511679586, -0.701991101310494, -0.708834353735310,
    -0.730130919555592, -0.733018321892082, -0.733342002723321)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$v_h/1e-10,
  c(0.795862623587769, 0.790648383268264, 0.687443468257647,
    0.422105846942233, 0.355778874334799, 0.314053366403993)))
```

---

`gsw_specvol_ice`

*Specific Volume of Ice*

---

### Description

Specific Volume of Ice

**Usage**

```
gsw_specvol_ice(t, p)
```

**Arguments**

t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

Specific volume [ m<sup>3</sup>/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_specvol\\_ice.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_specvol_ice.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to density: `gsw_CT_from_rho()`, `gsw_CT_maxdensity()`, `gsw_SA_from_rho()`, `gsw_alpha()`, `gsw_alpha_on_beta()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_exact()`, `gsw_alpha_wrt_t_ice()`, `gsw_beta()`, `gsw_beta_const_t_exact()`, `gsw_infunnel()`, `gsw_pot_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_rho()`, `gsw_rho_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives()`, `gsw_rho_first_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy()`, `gsw_rho_ice()`, `gsw_rho_t_exact()`, `gsw_sigma0()`, `gsw_sigma1()`, `gsw_sigma2()`, `gsw_sigma3()`, `gsw_sigma4()`, `gsw_specvol()`, `gsw_specvol_alpha_beta()`, `gsw_specvol_anom_standard()`, `gsw_specvol_t_exact()`

**Examples**

```
t <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
v <- gsw_specvol_ice(t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(v, c(0.001088982980677, 0.001088489459509, 0.001088499019939,
0.001088433747301, 0.001088223220685, 0.001088135464776)))
```

---

 gsw\_specvol\_second\_derivatives

*Second Derivatives of Specific Volume*


---

**Description**

Second Derivatives of Specific Volume

**Usage**

```
gsw_specvol_second_derivatives(SA, CT, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

A list containing specvol\_SA\_SA [ (m<sup>3</sup>/kg)/(g/kg)<sup>2</sup> ], the second derivative of specific volume with respect to Absolute Salinity, specvol\_SA\_CT [ (m<sup>3</sup>/kg)/(g/kg)/degC ], the derivative of specific volume with respect to Absolute Salinity and Conservative Temperature, specvol\_CT\_CT [ (m<sup>3</sup>/kg)/degC<sup>2</sup> ], the second derivative of specific volume with respect to Conservative Temperature, specvol\_SA\_p [ (m<sup>3</sup>/kg)/(g/kg)/Pa ], the derivative of specific volume with respect to Absolute Salinity and pressure, and specvol\_CT\_p [ (m<sup>3</sup>/kg)/K/dbar ], the derivative of specific volume with respect to Conservative Temperature and pressure.

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_specvol\\_second\\_derivatives.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_specvol_second_derivatives.html)



**Examples**

```

SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)

r <- gsw_specvol_second_derivatives(SA, CT, p)

stopifnot(all.equal(r$specvol_SA_SA/1e-8, c(0.080906777599140,
      0.080915086639384, 0.084568844270812, 0.096725108896007,
      0.099111765836648, 0.100302277946072)))

stopifnot(all.equal(r$specvol_SA_CT/1e-8, c(0.129965332117084,
      0.130523053162130, 0.149555815430615, 0.217023290441810,
      0.233892039070486, 0.243659989480325)))

stopifnot(all.equal(r$specvol_CT_CT/1e-7, c(0.071409582006642,
      0.071582962051991, 0.077436153664104, 0.095329736274850,
      0.100105336953738, 0.103044572835472)))

stopifnot(all.equal(r$specvol_SA_p/1e-14, c(0.116889015000936,
      0.116897424150385, 0.121500614193893, 0.136008673596132,
      0.139023051292893, 0.140581903529772)))

stopifnot(all.equal(r$specvol_CT_p/1e-14, c(0.085542828707964,
      0.086723632576213, 0.112156562396990, 0.188269893599500,
      0.211615556759369, 0.228609575049911)))

```

---

gsw\_specvol\_second\_derivatives\_wrt\_enthalpy  
*Second Derivatives of Specific Volume wrt Enthalpy*

---

**Description**

Second Derivatives of Specific Volume wrt Enthalpy

**Usage**

```
gsw_specvol_second_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy(SA, CT, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

A list containing `specvol_SA_SA` [  $(\text{m}^3/\text{kg})/(\text{g}/\text{kg})^2$  ], the second derivative of specific volume with respect to Absolute Salinity, `specvol_SA_h` [  $(\text{m}^3/\text{kg})/(\text{g}/\text{kg})/(\text{J}/\text{kg})$  ], the derivative of specific volume with respect to Absolute Salinity and enthalpy, and `specvol_h_h` [  $(\text{m}^3/\text{kg})/(\text{J}/\text{kg})^2$  ], the second derivative of specific volume with respect to enthalpy.

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_specvol\\_second\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_specvol_second_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)

r <- gsw_specvol_second_derivatives_wrt_enthalpy(SA, CT, p)

stopifnot(all.equal(r$specvol_SA_SA/1e-8, c(0.080898741086877,
      0.080931595349498, 0.084648485333225, 0.096952812049233,
      0.099684475381589, 0.101288447077547)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$specvol_SA_h/1e-12, c(0.325437133570796,
      0.327060462851431, 0.375273569184178, 0.545188833073084,
      0.589424881889351, 0.616101548209175)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$specvol_h_h/1e-15, c(0.447949998681476, 0.449121446914278,
      0.485998151346315, 0.598480711660961, 0.628708349875318,
      0.647433212216398)))
```

---

`gsw_specvol_t_exact`    *Specific Volume of Seawater*

---

**Description**

Specific Volume of Seawater

**Usage**

```
gsw_specvol_t_exact(SA, t, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

Specific volume [ m<sup>3</sup>/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_specvol\\_t\\_exact.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_specvol_t_exact.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to density: [gsw\\_CT\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_CT\\_maxdensity\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_on\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_alpha\\_wrt\\_t\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_beta\\_const\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_infunnel\(\)](#), [gsw\\_pot\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_first\\_derivatives\\_wrt\\_enthalpy\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_ice\(\)](#), [gsw\\_rho\\_t\\_exact\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma0\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma1\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma2\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma3\(\)](#), [gsw\\_sigma4\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_alpha\\_beta\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_anom\\_standard\(\)](#), [gsw\\_specvol\\_ice\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,   125,   250,   600,  1000)
v <- gsw_specvol_t_exact(SA, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(v*1e3, c(0.978626625025472, 0.978222143734527, 0.976154768597586,
                           0.972961211575438, 0.971026779948624, 0.968989990731808)))
```

---

gsw\_spiciness0            *Seawater Spiciness at p=0 dbar*

---

**Description**

Calculate seawater spiciness referenced to 0 dbar (i.e. the surface).

**Usage**

```
gsw_spiciness0(SA, CT)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].

**Value**

spiciness [ kg/m<sup>3</sup> ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_spiciness0.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_spiciness0.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to spiciness: [gsw\\_spiciness1\(\)](#), [gsw\\_spiciness2\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
spiciness <- gsw_spiciness0(SA, CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(spiciness, c(5.728998558542941, 5.749940496782486, 4.163547112671111,
1.069362556641764, 0.426428274444305, 0.089725188494086)))
```

---

gsw\_spiciness1

*Seawater Spiciness at p=1000 dbar*


---

**Description**

Calculate seawater spiciness referenced to 1000 dbar.

**Usage**

```
gsw_spiciness1(SA, CT)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].

**Value**

spiciness [ kg/m<sup>3</sup> ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_spiciness1.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_spiciness1.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to spiciness: [gsw\\_spiciness0\(\)](#), [gsw\\_spiciness2\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
spiciness <- gsw_spiciness1(SA, CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(spiciness, c(6.311038322123224, 6.326411175472160, 4.667218659743284,
1.351722468726905, 0.628494082166029, 0.224779784908478)))
```

---

gsw\_spiciness2

*Seawater Spiciness at p=2000 dbar*


---

**Description**

Calculate seawater spiciness referenced to 2000 dbar.

**Usage**

```
gsw_spiciness2(SA, CT)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].

**Value**

spiciness [ kg/m<sup>3</sup> ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_spiciness2.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_spiciness2.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to spiciness: [gsw\\_spiciness0\(\)](#), [gsw\\_spiciness1\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
spiciness <- gsw_spiciness2(SA, CT)
stopifnot(all.equal(spiciness, c(6.874671751873180, 6.884616399155135, 5.154458892387083,
1.624327800598636, 0.823490797424952, 0.355069307641827)))
```

gsw\_SP\_from\_C

*Convert from Electrical Conductivity to Practical Salinity***Description**

Convert from Electrical Conductivity to Practical Salinity

**Usage**

```
gsw_SP_from_C(C, t, p)
```

**Arguments**

C	conductivity [ mS/cm ]
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

Practical Salinity (PSS-78) [ unitless ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_C.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SP_from_C.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to salinity: [gsw\\_C\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_SP\\_Baltic\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SA\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SK\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SR\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SR\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_Sstar\\_from\\_SA\(\)](#), [gsw\\_Sstar\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_deltaSA\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#)

Other things related to conductivity: [gsw\\_C\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
C <- c(34.5487, 34.7275, 34.8605, 34.6810, 34.5680, 34.5600)
t <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
p <- c( 10,    50,    125,    250,    600,    1000)
SP <- gsw_SP_from_C(C,t,p)
stopifnot(all.equal(SP, c(20.009869599086951, 20.265511864874270, 22.981513062527689,
                        31.204503263727982, 34.032315787432829, 36.400308494388170)))
```

---

gsw\_SP\_from\_SA

*Convert from Absolute Salinity to Practical Salinity*

---

**Description**

Calculate Practical Salinity from Absolute Salinity, pressure, longitude, and latitude.

**Usage**

```
gsw_SP_from_SA(SA, p, longitude, latitude)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
longitude	longitude in decimal degrees, positive to the east of Greenwich. (This is called long in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
latitude	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called lat in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

**Details**

If SP is a matrix and if its dimensions correspond to the lengths of longitude and latitude, then the latter are converted to analogous matrices with [expand.grid](#).

Note: unlike the corresponding Matlab function, this does not return a flag indicating whether the location is in the ocean.



**Value**

Practical Salinity (PSS-78) [ unitless ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SA.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SP_from_SA.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to salinity: `gsw_C_from_SP()`, `gsw_SA_from_SP()`, `gsw_SA_from_SP_Baltic()`, `gsw_SA_from_Sstar()`, `gsw_SP_from_C()`, `gsw_SP_from_SK()`, `gsw_SP_from_SR()`, `gsw_SP_from_Sstar()`, `gsw_SR_from_SP()`, `gsw_Sstar_from_SA()`, `gsw_Sstar_from_SP()`, `gsw_deltaSA_from_SP()`

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10,    50,    125,    250,    600,    1000)
lat <- c(  4,    4,    4,    4,    4,    4)
long <- c( 188,  188,  188,  188,  188,  188)
SP <- gsw_SP_from_SA(SA,p,long,lat)
stopifnot(all.equal(SP, c(34.548721553448317, 34.727477488096639, 34.860554877708005,
                        34.680971112271791, 34.567971663653388, 34.560036751118204)))
```

---

`gsw_SP_from_SK`

*Calculate Practical Salinity from Knudsen Salinity*

---

**Description**

Calculate Practical Salinity from Knudsen Salinity

**Usage**

`gsw_SP_from_SK(SK)`

**Arguments**

SK                    Knudsen Salinity [ parts per thousand, ppt ]

**Value**

Practical Salinity (PSS-78) [ unitless ]

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SK.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SP_from_SK.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to salinity: [gsw\\_C\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_SP\\_Baltic\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_C\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SA\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SR\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SR\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_Sstar\\_from\\_SA\(\)](#), [gsw\\_Sstar\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_deltaSA\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SK <- c(34.5487, 34.7275, 34.8605, 34.6810, 34.5680, 34.5600)
SP <- gsw_SP_from_SK(SK)
stopifnot(all.equal(SP, c(34.548342096952908, 34.727295637119113, 34.860409847645435,
                        34.680755706371187, 34.567658670360110, 34.559651800554022)))
```

---

gsw\_SP\_from\_SR                    *Calculate Practical Salinity from Reference Salinity*

---

**Description**

Calculate Practical Salinity from Reference Salinity

**Usage**

```
gsw_SP_from_SR(SR)
```

**Arguments**

SR                    Reference Salinity [ g/kg ]

**Value**

Practical Salinity (PSS-78) [ unitless ]

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SR.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SP_from_SR.html)

### See Also

Other things related to salinity: `gsw_C_from_SP()`, `gsw_SA_from_SP()`, `gsw_SA_from_SP_Baltic()`, `gsw_SA_from_Sstar()`, `gsw_SP_from_C()`, `gsw_SP_from_SA()`, `gsw_SP_from_SK()`, `gsw_SP_from_Sstar()`, `gsw_SR_from_SP()`, `gsw_Sstar_from_SA()`, `gsw_Sstar_from_SP()`, `gsw_deltaSA_from_SP()`

### Examples

```
SR <- c(34.5487, 34.7275, 34.8605, 34.6810, 34.5680, 34.5600)
SP <- gsw_SP_from_SR(SR)
stopifnot(all.equal(SP, c(34.386552667080714, 34.564513505458834, 34.696889296869848,
                        34.518231743800094, 34.405762086435850, 34.397799632817147)))
```

---

`gsw_SP_from_Sstar`      *Practical Salinity from Preformed Salinity*

---

### Description

Practical Salinity from Preformed Salinity

### Usage

```
gsw_SP_from_Sstar(Sstar, p, longitude, latitude)
```

### Arguments

<code>Sstar</code>	Preformed Salinity [ g/kg ]
<code>p</code>	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
<code>longitude</code>	longitude in decimal degrees, positive to the east of Greenwich. (This is called <code>long</code> in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
<code>latitude</code>	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called <code>lat</code> in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

**Value**

Practical Salinity (PSS-78) [ unitless ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_Sstar.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SP_from_Sstar.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to salinity: [gsw\\_C\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_SP\\_Baltic\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_C\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SA\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SK\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SR\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SR\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_Sstar\\_from\\_SA\(\)](#), [gsw\\_Sstar\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_deltaSA\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
Sstar <- c(34.7115, 34.8912, 35.0247, 34.8436, 34.7291, 34.7197)
p <- c(    10,    50,    125,    250,    600,   1000)
longitude <- 188
latitude <- 4
SP <- gsw_SP_from_Sstar(Sstar, p, longitude, latitude)
stopifnot(all.equal(SP, c(34.548646570969929, 34.727538423586189, 34.860549501859502,
                        34.681006826476434, 34.568065697992346, 34.560023926979518)))
```

---

`gsw_SP_salinometer`      *Practical Salinity from Salinometer Reading*

---

**Description**

Calculate Practical Salinity from salinometer readings of conductivity ratio and bath temperature.

**Usage**

```
gsw_SP_salinometer(ratio, temperature)
```

**Arguments**

ratio            Conductivity ratio [ unitless ]. (This is called *Rt* in the GSW documentation.)  
 temperature    Bath temperature [ degC ]. (This is called *t* in the GSW documentation.)

**Value**

Practical salinity on the PSS-77 scale [ unitless ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_SP\\_salinometer.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SP_salinometer.html)

**Examples**

```
ratio <- c( 0.9345, 0.95123, 0.91807, 0.8886, 0.8169, 0.6687)
temperature <- c(28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600, 6.8863, 4.4036)
SP <- gsw_SP_salinometer(ratio, temperature)
stopifnot(all.equal(SP,
  c(32.431728787558541, 33.085035719966307, 31.800791917322833,
    30.692490757036179, 27.979281308696116, 22.474597460508491)))
```

---

gsw\_SR\_from\_SP

*Calculate Reference Salinity from Practical Salinity*

---

**Description**

Calculate Reference Salinity from Practical Salinity

**Usage**

```
gsw_SR_from_SP(SP)
```

**Arguments**

SP Practical Salinity (PSS-78) [ unitless ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is from 2 to 42.

**Value**

Reference Salinity [ g/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_SR\\_from\\_SP.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_SR_from_SP.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to salinity: [gsw\\_C\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_SP\\_Baltic\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_C\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SA\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SK\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SR\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw\\_Sstar\\_from\\_SA\(\)](#), [gsw\\_Sstar\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_deltaSA\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SP <- c(34.5487, 34.7275, 34.8605, 34.6810, 34.5680, 34.5600)
SR <- gsw_SR_from_SP(SP)
stopifnot(all.equal(SR, c(34.711611927085727, 34.891255045714303, 35.024882197714305,
                        34.844535778285724, 34.731002934857159, 34.722965211428587)))
```

---

`gsw_Sstar_from_SA`      *Convert from Absolute Salinity to Preformed Salinity*

---

**Description**

Calculate Preformed Salinity from Absolute Salinity, pressure, longitude, and latitude.

**Usage**

```
gsw_Sstar_from_SA(SA, p, longitude, latitude)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
longitude	longitude in decimal degrees, positive to the east of Greenwich. (This is called long in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
latitude	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called lat in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

**Details**

If SA is a matrix and if its dimensions correspond to the lengths of longitude and latitude, then the latter are converted to analogous matrices with [expand.grid](#).

**Value**

Preformed Salinity [ g/kg ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_Sstar\\_from\\_SA.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_Sstar_from_SA.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to salinity: [gsw\\_C\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_SP\\_Baltic\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_C\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SA\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SK\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SR\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SR\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_Sstar\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_deltaSA\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10,    50,    125,    250,    600,   1000)
lat <- c(  4,    4,    4,    4,    4,    4)
long <- c( 188,  188,  188,  188,  188,  188)
Sstar <- gsw_Sstar_from_SA(SA,p,long,lat)
```

```
stopifnot(all.equal(Sstar, c(34.711575335926490, 34.891138777337822, 35.024705401162166,
34.843564118358302, 34.729005527604883, 34.719712883389462)))
```

---

gsw\_Sstar\_from\_SP      *Convert from Practical Salinity to Preformed Salinity*

---

## Description

Calculate Preformed Salinity from Practical Salinity, pressure, longitude, and latitude.

## Usage

```
gsw_Sstar_from_SP(SP, p, longitude, latitude)
```

## Arguments

SP	Practical Salinity (PSS-78) [ unitless ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is from 2 to 42.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
longitude	longitude in decimal degrees, positive to the east of Greenwich. (This is called long in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
latitude	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called lat in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)

## Details

If SP is a matrix and if its dimensions correspond to the lengths of longitude and latitude, then the latter are converted to analogous matrices with [expand.grid](#).

## Value

Preformed Salinity [ g/kg ]

## Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.



**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_Sstar\\_from\\_SP.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_Sstar_from_SP.html)

**See Also**

Other things related to salinity: [gsw\\_C\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_SP\\_Baltic\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SA\\_from\\_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_C\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SA\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SK\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_SR\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SP\\_from\\_Sstar\(\)](#), [gsw\\_SR\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#), [gsw\\_Sstar\\_from\\_SA\(\)](#), [gsw\\_deltaSA\\_from\\_SP\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
SP <- c(34.5487, 34.7275, 34.8605, 34.6810, 34.5680, 34.5600)
p <- c( 10,    50,    125,    250,    600,    1000)
lat <- c(  4,   4,   4,   4,   4,   4)
long <- c( 188,  188,  188,  188,  188,  188)
Sstar <- gsw_Sstar_from_SP(SP,p,long,lat)
stopifnot(all.equal(Sstar, c(34.711553680880769, 34.891161395333754, 35.024650265047370,
                           34.843593141519356, 34.729033995955525, 34.719675962471783)))
```

---

gsw_thermobaric	<i>Thermobaric coefficient (75-term equation)</i>
-----------------	---

---

**Description**

Thermobaric coefficient (75-term equation)

**Usage**

```
gsw_thermobaric(SA, CT, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

thermobaric coefficient wrt Conservative Temperature [ 1/(K Pa) ]

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_thermobaric.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_thermobaric.html)

### Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)

tb <- gsw_thermobaric(SA, CT, p)

stopifnot(all.equal(tb*1e11,
  c(0.141342632944971, 0.142352284525832, 0.163216280125501,
    0.226030772122855, 0.246185239871747, 0.261474794884197)))
```

---

`gsw_Turner_Rsubrho`      *Turner Angle and Density Ratio*

---

### Description

This uses the 75-term density equation. The values of Turner Angle  $T_u$  and density ratio  $R_{rho}$  are calculated at mid-point pressures,  $p_{mid}$ .

### Usage

```
gsw_Turner_Rsubrho(SA, CT, p)
```

### Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most 'gsw' functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

List containing Tu [ degrees ], Rsubrho [ unitless ], and p\_mid [ dbar ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw\_data\_v3\_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create\_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_Turner\\_Rsubrho.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_Turner_Rsubrho.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
r <- gsw_Turner_Rsubrho(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(r$Tu, c(-2.063858905281147, 41.758435216784427, 47.606966981687535,
53.710351151706369, 45.527063858211527)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$Rsubrho, 100*c(-0.009304335069039, -0.176564834348709, 0.219627771740757,
0.065271424662002, 1.087044054679743)))
stopifnot(all.equal(r$p_mid, 100*c(0.300, 0.875, 1.875, 4.250, 8.000)))
```

---

gsw\_t\_deriv\_chem\_potential\_water\_t\_exact

*Derivative of Chemical Potential of Water in Seawater wrt Temperature*

---

**Description**

Derivative of Chemical Potential of Water in Seawater wrt Temperature

**Usage**

```
gsw_t_deriv_chem_potential_water_t_exact(SA, t, p)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
t	in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

**Value**

derivative [ J/(g\*degC) ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_t\\_deriv\\_chem\\_potential\\_water\\_t\\_exact.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_t_deriv_chem_potential_water_t_exact.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
t <- c( 28.7856, 28.4329, 22.8103, 10.2600,  6.8863,  4.4036)
p <- c(    10,    50,    125,    250,    600,   1000)
d <- gsw_t_deriv_chem_potential_water_t_exact(SA, t, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(d, c(-0.428798278908442, -0.423860344327343, -0.345277821010421,
                        -0.164446485487145, -0.114228046736087, -0.076990819658255)))
```

---

gsw\_t\_freezing

*Freezing Temperature of Seawater*

---

**Description**

This uses the C function named `gsw_t_freezing_exact`, because the C function named `gsw_t_freezing` does not produce check values that match the Matlab function called `gsw_t_freezing` (see references for those test values).

**Usage**

```
gsw_t_freezing(SA, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
saturation_fraction	fraction of air in water [unitless]

**Value**

in-situ freezing temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

**References**

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_t\\_freezing.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_t_freezing.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c( 10,    50,    125,    250,    600,    1000)
saturation_fraction <- 1
tf <- gsw_t_freezing(SA, p, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(tf, c(-1.902730710149803, -1.942908619287183, -2.006861069199743,
                        -2.090985086875259, -2.351293130342102, -2.660498762776720)))
```

---

gsw\_t\_freezing\_first\_derivatives

*Derivatives of Freezing Water Properties*

---

## Description

Derivatives of Freezing Water Properties

## Usage

```
gsw_t_freezing_first_derivatives(SA, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

## Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
saturation_fraction	fraction of air in water [unitless]

## Value

a list containing `tfreezing_SA` [ K/(g/kg) ], the derivative of freezing temperature with Absolute Salinity and `tfreezing_p` [ K/dbar ], the derivative with respect to pressure.

## Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

## References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_t\\_freezing\\_first\\_derivatives.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_t_freezing_first_derivatives.html)

**Examples**

```
SA <- c(          34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c(          10,    50,    125,    250,    600,    1000)
saturation_fraction <- c( 1,    0.8,    0.6,    0.5,    0.4,    0)
derivs <- gsw_t_freezing_first_derivatives(SA, p, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(derivs$tfreezing_SA,
  c(-0.056811800705787, -0.056856999671114, -0.056903079789292,
    -0.056904020028541, -0.056974588411844, -0.057082363270642)))
stopifnot(all.equal(derivs$tfreezing_p/1e-7,
  c(-0.748468312442338, -0.749793159537290, -0.752225023995510,
    -0.756170965034610, -0.767279572670040, -0.779936552091913)))
```

---

gsw\_t\_freezing\_first\_derivatives\_poly

*Derivatives of Freezing Water Properties (Polynomial version)*


---

**Description**

Derivatives of Freezing Water Properties (Polynomial version)

**Usage**

```
gsw_t_freezing_first_derivatives_poly(SA, p, saturation_fraction = 1)
```

**Arguments**

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
saturation_fraction	fraction of air in water [unitless]

**Value**

a list containing tfreezing\_SA [ K/(g/kg) ], the derivative of freezing temperature with Absolute Salinity and tfreezing\_p [ K/dbar ], the derivative with respect to pressure.

**Implementation Note**

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit ‘657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371’.

The C function uses data from the library/gsw\_data\_v3\_0.mat file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the developer/create\_data directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

## References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_t\\_freezing\\_first\\_derivatives.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_t_freezing_first_derivatives.html)

## Examples

```
SA <- c(          34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
p <- c(          10,    50,    125,    250,    600,    1000)
saturation_fraction <- c(  1,    0.8,    0.6,    0.5,    0.4,    0)
derivs <- gsw_t_freezing_first_derivatives_poly(SA, p, saturation_fraction)
stopifnot(all.equal(derivs$tfreezing_SA,
  c(-0.056810211094078, -0.056855567524973, -0.056901968693345,
    -0.056903498206432, -0.056975157476629, -0.057083526206200)))
stopifnot(all.equal(derivs$tfreezing_p/1e-7,
  c(-0.748987354878138, -0.750288853857513, -0.752676389629787,
    -0.756549680608529, -0.767482625710990, -0.779985619685683)))
```

---

gsw\_t\_from\_CT

*In situ temperature from Conservative Temperature*

---

## Description

In situ temperature from Conservative Temperature

## Usage

```
gsw_t_from_CT(SA, CT, p)
```

## Arguments

SA	Absolute Salinity [ g/kg ]. The valid range for most ‘gsw’ functions is 0 to 42 g/kg.
CT	Conservative Temperature [ degC ].
p	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

## Value

in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]



### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_t\\_from\\_CT.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_t_from_CT.html)

### Examples

```
SA <- c(34.7118, 34.8915, 35.0256, 34.8472, 34.7366, 34.7324)
CT <- c(28.8099, 28.4392, 22.7862, 10.2262, 6.8272, 4.3236)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
t <- gsw_t_from_CT(SA, CT, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(t, c(28.785580227725703, 28.432872246163946, 22.810323087627076,
10.260010752788906, 6.886286301029376, 4.403624452383043)))
```

---

`gsw_t_from_pt0_ice`      *In situ Temperature from Potential Temperature at Odbar*

---

### Description

In situ Temperature from Potential Temperature at Odbar

### Usage

```
gsw_t_from_pt0_ice(pt0_ice, p)
```

### Arguments

`pt0_ice`      potential temperature of ice (ITS-90) [ degC ]  
`p`            sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar

### Value

in-situ temperature (ITS-90) [ degC ]

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_t\\_from\\_pt0\\_ice.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_t_from_pt0_ice.html)

### Examples

```
pt0_ice <- c(-10.7856, -13.4329, -12.8103, -12.2600, -10.8863, -8.4036)
p <- c( 10, 50, 125, 250, 600, 1000)
t <- gsw_t_from_pt0_ice(pt0_ice, p)
stopifnot(all.equal(t, c(-10.783412084414074, -13.422068638139141, -12.783170223330448,
                        -12.205667526492039, -10.755496924674144, -8.184121042593350)))
```

---

<code>gsw_z_from_p</code>	<i>Height from Pressure</i>
---------------------------	-----------------------------

---

### Description

Computation of height (above sea level) from pressure, using the 75-term equation for specific volume.

### Usage

```
gsw_z_from_p(p, latitude, geo_strf_dyn_height, sea_surface_geopotential)
```

### Arguments

<code>p</code>	sea pressure [dbar], i.e. absolute pressure [dbar] minus 10.1325 dbar
<code>latitude</code>	latitude in decimal degrees, positive to the north of the equator. (This is called <code>lat</code> in the TEOS-10 Matlab code.)
<code>geo_strf_dyn_height</code>	vector of same length as <code>p</code> and <code>latitude</code> , indicating dynamic height [ $\text{m}^2/\text{s}^2$ ]. If not supplied, this defaults to a vector of 0 values, with length matching that of <code>p</code> .

sea\_surface\_geopotential

vector of same length as p and latitude, indicating geopotential at zero sea pressure [  $\text{m}^2/\text{s}^2$  ]. If not supplied, this defaults to a vector of 0 values, with length matching that of p.

### Value

height [ m ]

### Implementation Note

This R function uses a wrapper to a C function contained within the GSW-C system as updated 2022-10-11 at <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-C> with git commit '657216dd4f5ea079b5f0e021a4163e2d26893371'.

The C function uses data from the `library/gsw_data_v3_0.mat` file provided in the GSW-Matlab source code, version 3.06-11. Unfortunately, this version of the mat file is no longer displayed on the TEOS-10.org website. Therefore, in the interests of making GSW-R be self-contained, a copy was downloaded from [http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw\\_matlab\\_v3\\_06\\_11.zip](http://www.teos-10.org/software/gsw_matlab_v3_06_11.zip) on 2022-05-25, the .mat file was stored in the `developer/create_data` directory of <https://github.com/TEOS-10/GSW-R>, and then the dataset used in GSW-R was created based on that .mat file.

Please consult <http://www.teos-10.org> to learn more about the various TEOS-10 software systems.

### Historical Note

The `geo_strf_dyn_height` and `sea_surface_geopotential` parameters were added in GSW-R version 1.0-6.

### References

[http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw\\_z\\_from\\_p.html](http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_z_from_p.html)

### See Also

Other things related to depth: `gsw_p_from_z()`

### Examples

```
z <- gsw_z_from_p(c(10, 50, 125, 250, 600,1000), 4)
stopifnot(all.equal(z/1e2, c(-0.099445834469453, -0.497180897012550, -1.242726219409978,
-2.484700576548589, -5.958253480356214, -9.920919060719987)))
```

---

saar                      *Global SA lookup file*

---

## Description

This dataset is not intended for users, but rather for internal use within the gsw package. The dataset stores the 1.4M lookup table defined in the 8.3M file `src/gsw_saar_data.c` in the C library. (The `.c` file exceeds CRAN limitations on size.)

## Details

The data are designed to replace C elements defined as below in `src/gsw_saar_data.c`:

```
static int gsw_nx=91, gsw_ny=45, gsw_nz=45;
static double longs_ref[91];
static double lats_ref[45];
static double p_ref[45];
static double ndepth_ref[4095];
static double saar_ref[184275];
static double delta_sa_ref[184275];
```

R storage is in a list named `saar`, with elements named as in the C code, i.e. `gsw_nx` etc.

C storage for these variables is allocated as needed, and the data are inserted, when `gsw` is launched. Thus, the existing C library code "knows" about the data as local storage, which keeps alterations to the C library to a minimum.

The `saar` dataset was created by the following R code. The netcdf file used in this code comes from the GSW-Fortran repository (at commit `baa0c09ffc7ed1f74972a1a2902d8754caa5b4cb`) and its md5 value is `dacb3f981e8e710ac2e83477701b3905`.

```
library(ncdf4)
nc <- nc_open("~/git/GSW-Fortran/test/gsw_data_v3_0.nc")
## Use as.vector() since these will all get handed into C, which does not understand matrices.
p_ref <- as.vector(ncvar_get(nc, "p_ref"))
lats_ref <- as.vector(ncvar_get(nc, "lats_ref"))
longs_ref <- as.vector(ncvar_get(nc, "longs_ref"))
ndepth_ref <- as.vector(ncvar_get(nc, "ndepth_ref"))
ndepth_ref[!is.finite(ndepth_ref)] <- -9e99
saar_ref <- as.vector(ncvar_get(nc, "SAAR_ref"))
saar_ref[!is.finite(saar_ref)] <- -9e99
delta_sa_ref <- as.vector(ncvar_get(nc, "deltaSA_ref"))
delta_sa_ref[!is.finite(delta_sa_ref)] <- -9e99
saar <- list(gsw_nx=gsw_nx, gsw_ny=gsw_ny, gsw_nz=gsw_nz,
            longs_ref=longs_ref, lats_ref=lats_ref, p_ref=p_ref, ndepth_ref=ndepth_ref,
            saar_ref=saar_ref, delta_sa_ref=delta_sa_ref)
save(saar, file="saar.rda")
tools::resaveRdaFiles("saar.rda")
nc_close(nc)
```

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