SI. No.

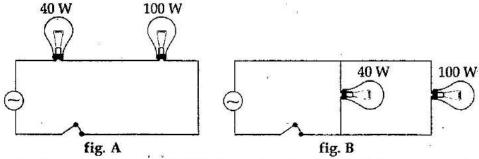
SSLC MODEL EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY - 2017.

PHYSICS

(English)

| Lin | ie : 15 | 2 Hours Total Score : 4 | ŧυ | | | | |
|----------|--|---|------|--|--|--|--|
| Inst | ructio | ns: | | | | | |
| • | | 15 minute duration is cool off time. Cool off time is given to read and understand the tions. | ne | | | | |
| ٠ | Read | I the instructions of each questions carefully before answering. | | | | | |
| • | | score of each question is given along with it. Answers written should be proportionate to the given. | ne | | | | |
| | | Sco | re | | | | |
| 1. | Write the name of electromagnetic wave which has the lowest frequency in the electromagnetic spectrum. | | | | | | |
| 2. | Study the relation in the first pair of each of the following and complete the second pair. | | | | | | |
| | (a) | Discharge Lamp | | | | | |
| | | Hydrogen: blue:: Nitrogen: | | | | | |
| | (b) | AC generated for distribution in our country | 1 | | | | |
| | | Voltage: 11 kV:: frequency: | | | | | |
| 3. | Writ | re down two advantages and two limitations of Hydrogen as a fuel. | 2 | | | | |
| 4. | (a) | List out four advantages of nanotechnology. | 2 | | | | |
| | (b) | Which characteristics of nano particle is utilised in nanotechnology? | 1 | | | | |
| 5. | (a) | A bulb of power 40 W is designed to operate at 240 V. Calculate resistance of the filament in the bulb. | | | | | |
| | (b) | What are the characteristics required for the material chosen for making filament of incandescent lamp? | 2 | | | | |
| . | | ish an G(A) an G(B) annual state. | | | | | |
| | | ither 6(A) or 6(B) completely. | | | | | |
| 6. | (A) | All the constituent colours of sunlight do not have same rate of scattering. | 1922 | | | | |
| | | (a) Write the reason for this? | 1 | | | | |
| \$S. | | (b) Describe an experiment to demonstrate that scattering of all colours are not equal. | 2 | | | | |
| | | (c) Under what condition all the colours are scattered equally. | 1 | | | | |
| | | OR | i. | | | | |

| | (B) | Blue colour of sky is due to the phenomenon of scattering. | | | | | | |
|----|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| | (2) | | at is meant by scattering? | ************************************** | 1 | | | |
| 80 | | Page 1 | v is Tyndal effect related to above phenomenon? | | 1 | | | |
| | | | at are the advantages of using infrared photography? | | 1 | | | |
| | | (d) In w | hich colour does sky appear when viewed from moon? | 39 | 1 | | | |
| | | | | (50) | | | | |
| 7. | The loudness of sound becomes maximum at resonance. | | | | | | | |
| £. | (a) | What is meant by resonance? | | | | | | |
| | (b) | Write the name of an instrument used to demonstrate the resonance of air column. | | | | | | |
| | (c) | Explain th | e mechanism by which sound propagates through air. | | 2 | | | |
| | | | No. 1 | * | | | | |
| 8. | Reverberation causes uneasiness to clearly distinguish sounds produced in closed rooms. | | | | | | | |
| | (a) | What caus | ses reverberation ? | | 1 | | | |
| | (b) | Suggest m | ethods to minimise the disturbance due to reverberation. | | 1 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |



- (a) If current through 40 W bulb in the circuit A is 0.6 A what is the current through 100 W bulb in the same circuit.
- (b) Which among the above two circuit is suitable for house hold connection?
- (c) What are the advantages of using above circuit for house hold electric connection?
- 10. Match the following columns A, B and C suitably.

Observe the circuit A and B shown below.

9.

| | A | . В | C |
|---|---|----------------------|--------------|
| a | Green colour | Non conventional | Farad |
| b | Inductor | Secondary colour | Brown energy |
| c | Nuclear energy | _000000_ | Violet |
| | N. S. | Complementary colour | Henry |
| | | | Magenta |
| | . 2 | Conventional | Green energy |

11. Distinguish between evaporation and vapourisation.

7

1

1

3

| 50 | | | | | | | | | S | core |
|-----|------------|--|--------------|---------|-------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------|---------------|------|
| 12, | Prim | Primary of a transformer has $20,000$ turns and the secondary has $30,000$ turns. 160 V AC is applied at the primary of the transformer. | | | | | | | | |
| | appl | | | | | | | 7 | | |
| | (a) | Wha | t is the vol | tage a | vailable at seco | ndary of the | above transforme | er? | | 2 |
| 8. | (b) | If the number of turns in the secondary transformer is greater than that in the primary then more voltage is induced in the secondary. Why? | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) | How much power must be supplied to the primary of the transformer so that 500 W power is obtained from secondary? | | | | | | 1 | | |
| Ans | wer e | ither ' | 13(A) or 13 | 3(B) co | mpletely. | | | | e e | |
| 13. | (A) | Heat energy of 209300 J is required to increase the temperature of 5 kg of water from 303 K to 313 K. | | | | | | | | |
| | | (a) | Calculate | the sp | ecific heat capa | acity of wate | r. , | | • | 2 |
| | t | (b) | Write dov | vn two | practical situat | ion where th | e high specific he | at capa | city of water | 2 |
| | | | | | 3.0 | OR | | | | |
| | (B) | Late | nt heat of f | usion | of ice is very hi | gh. | | | | |
| | | (a) | What is the | he uni | t of latent heat | of fusion? | | | | 1 |
| | | (b) | What is n | neant l | y Latent heat o | of fusion? | | | | 1 |
| | | (c) | Write do | wn two | o applications o | f high latent | heat of fusion of | ice. | | 2 |
| 14. | In w | In which of the following the calorific value of LPG is represented in correct unit. | | | | | 1 | | | |
| | (a) | 5500 | 0 kJ/hr | (b) | 55000 kJ/s | (c) | 55000 kJ/kg | (d) | 55000 kJ/g | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |